

PRINTED & PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
BY J. CLARKE & Co.
FIRST HOUSE EAST OF THE BRIDGE.

Bank Note Exchange. CORRECTED WEEKLY.

S. Branch Bank Notes,	1 p. c. dis.
Banks in New Hampshire,	2 do.
Boston Banks,	1 do.
Massachusetts Banks generally,	1 1/2 do.
Rhode Island Banks,	2 do.
Connecticut Banks,	1 1/2 do.

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.

All the city Bank Notes,	par.
Jacob Barker's Exchange Bank,	no sale.
Albany Banks,	1 p. c. dis.
Troy Banks,	1 do.
Mohawk Bank in Stenectady,	1 do.
Lansingburg Bank,	1 do.
Newburg Bank,	1 1/2 do.
Newburg branch, at Ithaca	2 do.
Orange county Bank,	2 do.
Catskill Bank,	1 1/2 do.
Bank of Columbia at Hudson,	1 1/2 do.
Auburn Bank,	1 1/2 do.
Columbia receivables,	1 do.
Utica Bank,	2 do.
Ontario Bank at Utica,	1 1/2 do.
Plattsburg Bank,	3 do.

NEW JERSEY NOTES.

New Brunswick Bank,	1 p. c. dis.
State Bank at Trenton,	1 do.
All others,	par.

PENNSYLVANIA NOTES.

Philadelphia Notes,	par.
Farmers Bank at Lancaster	par.
Lancaster Bank,	par.
Easton,	par.
Georgetown,	par.
Northampton,	par.
Montgomery County,	par.
Harrisburg,	par.
Delaware county at Chester,	par.
Chester county at West Chester,	par.
Newhope Bridge Company,	1
Farmers Bank of Reading,	par.
Susquehanna Bridge do.	1 1/2 dis.
Farmers Bank of Bucks county,	1 1/2 do.
York Bank,	2 do.
Chambersburg,	2 1/2 do.
Gettysburg,	2 do.
Catholic Bank,	1 do.
Swatara at Harrisburg,	1 do.
Hittsburg,	1 do.
Northumberland, Union, and Co.	15 do.
Lumbia Bank at Milton,	no sale.
Silver Lake,	11 do.
Greensburg,	11 do.
Brownsville,	11 do.
Other Pennsylvania Notes	no sale

DELAWARE NOTES.

Bank of Del. at Wilmington,	par.
Wilmington and Brandywine,	par.
Commercial Bank of Delaware,	par.
Branch of do. at Milford,	3 dis.
Farmers Bank of Delaware,	par.
Laurel Bank,	no sales

MARYLAND NOTES.

Baltimore Banks,	1 d.
Baltimore City Bank,	1 dis.
Harre de Grace,	1 do.
Elkton,	par.
Annapolis,	1 do.
Branches of do.	1 1/2 do.
Hagerstown bank,	1 do.
Bank of Caroline,	1 1/2 do.

VIRGINIA NOTES.

Richmond and Branches,	1 do.
N. W. bank of Va. at Wheeling,	4 do.
All others,	1 1/2 do.
Columbia District Banks, generally,	par.
Franklin bank of Alexandria	no sale
North Carolina,	7 dis.
South Carolina,	5 do.
Georgia, generally,	7 do.
Bank of Kentucky and branches	no sale
OHIO—Chillicothe	2 dis.
Most others	no sale

By James Clark, Ebenezer Elmer, and John Sibley, Esquires, Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas of the County of Cumberland—

NOTICE is hereby given, that on application to us by Samuel Bishop, of the county of Cape May, who claims an undivided five sixteenth part of all that Saw Mill, situate on the head of West Creek, in the township of Maurice River, county of Cumberland, known by the name of Hoffman's Saw Mill, mill seat, mill tract, mill pond, buildings, fences, timber, water, water courses, and every thing belonging or in any wise appertaining to the said mill, or mill tract; we have nominated **Isaac Townsend, Hosea Rankins, and Samuel Townsend**, commissioners, to divide the said mill, mill seat, mill tract, and appurtenances, into sixteen equal shares or parts; and unless proper objections are stated to us, at the inn of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton, on the 16th day of December next, the said Isaac Townsend, Hosea Rankins, and Samuel Townsend, will then be appointed to make partition of the said mill, &c. pursuant to an act entitled "An act for the more easy partition of lands held by coparceners, joint tenants, and tenants in common," passed the 11th November, 1789.

Given under our hands, this fourteenth day of October A. D. 1822.
**JAMES CLARK,
EBEN. ELMER,
JOHN SIBLEY.**
Oct. 21. 95—6t

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, out of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public Vendue, on

Tuesday, the tenth day of December next,

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the hotel of Smith Bowen, Bridgeton,

A FARM,

Situate in the township of Hopewell, joins laid of Hoshel Shull, Daniel Johnson and others, contains fifty acres more or less. A tract of land, joins land of Joseph Moore's land, late of Jedediah Hall and others, contains sixty-one acres, more or less, together with other land of the defendant.

Seized as the property of James Reeves, defendant, and taken in execution at the suit of Hoshel Shull, plaintiff, and to be sold by

Wm. R. FISHMAN, Sheriff.

Oct. 3.—Nov. 2. 97

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on

Tuesday, the tenth day of December next,

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the hotel of Smith Bowen in Bridgeton, the following described land, situate in the township of Milville,

A tract of Meadow Land

Near Milville, joins: land of Daniel Elmer, Esq. and others, contains 40 acres: A farm and tract of land near Schoner Landing, joins land of Isaac Winn, Esq. and others,

Contains 120 Acres.

Two lots in the village of Milville, the first joins Back & Standpine streets, contains three-fourth of an acre. The second joins High street, contains one hundred perches. The above described land will be sold, more or less as to quantity, together with sufficient of the defendant's land to satisfy my demand.

Seized as the property of Nathan Leak, and taken in execution at the suit of Mark Lawrence, and to be sold by

Wm. FISHMAN, Sheriff.

Oct. 7.—Nov. 2. 97

LANDS FOR SALE.

BY virtue of the testament and last will of Enoch Burgin, Esq. dec'd, will be sold for CASH, at

PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 27th day of November, inst. At 2 o'clock, P. M. at the house of Philip Souder, Innkeeper, in Bridgeton, in the county of Cumberland,

The following Real Estate,

Situate in the county aforesaid.

1. The undivided half part of 162 acres of Bush-land, situate in the township of Deerfield, being part and parcel of the Society's middle tract.
2. A Lot of Land, in Milville, bounded by lands of Uriah Garrison, Charles Garrison and Cornelius Shaw; said to contain 50 perches.
3. A Lot containing between three & four acres; lying in the Fork meadow, in the township of Hopewell adjoining meadow of Josiah Garrison, Ephraim Bishop and the heirs of David Woodruff.
4. A Lot of Salt Marsh, situated in the township of Greenwich, adjoining Tindal's Island; said to contain seven acres.
5. A Lot of Salt Marsh, situate in the township of Stoe Creek: adjoining marsh of Benjamin Tyler, Samuel B. Davis and Philip Fishman; said to contain 5 acres and 109 square perches.
6. A small Lot of Land, situate at the upper end of Main, or Market-street, in Bridgeton, and nearly opposite the Presbyterian church.
7. A Wharf, situate at the lower end of Main or Market-street, in Bridgeton, adjoining lands of Henry and Samuel Eckel; said to contain one-tenth part of an acre.

JAMES GILES, Trustee.

November 1. 98 3t

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

A REPORT

Of a Cause, tried in the District Court of Philadelphia, April 24, 1822.

John Keen vs. Philip Rice,

Involving the right of NEW JERSEY to the

OYSTER BEDS

IN MAURICE RIVER COVE.

Price 12 1/2 Cents.

August 26.

AGRICULTURAL.

A new method of heading cabbages in the winter.

Last fall, at the usual time of taking in Cabbages, I had a number well grown, but which had no appearance of a head. I dug a trench on the southern declivity of a hill, about 18 inches wide and 20 or 22 inches deep, and took 86 cabbages of the above description, and set them out in the bottom of the trench in their natural position, with the roots well covered with sand: I then filled the trench with straw on each side of the cabbages, and completed the work by throwing on more straw and forming a ridge of sand over the whole to keep out frost and water. In the latter part of March I opened the trench and took out the cabbages, and found each one with a common sized head, white, solid, and well-tasted.

From the Boston Centinel.

PRESERVATIVE OF POTATOES.

Mr. Russell—In a communication in your last paper I called the attention of farmers to the harvesting of beans, onions and potatoes. I now recommend to them a specific, which will prevent potatoes from sweating, when they are stored in the cellar for domestic use, or during long voyages. This subject is the more worthy of attention from the known fact, that even if gathered in dry weather, they always have a sweat, if they lie in large quantities in the cellar; and when they come from the Eastward by water, they have a second sweat, which makes them almost unfit to be eaten.

To prevent this sweat I tried the following experiment, and found it a complete preventive. Having placed my potatoes in tierces and barrels in the cellar, I covered them with unslacked lime. As the steam rose from them, it slackened the lime by degrees; and when slacked, the lime settled down among the potatoes and dried up the moisture, and made them more mealy and better than they were before. For long voyages lime casks had better be used to carry the potatoes, and lime may be mixed with them to take up the moisture. If unslacked lime cannot be procured, slacked lime will partially answer the purpose.

The Farmers' Friend.

FATTING CATTLE.

I have lately read an essay of Mr. Lancon, of Connecticut, on what he deems the cheapest method of preparing cattle for the stall, the substance of which is here given.

In the winter of 1817, Mr. L. fattened an ox, and a heifer, in a way that he found cheaper than common feeding. He fattened the heifer first. Her food for the purpose was chopped straw, scalded and seasoned with salt, to which was added a little meal of Indian corn and oats, and a small allowance of oil cake, or boiled flaxseed—the whole mixed up so as to form a mush. Of this about three pecks was given at a time. In fattening the heifer, she only eat a bushel of boiled flax-seed. Some boiled hay was also given her. The ox was afterwards fattened in pretty much the same manner. According to this account, it appears, that his profits in pursuing this mode were very uncommon, and he says, that the fattening of these cattle afforded him more clear profit than he had derived from all the cattle he had ever before fattened.

It is asserted that the dropsy may be cured by drinking for a considerable time, the juice of the blackberry twice a day.

Reward of genius—In the 38th volume (year 1821) of the transactions of the London society for the encouragement of the arts, &c. the following premiums are awarded to our countryman, Jacob Perkins, viz.

For his method of warming and ventilating rooms, and of ventilating the holds of ships, the largest silver medal.

For an improved ship's pump, the large gold medal.

For a method of freeing water wheels from back water, the small or vulcan gold medal.

These instances seem to correct the reiterated complaints, that the English are unwilling to acknowledge the talents and merits of our countrymen, but on the contrary unjustly take the credit to themselves of our useful inventions and improvements.

Salem Gazette.

A person at a boarding house in Newburyport, got up in his sleep, and jumped out of the chamber window of the third story, but came to the ground without sustaining any injury.

Females raffled for—Be it known, that six fair and pretty young ladies, with two sweet and engaging children, lately imported from Europe, having the roses of health blooming on their cheeks, and joy sparkling in their eyes, possessing amiable tempers, and highly accomplished, whom the most indifferent cannot behold without expressions of rapture, are to be raffled for next door to the British Gallery.—Scheme, twelve tickets, 12 rupees each, the highest of the three throws, doubtless takes the most fascinating.—*Calcutta Daily Adv. Sept. 5, 1818.*

On Sunday last a woman, whose name we at present forbear to mention, quitted her apartment, leaving a young child asleep in the cradle; during the absence of its mother the child awoke, and when the unnatural creature returned was crying violently. Without any attempt to appease it, the wretch exclaimed—"By G— you shall never cry any more!" tied a handkerchief round the neck of the little innocent, and suspended it from a beam or nail in the room. Her husband just at that moment returned, and cut down the child barely in time to save its life.

Plymouth paper.

Pirates continue to interrupt our commerce and butcher our seamen.—We have an account of an action between the American brig Patriot and a piratical schooner off Cape Antonio, during which the American captain and his second mate were killed, and 2 men and the first mate wounded. Out of 45 of the pirates only 7 survived the action, which lasted 50 minutes.

INFORMATION WANTED.

The subscriber, an old Revolutionary Soldier, being entitled to a pension under the late general pension law, having lost his discharge, has hitherto been unable to procure the requisite proof of his services. He, therefore, takes this method of soliciting from such of his fellow soldiers and commissioned officers, as may be living, their aid in substantiating his claim on the bounty of his country. He first enlisted under Capt. William Helms of the 2d Jersey regiment, in the month of November, 1777, at Newtown, Sussex county, N. J. for term of nine months in the Continental service, & marched to camp in December following, and joined the army at Elizabeth town under Gen. Maxwell, in colonel Shreev's Regiment. Halsey was our Adjutant, John Johnson, Orderly Sergeant, Biggins one of our Corporals. The rest of my officer's names I have forgot, I was discharged sometime in September, 1778. I was in a number of small engagements, and the battle of Monmouth.

Should any person now be alive, who can make proof of the fact of my service as a soldier, they are earnestly requested to communicate the same to the Editor of the Wyoming Herald, published at Wilkesbarre, Luzern co. Pennsylvania and thereby confer a favor on an old soldier.

MICHAEL SCOTT.

October 14, 1822.

Printers of newspapers throughout the U. S. are respectfully requested to republish the above, and thereby confer a favour on an old soldier.

BALTIMORE, OCT. 30.

Particular notice—JAMES SLEET, a black man, is informed that his wife, Fanny, who was manumitted in Talbot county, Md. and afterwards feloniously kidnapped and carried off and sold as a slave first in Georgia and then transferred to Tennessee, has been liberated through the exertions of a friend of humanity, who has also brought her to Baltimore, where she now is. She has sought her husband, but can only learn that some time after her seizure, he left his usual place of abode, as it was thought in search of her—and it is intimated that he may now be in, or in the neighbourhood of Philadelphia.

Reference, postpaid, may be had to the editor of the 'Baltimore Patriot.'

Fire—We learn that on Wednesday night last a fire broke out in the stable of D. Godfrey, in Bloomingburgh, which was consumed; together with eight Horses, six of them belonged to Mr. Godfrey, the other two to travellers who had but up there for the night; the fire communicated to the Store of Mr. James Lockwood, and from that to the Office of the Sullivan Whig.—Mr. Lockwood, we are sorry to learn, was unable to save any thing except his books—his loss is computed at \$4000. and was insured for \$2500. Mr. Tappan succeeded in removing the greater part of his printing materials—the Press, which is a difficult thing to remove, was consumed with the building. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Hon. John Adams, a few days ago entered his 88th year.

THE WORLD IN A NUT-SHELL.

James W. Gazley, is elected to congress in Ohio in the place of general Harrison.—A whole family were lately poisoned at Harrisburgh, Pa. by eating what they supposed mushrooms—one of them died.—Mr. Wendover is elected sheriff of New York in the room of M. M. Noah, esq. by a large majority.—There was a fire at Alexandria, D. C. on the 2d instant which destroyed property to the amount of 25,000 dollars.—A powder-mill at Schaghticoke, Va. exploded lately, by which accident two men were killed.—Thursday the 5th day of December is appointed a day of thanksgiving and prayer in the state of New York.—A duel was fought at Port-au-Prince, between two colored men; one of them from Philadelphia, named Tapsico was killed, the other named Kelly escaped on board a vessel, and is said to have arrived at Baltimore.—The directors of the Pennsylvania Institution for the deaf and dumb, have chosen for principal of the establishment Lewis Weld, esq. one of the most distinguished teachers in the Asylum at Hartford. It is understood that the whole number of scholars will soon be increased to 67.—"Two dogs," says Whitacre, in his history of Manchester, (Eng.) "suffered death for assaulting one of the lions of the Tower, on the principle of its being treason against royalty!"—A person named Scotland lately had two servants named England and Ireland.—John Stark, from May's landing in Gloucester county, fell into the Delaware, from Calowhill street wharf, on the 3d instant, and was drowned.—Marble of an excellent quality has been recently discovered on a farm in Lancaster county, Pa.—The hero of New Orleans, general Jackson, has retired from all public employment. He has rendered his country many important services—may they never be forgotten, but always be remembered by a grateful people according to their merits.—Cornelius M'Coys was shot near Norfolk, Va. while riding along the road in his gig, by some unknown person. He left an amiable wife and one child. May the murderer be speedily brought to justice.

Hogs—A farmer in Ohio recommends charcoal for fattening hogs. When they received a piece each in the day the size of a man's hand they appeared to fatten fast, and discontinued rooting. When neglected, they took to rooting, and did not fatten. The writer supposes the charcoal corrects the morbid fluid in the stomach which incites them to root so deep in search after fresh earth.—A mill was lately consumed at Bookville, Indiana, in which was a large quantity of grain; one of the millers perished in the flames.—The Rev. Peter Bouvier, late of Downham Hall, Essex, England, left 72,000l. to one individual, not a relation of his; 50,000l. in other legacies, besides freehold estates of considerable value.—The Portuguese royal family are in possession of a diamond which is uncut, whose weight is 1699 carats, and if it should lose half its weight in cutting it would be worth 5,644,800l. sterling. The house of Braganza has another worth 3,698,000l.—The king of Spain has a pearl for which 100,000 crowns were paid.—Coal mines have lately been discovered in different parts of Missouri.—A Baptist theological seminary has lately been established in New York.—A man by the name of Robinson was lately passing through Greensborough, Md. as a pedlar. He was recognized, and not being able to answer questions put to him satisfactorily, suspicions were raised that all was not right; his wagon was searched, and on opening a box, the astonished beholders were presented with a view of a negro girl packed up like "pickled herring!" A bill of sale was produced for her, and he was permitted, (how strange,) to pass on with his merchandise. Had the bill not been forged what use for such concealment?—A pawnbroker was fined 40s. in England lately for taking one farthing more than legal interest on a pledge.—One bean has been known this season, to produce 332 pods, which contained 1458 beans, thus yielding instead of one, fourteen hundred fold.—A remarkable rock bearing a distinct impression of two human feet has recently been discovered on the Mississippi. One of a similar description was found about two years ago near Washington, D. C. on the Potomac.—Mr. J. Sanderson has become proprietor and editor of the Philadelphia Aurora, and Mr. Wilson not having been able to dispose of his establishment in Ohio.—Mr. J. Hughes has become the proprietor and editor of the Maryland Republican, Mr. Chandler the former editor having died.—John Lorenz, of Lancaster county, Pa. lately shot himself by accident—he was endeavouring to frighten a rabbit out of a thicket, and on thrusting in the butt-end of his gun for that purpose, it went off and lodged; the contents in his breast. He had been only three months married.—A large mass of Virginia coal in the United States' navy yard, at Brooklyn a short time since took fire, by spontaneous combustion, and with difficulty the frigate on the stocks was saved.—Four children were bitten by a mad dog lately in Baltimore.—Mr. Anthony Rogan, an Irishman, was lately murdered in one of the streets in Boston. He was stabbed with a knife or dirk.—Last week, says the Schenectady Cabinet, a beet was dug in Dr. Graig's garden, in this city, which weighed when taken from the ground, twenty pounds and a half, and measured twenty-eight inches in circumference.—The journeymen tailors of Philadelphia have combined to raise their wages, and have determined that no women shall as heretofore be employed on their work.—Of 26 members just elected to congress from Pennsylvania, precisely one half of them are new members.

Distressing Occurrence—The Geneva Gazette of the 50th ult. states, that, on the Sunday preceding, captain Asa R. Swift, of Palmyra, eldest son of the late General John Swift, Mr. Ashbel Van Duzer of the same place, and Mr. Roswell Smith of Sodus, were drowned by the upsetting of a boat in which they were attempting to cross Sodus Bay.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE
Legislature of New-Jersey.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Thursday, Nov 14.

Ten o'clock—The House met.

Mr. M'Courry, from committee, reported a bill for the relief of David Mills and Henry A. Ford—Read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. Wall presented a petition from inhabitants of Hunterdon for a law to authorize the improvement of the breed of horses by permitting horse-racing under certain regulations—read, and laid on the table.

Mr. Kaighn, from committee, reported a bill to reduce the Capital Stock and the number of Directors of the State Bank at Camden—read, and ordered a second reading.

The Salt Marsh bill was ordered a third reading.

The bill for ascertaining the most eligible route for, and probable expense of, forming a canal to unite the waters of Delaware and Passaic, was passed, 27 to 9, and sent to Council.

The bill to divorce Sarah Tenbrook, was passed and sent to Council.

The bill to reduce the rate of interest, to 6 per cent. on all contracts after the first of May next, was passed and sent to council, Ayes 27, Nays 15.

The bill concerning the city of Trenton, was passed unanimously; and

The bill to divorce Joanna King, 24 to 13, and sent to council.

The bill to divorce Sarah Naylor, was committed.

The bill for draining the low grounds in the town of Newark, was read a second time and postponed.

The bill to divorce Francis Red-streak, and the bill to divorce Simeon Reynolds, were considered, and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Elmer, with leave, presented a bill directing the manner of selecting jurors in certain courts—read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. Kline moved for a committee to enquire whether the sum of ten thousand dollars due from Isaac G. Ogden had been collected, and if collected how disposed of. Agreed to, & Messrs Kline, Smith and Dow appointed.

Adjourned.

Three o'clock—The House met.

Mr. Haughwout presented a petition from the heirs of Peter Smith, late of Greenwich, for the appointment of Trustees to sell certain real estate—read, and committed to Messrs Haughwout, Kline and Simmickson.

Council came into Joint Meeting, & after going through their appointments the meeting rose, and the House came to order.

Mr. Wilson presented a petition from inhabitants of Hunterdon for a law to increase the jurisdiction of justices in cases of attachment—Read, and committed to Messrs Wilson, Lloyd and Stryker.

Mr. Dickerson presented a memorial from the President and Directors of the Paterson Bank—Mr. Miller one from the Elizabeth-Town Bank—and Mr. Brittin one from the Morris Bank—severally praying a reduction of the tax on Bank Stock—Read, and committed to Messrs Miller, Brittin and Wilson.

The engrossed bill to erect the lower part of the county of Sussex into a new county, to be called the county of Paterson, was passed 24 to 17, and sent to Council.

The bill to divorce Francis Red-streak was passed 26 to 13, and sent to Council.

Adjourned.

Friday, November 15.

Ten o'clock—The House met.

Mr. Kline presented a petition from Ira Stout and William Cruser, a committee of the Board of Directors of the Georgetown and Franklin turnpike company, complaining of the operation of the 9th section of their act of incorporation, and praying relief—Read, and committed to Messrs Kline, Cook and Wall.

Mr. Pennington presented a petition from the Newark Banking Company, and Mr. Wilson a petition from the Trenton Banking Company, severally praying a reduction of the Tax on their capital—Read, & referred to the committee on that subject.

Mr. Wilson, from committee, reported the bill to divorce Sarah Naylor, with an amendment; which was agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Westervelt, from the committee appointed to settle the quotas of the respective counties, reported a statement on the subject; which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Hancock presented a bill to prevent the draw erected in the bridge over Alloway's Creek, in the county of Salem, being left open or damaged—Read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. Edgar, with leave, presented a bill to limit the office of Constable—Read, and ordered a second reading.

The bill from council incorporating "the Hoboken banking and grazing company" was read and passed.

Yeas, Christie, Canover, Cook, Deacon, Edgar, Egbert, Ely, Ewing, Hamilton, Hancock, Haughwout, Kaighn, Knowles, Lloyd, M'Dowell, Mott, Richman, Scull, Sinnickson, Sipp, Teasdale, Wall, Westervelt, Wilson, Woodhull, Woolman, 26. Nays, Brittin, Dickerson, Elmer, Kline, Maxwell, Miller, Newbold, Pennington, Smith, Stryker, Thompson, Speaker, Vanderveer, Willets, 13.

A message from council informed that council had passed the bill respecting roads to and from Salt Marsh or meadow, with amendments. [Read, and ordered to lie on the table.] Also, that council have passed the bill from this House to incorporate the Whale and Seal Fishery Company at Amboy, without amendment.

Mr. Dow presented a petition from Deborah Merritt for a divorce—Read, and committed to Messrs Dow, Ewing and Wilson.

Mr. M'Courry presented a petition from Electa Wingate for a divorce—Read, and committed to Messrs M'Courry, Woolman and Richman.

The bill from council to incorporate the Theological Seminary at Princeton, was read a third time, and passed, 25 to 12. [Considerable discussion took place on this bill, in which Pennington and Dow opposed, and Wilson, Wall and Elmer advocated. It has become a law.]

Three o'clock—The House met.

Mr. Dow presented a petition from the President and Directors of the State Bank at Newark, for a reduction of the tax on bank stock—Read and referred to the committee on that subject.

Mr. Newbold presented a petition from the Brotherton Indians, praying to be paid the amount due them for lands which they formerly owned in this state, and also for compensation for their fishing and hunting privileges—Read, and committed to Messrs Newbold, Elmer and Dickerson.

Mr. Ewing presented a petition from Thomas Gordon praying the advance of a sum of money by the Legislature to enable him to complete a map of the state—Read and committed to Messrs Ewing, Dickerson and Woolman.

The Speaker laid before the House the Bond executed by the Treasurer of this state and its societies—which was read, approved and sent to Council.

Mr. Dow, from committee, reported a bill to divorce Deborah Merritt—Read, and ordered a second reading.

Mr. M'Courry, from committee, reported a bill to divorce Electa Wingate—Read, and ordered a second reading.

The bill for protecting the Oyster Beds in Delaware Bay, was considered, and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill for the relief of the Paterson and Hamburg turnpike company, was considered, and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill for the relief of the Paterson Academy (altering the day of electing Trustees) was considered, and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill from council for draining the low grounds in the town of Newark, was read a second time, and, after some progress therein, postponed.

Mr. Brittin offered a Resolution calling on the Treasurer for a statement of the balances standing on his books against individuals—Read, and agreed to.

The bill to reduce the Capital Stock of the Camden Bank was progressed in, and postponed.

The bill authorizing the Washington Canal was read a second time, and progressed in, until the House adjourned.

Saturday Nov. 16.

Ten o'clock—The House met.

Petitions presented—From the Trenton State Bank for reduction of tax; from mechanics of Trenton and Mill-hill for an act to secure their pay on buildings erected by them; from Morris county for a bounty on the killing of wolves; from inhabitants of Galloway for authority to build a bridge over Na-cott creek at Port Republic; committed.

Mr. Deacon proposed a resolution, that the applicants for a bridge over Bass river have leave to present a bill on the first Thursday of the next sitting; agreed to.

The bill relative to the draw in Hancock's bridge passed to be engrossed.

The House took up and agreed to the amendments of Council to the bill to enable the owners of marsh to keep up a common road thereto.

Message from council informed that they had passed the bill to ascertain the most eligible route for a canal from the Delaware to the Passaic, and had approved the bond of the Treasurer; of the settlement of the state-prison accounts; and the settlement made with the sureties of the late Treasurer, by the com. appointed for that purpose last session.

Mr. Dow presented a bill relative to habitual drunkards.

The memorial of Peter Gordon, late Treasurer, was taken up and committed to Messrs Elmer, Lloyd, M'Courry, Wilson and Edgar, and the Clerk directed to inform council and request

the appointment of a committee on their part. [Council appointed Stryker and Mackey.]—Adjourned to Monday.

Monday Nov. 18.

Ten o'clock—The House met.

A message from council informed the house, that council have passed the bill entitled, "an act for the better preservation of the books and papers belonging to the state," without amendment. [This bill provides for the appointment of a Librarian with a compensation of two dollars a day, and appropriates 200 dollars to be expended in binding and purchasing books, &c.]

The bill from council to authorise the draining of the low grounds at Newark, was read a second time, and ordered a third reading.

The supplement to the insolvent law was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Wilson, from the committee reported a bill to secure mechanics and others payment for their labor and materials in erecting houses in Trenton—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Wilson also reported a bill to raise dollars by tax.

The bills for the relief of the Paterson academy, and the supplement to the Paterson and Hamburg turnpike company were passed.

Adjourned.

Three o'clock—The House met.

Mr. Wall and Mr. Westervelt presented petitions in favor of a bill to authorise race courses under certain restrictions—ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Wall presented a petition from the sureties of Peter Gordon, praying to have the sum they had assumed to pay the state, lessened for reasons therein set forth—referred to Messrs Wall, Ely and Kaighn.

The re-engrossed bill for making roads into marshes, &c. was passed.

The bill providing penalties against injuries to Hancock's bridge, was passed.

The bill appropriating one thousand dollars for the defence of the oyster beds in Delaware Bay, was passed unanimously.

The bills divorcing Simeon Reynolds—and Sarah Naylor were severally passed. Nays 14 and 11.

The bills divorcing Electa Wingate, and Deborah Merritt, were respectively read a second time, and after debate, Wilson and M'Courry in favor, & Elmer and Dickerson against, were ordered to be engrossed.

The bill authorizing Queen's college in New Brunswick to erect a lottery, was read by sections, and after opposition by Wilson and Elmer,—Cook and M'Dowell in favor—the first section was disagreed to, and the bill dismissed.

Adjourned.

Tuesday November 19.

Ten o'clock—The House met.

The house being informed that the teachers and directors of the Philadelphia Asylum for the deaf and dumb would appear with some of their pupils to exhibit their progress, it was on motion of Mr. Ewing, resolved, that the assembly room be prepared for their reception to-morrow evening at candle light. [It will be recollected that the state has appropriated money for the support of these unfortunate individuals in that, and other institutions.]

Mr. Hamilton presented a memorial from the Sussex bank, praying an alteration of their charter—also a bill for that purpose—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Wall with leave, presented bills supplementary to the acts making land liable to be sold for debts, and to the act relative to executors—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Wall, from the committee reported a bill supplementary to an act to regulate fisheries—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Kline, from the committee on the subject of money due from Isaac G. Ogden, reported a letter from the attorney general, stating that Mr. Ogden had refused to enter his appearance in this state, and that nothing had been done—ordered to lie on the table.

The bill incorporating a company to cut a canal from the South to the Raritan River, called the Washington Canal, was read by sections, amended, and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill appointing trustees to sell certain real estate, late of Porter Smith, deceased, was read by sections and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill for the relief of aliens, (authorizing them to vote), was read by sections and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill directing the manner of selecting and paying jurors was taken up, discussed, and ordered to be engrossed.

The Speaker presented a statement from the treasurer, of balances due from sundry sheriffs and others—committed to Messrs Wilson, Brittin and Miller.

Adjourned.

Three o'clock—The House met.

Mr. Ewing presented a preamble &

resolution respecting the Camden bridge—read and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reducing the tax on banks from one-half, to one-third of one per cent. was taken up, and after debate, in which Messrs Dickerson, Pennington and Wall advocated, and Messrs Elmer, Ewing and Wilson opposed.—Upon the question of agreeing to the first section the yeas and noes were, called, Ayes 8, Noes 32, and the bill was dismissed.

A motion being made to commence sitting for the remainder of the session at 9 o'clock A. M. the yeas and noes being called, it was carried 21 to 20.

Adjourned.

Wednesday, Nov. 20.

Nine o'clock—The House met.

Mr. Wall presented petitions, praying a law for an election to remove the court-house of Trenton from Fleming-ton to Laurenceville.

Mr. Wilson from the committee reported a bill to incorporate the trustees of the Baptist association—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Edgar, from the committee reported a bill increasing the penalties for taking oysters out of season—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Ewing, from the committee reported a bill to loan Thomas Gordon \$1000 to enable him to complete his map of the state—read and ordered a second reading.

The bill for the reduction of the capital stock of Camden bank, was read by sections, amended and ordered engrossed.

The bills respecting the estate of Peter Smith, & incorporating the Washington canal company were passed unanimously.

The supplement to the insolvent law was read, and on the question of final passage, Ayes 21, Noes 16, so it was lost, there not being a constitutional majority.

The bill to divorce Deborah Merritt was lost 18 to 20.

The bill to divorce Electa Wingate was passed 22 to 14.

The bill for the relief of aliens (allowing those who have declared their intention of becoming citizens to vote), was taken up and a warm debate of considerable length ensued, in which Messrs Dickerson, Pennington and Wilson advocated the law, and Messrs Wall, Elmer & M'Dowell opposed it.

The question being taken, there were Ayes 14, Noes 28.

The preamble and resolutions respecting the Camden bridge were agreed to.

Adjourned.

Three o'clock—the House met.

Mr. Ewing presented a bill for the protection of oysters—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. Kline, from the committee reported a bill supplementary to the Georgetown and Franklin turnpike company—read and ordered second reading.

Mr. M'Courry, from the committee reported the bill for the relief of and Henry A. Ford, with sundry amendments.

The supplement to the act to prevent horse racing was taken up, the first section disagreed to, and the bill dismissed.

Message from council informed the house they have disagreed to the bill for dividing Sussex county. [Noes,—Upson, Fisher, Seely, Condit, Hughes, Newbold Cavanaugh, 7. Ayes,—Zabriskie, Dickinson, Andrews, Beatty, Stryker, Mackey, 6.] Also that they had disagreed to the bill for divorcing Joanna King.

The bill respecting fire companies in Essex was ordered to be engrossed.

The bill limiting constables to a term of three years was taken up, advocated by Wilson and Edgar, and opposed by Dickerson and Dowe, and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Wall, from the committee on the petition of the sureties of Peter Gordon, reported that the said sureties have leave to be heard by council, before the house—ordered to lie on the table.

Adjourned.

FOREIGN.

RUSSIA.

In the Liverpool Mercury, received by the Jones we find the following sombre picture of the internal state of Russia: "The Russian Empire is at present suffering most severely, from the interference of their government in commercial pursuits. Starvation and misery amongst the majority of the people have been the certain consequences of uncalled for restrictions and prohibitions in their intercourse with foreign nations; and until a much more liberal system be adopted, misery and dissatisfaction must continue to increase.—The commerce in English articles is very much limited."

Boston Patriot.

FROM PORTO RICO.

A letter from St. Johns, P. R. dated

17th ult. arrived at Newburyport, says, "respecting the threatened attack upon this Island, we have little to fear, as the principal ringleaders who had their commissions from the Government of St. Domingo, have been secured, and some of them shot—and several vessels with men armed, &c. have been detained at Curraoa. A part of them are now at Crab Island, but the Governor has repaired to the coast opposite, with a force too formidable for these desperadoes to make any attempt.

The number of privateers out of this place are, two brigs, five schooners, and a ketch, part of which have sailed for the Mona Passage, and to cruise off St. Thomas.

N. Y. Gaz.

One of the Boston papers contains a letter from a gentleman of that city; at Rio Janeiro, who communicates the following interesting particulars of Brazilian affairs.

"The elections have already taken place in many of the provinces, for the choice of electors, who are to meet at this place to appoint the representatives for the new Congress. Their plan is to have only one House for the present, which is to meet here.

"The press here is as free as in the United States. When the King was here we had but one newspaper, and that was of a very small size, and was printed twice a week, giving us only his decrees, without any foreign news; now we have 12 papers; most of them are published daily, giving us the news of all countries, and free discussions on all subjects. The Prince has become very plain in his dress, economical in his expenses, and familiar in his address and conversation. His expenses are not a twentieth part of the expenses of former years. His ministers are all of the same character.

"The prime minister, Jose Bonifacio de Andradae Silva, is a second Franklin. He is about 45 years old, is much beloved by all the Brazilians and foreigners. He was born in the province of St. Pau's but has spent many years in different parts of Europe. For several years he has lived a retired life, but the period has arrived which called for the exercise of his talents, and in January last he was placed in the highest station his country can offer. He has great opposition to encounter from the royal party, which was, & even still is, of considerable strength.

"We are now allowed in cases of libel, and in criminal cases, the trial by jury. The first trial by jury on this southern continent took place here last week. It was a charge against the editor of one of the Gazettes for a libel on the Prince, questioning his authority. He was tried by a regular jury, and was honourably acquitted. The accused was allowed to choose eight persons for his jury, from twenty-four named by the government. It was a new thing to most persons here. We expect when the congress meets that the first business will be to send ambassadors to foreign nations, and one of the first measures will be to put an entire stop to the slave trade. I think we may rely on this being done very soon. God forbid it should not be. In the year 1821, 45,507 slaves were embarked in Africa on board ships owned in this place, of whom 38,102 arrived alive. The number imported at the other ports is immense.

SUMMARY.

It affords us much satisfaction to state that the body of Mr. Winsor, lately drowned in the Delaware, was found floating on the surface of the water, near Thompson's Point, a few days since. All the money said to have been in the pocket of the deceased, was found uninjured. The body was removed to his late residence at Carpenter's Bridge, from whence it was attended by a large concourse of relatives and friends to a place of interment. Woodbury Herald.

A child in Salem, Indiana, was lately poisoned by swallowing the seeds of the Jamestown weed. The poisonous quality of that plant cannot be too generally known.

The Mercer Press of the 29th ult. informs that a radish was raised in the garden of J. M. Black, which weighed ten pounds, and measured 19 inches in circumference and 18 inches in length.

Four hundred young gentlemen have entered as students in the medical class of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and more are expected.

An American hat, in imitation of Leghorn, was sold at the Agricultural fair, of New York, at the enormous sum of 120 dollars—one other was sold for 55 dollars, one for 35, and one for 31 dollars.

Extraordinary—A smooth oval stone, weighing about six ounces, was taken out of the heart of an ox, slaughtered in Bradford last week. It had the appearance of a common brook pebble, and was probably taken in by the animal while drinking.—Essex. Pat.

A PAIR OF
MULES
FOR SALE,

Enquire of the subscriber,
PROVIDENCE L. SHEPHERD.
Greenwich, Nov. 16. 49

POETRY.

From the Norfolk Beacon.

[M. G. Lewis has done himself much honor in the following poem, and the friends of humanity will be greatly obliged to him, or his attempts to arrest the infamous practice of branding, a practice which deprives the sad criminal even of the cheering smiles of repentance.]

THE FELON.

Oh, mark his wan and hollow cheek!
And mark his eye-balls glare,
And mark his teeth, in anguish clenched
The anguish of despair!
Know, since three days, his penance borne,
You felon left a jail,
And since three days no food has pass'd
Those lips so parched and pale.

'Where shall I turn?' the wretch exclaims;
'Where hide my shameful head?
How fly from scorn? Oh! how contrive,
To earn my honest bread?
This branded hand would gladly toil;
But when for work I pray,
Who sees this mark, 'A Felon' cries,
And loathing, turns away.

'This heart has greatly err'd, but now
Would fain revert to good;
This hand has deeply sinn'd, but yet,
Has ne'er been stain'd with blood,
For work or alms, in vain I sue;
The scorners both deny:
I starve, I starve—then what remains?
This choice—to sin, or die.'

'Here Virtue spurns me with disdain:
There Pleasure spreads her snare—
Strong habit draws me back to vice,
And urg'd by fierce Despair,
I strive while hunger gnaws my heart
To fly from shame in vain!—
Work! 'tis thy cruel will! I yield,
And plunge in guilt again.

'There's mercy in each ray of light,
'That mortal' eyes e'er saw,
There's Mercy in each breath of air
That mortal lips e'er draw—
There's Mercy for each bird and beast,
In God's indulgent plan—
There's Mercy for each creeping thing—
But MAN HAS NONE FOR MAN!

'Be proudly honest! when ye heard
My wounded conscience groan;
Had generous hand or feeling heart,
One glimpse of Mercy shown—
That act had made from burning eyes
Sweet tears of virtue roll,
Had fix'd my heart, assured my faith,
And heaven had gain'd a soul.'

From the German, by Gortie.
THE FISHER.

In gurgling eddies roll'd the tide,
The wily angler sat
In verdant willow'd bank beside,
And spread the treacherous bait,
Reclin'd he sat in careless mood,
The floating quill he eyed;—
When, raising from the opening flood,
A humid maid he spied.

She sweetly sang, she sweetly said,
As gazed the wond'ring swain;
Why thus with mard'rous arts invade
My placid, harmless reign?
Ah, didst thou know, how blest, how free,
The finny myriads strap,
Thou'st long to dive the limpid sea,
And live as blest as they.

The sun, the lovely queen of night,
Beneath the deep repair;
And thence in streamy lustré bright,
Return more fresh and fair,
Tempts thee not yon ætherial space,
Betting with liquid hue?—
Nor tempts thee there thy pictured face,
To bathe in worlds of dew?

The tide in gurgling eddies rose,
It reach'd his trembling feet:
His heart with fond impatience glows
The promis'd joys to meet.
So sang the soft, the winning fair:
'Alas! ill fated swain!—
Half drag'd half pleased, he sinks with her,
And ne'er was seen again!

The Hopeful Youth.

A MAN who saw his son, quite handy,
Toss off a glass of strong French brandy,
'Neddy,' cried he, 'ah, don't do so,
For liquor is our greatest foe.'
'But we are taught to love our foes,'
Quoth Ned, 'so, father, here it goes.'

Come, my old friends, and take a pot:
But mark now, what I say;
While drinking to thy neighbor's health,
Drink not thine own away.
It but too often is the case,
While we sit o'er the pot,
And kindly wish our friend good health,
Our own is quite forgot.

LIFE.

Our life contains a thousand springs,
And dies if one be gone!
Strange that a harp of thousand strings
Should keep in tune so long.

Miscellaneous Selections.

Only six crimes are punishable with death in France, viz. high treason, murder, arson, burglary, forgery of the National Bank notes and public securities, and robbery with violence.

Sad News for the Fair.—By the late returns it appears that in England there are 294,088 females more than males—in Wales, 16,464—in Scotland 126,352—making a total in Great Britain of 434,904—almost half a million ladies fair, doomed by the unlucky course of nature to single blessedness—which is rendered worse by the waste occasioned by at least 150,000 inflexible bachelors. How it is in Ireland, we have no means of ascertaining; but we hope affairs are more prosperous.

Elephants.—A gentleman from India assures us that he has seen elephants employed to pile wood, and which have, adding heap to heap, drawn back and placed themselves in a situation to see if they have kept a perpendicular line and preserved a just level in their work, and have then corrected any perceptible defect in one or the other. The same person has seen two elephants employed to roll barrels to a distance, one has kept them in motion while the other has been prepared with a stone in his trunk to stop their progress at the required spot! *Albion.*

The citizens of New York, it is said! require five millions of gallons of water daily for objects of health and cleanliness.

The Retort Courteous.—A member of one of the Learned Professions was driving his gennet along the road at Tooting in Surrey, when he overtook a pedlar with his pack, and enquired what he had to sell. The man produced, among other things, a pair of cotton braces; they were six pence, he said. The gentleman paid the money, and then said 'You have I suppose a licence.' 'Yes,' was the reply, hesitatingly. 'I should like to see it.' After some further delay it was produced. 'My good fellow, all is right I see. Now, as I do not want these things, you may have them again for three pence.' The bargainer was struck; but how surprised was the querist, to find a summons to attend the county magistracy sitting at Croydon. The gentleman was convicted in the full penalty, for selling goods on the King's highway without a hawkers license.—*He is a lawyer. Morn. Post.*

Among the trying vexations of human life may be ranked that of being obliged to do business with your face bound up, on account of the tooth-ache, and being asked every five minutes, pray sir, what ails your face?

A broken winded horse had been kept in a field where there was no water, except in the bottom of an old lime kiln, and had recovered his wind—the owner ordered a stable shovel full of quick lime to be renewed every five or six days, and the water to be poured off, and a bucket to be given every day to a broken winded coach horse, aged 8 years, which had almost a constant cough. The horse was supplied with water thus prepared for about five weeks, and kept in the stable. He is now perfectly recovered in his wind, and free from cough.

A substitute for ringing swine is recommended by a writer in the American Farmer. It consists simply in shaving off with a razor the gristle on the top of the noses of young pigs.—The place soon heals and the pigs are thus rendered incapable of rooting.

Law in Ohio.—Two men were recently tried in Huron county, (Ohio,) for the offence of taring and feathering a third person, and find by the court seventy-five cents each. The man who suffered had abandoned his family and hearken himself to other women, and his two neighbors had taken upon themselves to distribute that justice which the law does not provide for similar offenders. *N. F. Amer.*

Since the discovery of the New World, our English gardens have produced 2345 varieties of trees & plants from America, and upwards of 1700 from the Cape of Good Hope, in addition to many thousands which have been brought from China, the East-Indies, New Holland, various parts of Africa, Asia and Europe, until the list of plants now cultivated in this country exceeds 120,000 varieties. *London paper.*

An Exeter paper says—'Horrible as the thought is, we are assured from well-informed quarters, that there are strong grounds for suspecting that children stolen in the country have been deliberately bled to death, packed up in boxes, sent to London, and sold to anatomists.'

Cumberland Orphans' Court.

September Term, 1822.

UPON application of George Bacon administrator of John Miller, deceased—Jonathan Fithian, do.—Rosanna Erwin, do.—Henry Shaw, Esq. do.—James Ogden, do.—David Lupton, executor of David Woodruff, do.—to limit and appoint a time within which the creditors of said decedents shall bring in their respective debts, claims and demands, or be forever barred from an action against said administrators and said executors.

It is ordered by the Court, that the administrators of John Miller, deceased—Rosanna Erwin, deceased—and James Ogden, deceased—Give public notice to the creditors of said decedents to bring in their respective claims, duly attested on or before the first day of April next, and that the creditors of David Woodruff, deceased, bring in their respective claims, on or before the first day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and twenty-three, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in this county, for two months, and by publishing the same in one of the Newspapers of this State, the like space of time, and any creditor neglecting to exhibit his or her demand within the time so limited, such notice being given shall be forever barred his or her action, therefore, against said Administrators, and said Executors.

By the Court,
T. ELMER, Clerk.
October 14, 1822. 942mo.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued from the court of Common Pleas to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public Vendue, on

Tuesday the tenth day of December next;

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the house of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton, a farm, situate in the township of Deerfield, joins land of Lewis Paulin and others, contains

Seventy Acres,

More or less, together with all the land of the defendant. Seized as the property of Leonard Gould, defendant, taken in execution at the suit of James Woodruff, plaintiff, and to be sold by Wm. K. Fithian, Sheriff.

Oct. 3.—Nov. 2. 97

REMOVAL.

P. C. WILLMARTH,

HAY REMOVED HIS

HAT STORE,

from No. 23 to No. 131 North 3d Street, above Race Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

AT THE
Sign of the Golden Hat,

Where he offers an excellent assortment of
LOW-PRICED HATS,

ALSO,

WATER-PROOF Imitation Beaver Hats

Which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability.

Mens HATS finished in the first style at \$2 50

A handsome deduction made at Wholesale.

P. C. W. having received the most encouraging patronage from a candid and discerning Public, with the utmost confidence in the merits of his Manufacture, anticipates a continued and increasing custom. February 11. 59tf

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphan's Court of the County of Cumberland, will be sold at

PUBLIC: VENDUE,

On the 12th day of December next, Between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 P. M. of said day, (to meet at the house of Andrew Bacon,) the following property, viz.

One lot of Wood Land, About TWENTY ACRES, of Adjoining lands of James Bacon and others.

Second lot, being EIGHT ACRES Bank Meadow, adjoining Nathan Shepherd and others.

Third lot—FOURTEEN ACRES of wild Marsh, joining on Butcher's Creek, John Wood, and others.

Also, All that farm near Roadstown, About Seventy Acres—Ten Acres of first rate Wood Land,

With all the improvements thereon, adjoining lands of Uriah Bacon, Mason Mulford and others: situated in the township of Stow Creek, it being the property of Gabriel Dare, deceased.

Conditions made known on the day of sale, by SARAH DARE, Administratrix.

Oct. 28. 964t

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale the following valuable property, situate in the County of Cumberland, New-Jersey, viz:

1. The house in which he at present resides, in the town of Bridgeton, with about 13 acres of land tere attached and the improvements thereon. There are on the premises a substantial barn, carriage-house, smoke-house, wood-house, cattle-sheds, &c. a garden containing a fine asparagus bed, also a thrifty young orchard of the best grafted fruit. This property is bounded by the creek affords excellent pasturage, and is unquestionably one of the most handsome and pleasant situations in the western part of the State.

2. A plantation situate on Jones' Island, Fairfield township, now in the tenure of Ansell Sheppard, containing about 175 acres.—On the premises is a large and convenient dwelling house, a barn, carriage-house, cribs, &c. also an excellent orchard of fine fruit. The plantation contains a suitable proportion of arable land, marsh and woodland, and is in good fence. It is open to the bay of Delaware, possessing every facility of obtaining an abundant supply of fish, oysters and game.

3. A lot of land at Cedarville, a few rods south of the tavern, containing 1 tree and a half acres, on which is a dwelling house; also a small orchard.

4. A lot of land opposite No. 3, containing one acre, on which is a dwelling house, well, &c.

5. A tract of Salt Marsh, containing 450 acres bounded by Delaware bay, Antuxet cove and Back creek. On this property is a beach of fine sand. The Marsh is well situated for bringing hay from it by water, being accessible by vessels, and intersected with small creeks.

6. A lot of Woodland near Gedarville, containing twelve acres.

7. A lot of Bear Swamp in Downe Township containing 16 acres.

8. A lot of land at Fairton containing three and a half acres, on which is a new two story dwelling house, at present not tenanted, and which will be sold separately from the land.

9. A lot of land at Fairton, opposite what is termed the public wharf.

10. A lot of Woodland on the hill near Fairton, containing six acres.

11. A lot of Woodland, near No. 10 containing nine acres.

12. A lot of Woodland about a mile from Fairton, containing 12 acres.

13. A lot of Woodland near No. 12, containing 4 acres.

14. An undivided third part of a tract of Meadow, about 2 1/2 miles from Fairton, held with John Trenchard jun. and Jonathan Parvin.

15. A tract of land, principally woodland, situate in Sayres' neck, containing twenty-five acres—the old Houseman place.

16. An undivided tract of 250 acres of Woodland on steep run, near Maurice River, purchased at a sale of the estate of E. Mercilles, dec. by order of Orphans Court.

ALSO,

A lot in Washington City advantageously situate at the intersection of Maryland and Massachusetts avenues and C. street—a short distance from the Capitol.

Eight lots of two acres each in the Town & Township of Jefferson, County of Geauga, State of Ohio, sixteen lots of 4 acres each adjoining said Town, and eight lots of 80 acres each in the said Township. The town of Jefferson is the County Town, contains a large brick Court House and other public buildings, and a considerable population which is rapidly increasing by emigration from the northern states. It is situated 12 miles South of Lake Erie, to which there is a turnpike road;—it is about 30 miles west of the Pennsylvania line. The land for fertility is perhaps not exceeded by any in the western Country. This property is valuable. It will be exchanged for land in New Jersey. JAMES D. WESTCOTT. Bridgeton, Nov. 2, 97

WHISTLER & SEELEY,

No. 210, Market Street, Corner of Decature Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully inform their friends & the public that they continue to do Tailoring work in a fashionable and complete style, equal to any in the city. They keep constantly on hand, Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Drillings, Seersuckers,

And a variety of new & fashionable Summer and Winter Clothing,

Which will be furnished on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms. They warrant all work done by them to be executed in the best manner, or riot taken.

Gentlemen residing in the country, by leaving their orders, will have their work forwarded with promptness and despatch, agreeably to directions; the box enclosing them being furnished at a very moderate price. 75 6mo. June 3, 1822.

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphan's court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at

Public Vendue,

On Monday the second day of December next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on the premises, about

Two Acres of Land,

With the improvements thereon, situated in the township of Stow Creek, joining land of David Cooks and others, it being late the property of John Deford, deceased, and sold by EPHRAIM PADGETT, Administrator.

Conditions at sale, Nov. 2, 1822. 97sq

Cumberland Orphans' Court,

September Term, 1822.

KEZIAH Ayres and Ellis Ayres administrators of Joshua Ayres, deceased, having exhibited to the Court, duly attested on account of the debts and credits of said decedent, by it appears that the personal estate is insufficient to pay the just debts and expenses, and setting forth that said decedent died seized of real estate, in the county of Cumberland, aforesaid, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in the lands, tenement and real estate of said decedent, do appear before the Judges of this Court on the last Monday of November next, and shew cause, if any they have, why the whole of the real estate of said decedent, situate in the county of Cumberland, aforesaid, should not be sold to satisfy the debts and expenses which remain unpaid.

By the Court,
T. ELMER, Clerk.
Oct 14, 1822. 94 7t.

SILAS W. SEXTON, Fashionable Clothier and Merchant Taylor,

No. 28, MARKET STREET,
Between Front and Second streets, south side, two doors east of Letitia Court,
PHILADELPHIA.

HAS now on hand a general assortment of ready made Clothing, consisting of close Coats, Surtouts, Frocks, New Market and Great Coats, Cloaks, Pantalons, Vests, Shirts, Hose, Suspenders, & Handkerchiefs; Round Jackets, Pea Jackets, Flannel Shirts and Drawers. Cravats, &c. and a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate,—which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for Cash. Also, super super Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, made up to order in the most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen are requested to call and give his establishment a trial, when no doubt they will find it to their advantage to call again. All orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed. 52 6m. December 24, 1821.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, out of the court of Chancery of New Jersey to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue,

On Tuesday, the tenth day of December next;

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland,

At the Hotel of Smith Bowen in Bridgeton,

All those three distinct tracts of

Timbered Land,

Situate in the township of Milville, on the stage road leading from Milville to Molega. The first joins Parvins Branch's land, late of George Burgin and Israel Stratton on the road from the Union Mills to Souder's Mill, and lands of Joshua Combs and others, containing, (after deducting 150 acres to the Leamings.)

2605 ACRES,

The second tract, joins land of Edmund J. Hollinshead, Stephen Garrison and others,

Contains 196 Acres.

The third tract joins the Browning Survey land, late of Robert Jordan and others,

Containing 126 Acres.

There will be a fuller description given on the day of sale. Seized as the property of Joseph M'Hyain and others, defendants, and taken in execution at the suit of John Hulme, complainant, and to be sold by

Wm. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.
Oct 3. —Nov. 2. 97

Cape May Orphan's Court.

Term of October.

Present: Cresse Townsend, Jacob Foster, John L. Smith and others, esquires, judges.

Ordered, on application of Samuel S. Marcy, Administration to the estate of Isaac Smith, Esq. deceased, that the creditors of the estate of the said decedent bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, on or before the fourth tuesday in October, (1823,) or the said creditors shall be forever barred of an action therefor, against said administrator; the said administrator giving notice of this order, by setting up copies hereof in five of the most public places in the county of Cape May for the space of two months, and also advertising the same for the like space, in one of the newspapers printed in Bridgeton.

By order of the Court,
JESU TOWNSEND, Clerk.
Nov. 4. 8t 98

CONDITIONS OF PUBLICATION.

THE WASHINGTON WIRE is published every Saturday evening, at Two Dollars a year, one half payable in advance.—An additional 50 cents will be demanded, if not paid within the year.

The Wire will be forwarded by Stage or Mail, as directed by Subscribers, they paying the expense of carriage.

No Subscriber taken for a shorter period than six months, and a failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiration of the time will be considered as a new engagement, and the paper forwarded accordingly.

Advertisements inserted three weeks for one dollar when not exceeding one square, and continued weekly for twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements at the same rate.