

PRINTED & PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY  
**J. CLARKE & Co.**

**CONDITIONS.**

THE WASHINGTON WHIG is published every Monday morning, at Two Dollars a year, one half payable in advance.—An additional 50 cents will be demanded, if not paid within the year.

The Whig will be forwarded by Stage or Mail, as directed by Subscribers, they paying the expense of carriage.

No number taken for a shorter period than a month, and a failure to notify at the expiration of the time, shall be considered as a new engagement, and forwarded accordingly.

Advertisements inserted three weeks for one dollar, when not exceeding one square, and continued weekly for twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements at the same rate.

**POETRY.**

**THE INFIDEL.**

By Moses Perkins.

On Afric's dreary shore,  
The serpent's hiss, the panther's roar,  
No footsteps marked the sands;  
No human voice the desert cheer'd,  
Save now and then, were faintly heard,  
The yell of savage bands.

I've seen the red volcanic tide,  
Impetuous sweep the mountain's side,  
And wrap the plains in fire;  
And heard the shepherd's plaintive moans,  
Mingling with Etna's hollow groans,  
On passing gales expire.

In twilight's faint and dusky beam,  
I've seen the murderer's weapon gleam,  
Bath'd in the victim's gore;  
Ghastly and pale, with many a wound,  
The mangled corpse half-breathing found,  
Stretched on the blood-stain'd shore.

I've heard amid the foaming deep,  
Where tempests howl, and whirlwinds sweep,  
Heart-rending cries "to save!"  
The shrieks of many a trembling soul,  
And mark'd the sea's tremendous roll,  
Which swept them to their grave.

No shepherd's moans, nor panther's roar,  
Nor wreck, nor corpse upon the shore,  
To me such pain has giv'n  
As seeing on the couch of death,  
The infidel resign his breath,  
Without the hopes of Heav'n.

**Miscellaneous Selections.**

**WIFE AND HUSBAND.**

"In general, let a woman make a man's home agreeable to him, and he will, in time, prefer it to all other places. There are exceptions to this, as well as to all other rules, but the instances are not numerous. The great error which women fall into is, that they suppose the lover and the husband to be the same individual, which is a palpable mistake. The husband may love as well as the lover, but his passion will bear a different character.—It is the want of this knowledge which makes many married ladies very troublesome to their husbands, from a supposition that they are neglected, if a man is out of their sight for an hour or two; they are astonished how he can be capable of taking any pleasure when absent from them; and attribute the want of that assiduous attention which preceded their marriage, to disgust or cold indifference; when in truth, it was nothing more than the natural consequence of possessing what we with arduous aspire to attain. While we are in pursuit of any thing, the mind is in a continued state of agitation, which gives activity to all the senses; but when once we are arrived at the goal, we are not less happy, perhaps, but more calm, and consequently less rapturous in our expressions. It is in this state of tender tranquility, if I may be allowed the phrase, that a man begins to survey the partner of his fortunes through the optics of reason, unobscured by the vapors of passion; and it is at this period, that the woman should endeavor, by the strictest attention to her every word and action, to fix on her husband's mind a thorough confidence in her virtue, an approbation of her conduct, and a reflected esteem for her character in general. These sentiments will, naturally produce friendship, which, when built on so noble a basis, can never fail of lasting as long as the merit which gave them birth."

**THE VINE.**

When Noah planted the first vine,  
and retired, Satan approached it, and said—  
"I will nurture you, charming plant!  
He quick brought three animals—a Sheep, a Lion and a Hog—and killed them one after the other, near

the vine. The virtue of the blood of these animals penetrated it, and is still manifested in its growth. When a man drinks one goblet of wine he is then agreeable, gentle and friendly, that is the nature of a Lamb. When he drinks two he is a Lion, and says, "who is like me?" He then talks of stupendous things. When he drinks more, his senses forsake him, and at length he wallows in the mire; need it be said that he then resembles a hog?"

From the National Gazette.

Eaton, in his survey of the Turkish Empire relates the following anecdotes in illustration of the temper of the Turks towards the Christians.

"It is not fifty years since the Grand vizier, Gin-Ali Pasha, advised the Divan to confine all the Ambassadors to a small island near Constantinople, as leprous, or other infectious and unclean persons.

"In 1756, the Sieur Du Val, drogoman to the French Ambassador M. de Vergennes, having announced the double bond of alliance and marriage which had united his court with the house of Austria, received from the Reis Effendi no other answer than that the Sublime Porte did not trouble itself about the union of one hog with another."

This marriage was not very agreeable news to the Porte. A similar answer was given by the Vizier Kimpelli to the French Ambassador, Monsieur de la Haye, even in the brilliant era of Louis XIV. when that minister announced the splendid successes of his sovereign over the Spaniards, the vizier replied, with the barbarous insolence of an Ottoman satrap, "What care I whether the dog eat the hog, or the hog eat the dog, so that the interests of my sovereign prosper."

"I have travelled," says Thornton, in his work on Turkey, (1807), "through several provinces of European Turkey; and cannot convey an idea of the state of desolation in which that beautiful country is left: For the space of seventy miles, between Kirk Kilise, and Carnabat, there is not an inhabitant, though the country is an earthly paradise. The extensive and pleasant village of Faki, with its houses, its gardens overrun with weeds and grass, its lands waste and uncultivated, and now the resort of robbers, affects the traveller with the most painful sensations.

"Those," says the same writer, "accustomed to the strict subordination and punctilious formalities established in the armies and navies of other European powers, may smile, perhaps, at hearing that the captain of a man of war has been cuffed in public by the admiral's own hand for a slight offence. I remember to have seen a journal kept by an Englishman (an adventurer who served on board the Turkish fleet in the Black Sea,) during a cruise in the year 1790, which contained the following remarks:—"This day the Admiral amused himself with playing at chess on the quarter deck with a common sailor."

**John Hancock.**—During the siege of Boston, General Washington consulted Congress upon the propriety of bombarding the town of Boston.—Mr. Hancock was then President of Congress. After General Washington's letter was read, a solemn silence ensued. This was broken by a number making a motion that the House should resolve itself into a committee of the whole in order that Mr. Hancock might give his opinion upon the important subject, as he was deeply interested from having all his estate in Boston. After he left the chair, he addressed the chairman of the committee of the whole in the following words:—"It is true, Sir, nearly all the property I have in the world is in houses and other real estate in the town of Boston; but if the expulsion of the British army from it, and the liberties of our country require their being burnt to ashes—is issue the order for that purpose immediately!"

**Newfoundland Dogs.**—The fondness of these animals for the water, and their usefulness in rescuing persons and things from the waves, have often been the subjects of remark. A Newfoundland dog, belonging to a gentleman in this city, but kept at Williamsburg, to avoid the dog-laws and dog-carts, which so much annoy the canine race in the city, while playing in the river near the ferry a few days since, suddenly dove to the bottom, and was gone for some time. He rose for breath, and went down again, and in a few minutes came up with a drum fish weighing from 30 to 40 pounds. The fish was served up to a dinner party, and poor tray was probably left to pick the bones.

Speaking of dogs, it may not be amiss to observe, that we this morning met one of goodly size, harnessed in a

small wagon loaded with cotton yarn. The owner informed us that he would easily draw a load of 200lbs. When we saw him he was going to Maidenlane at a comfortable "dog trot."  
N. Y. Com. Adv.

**Whistling.**—the lady of Dr. Bentham, who was a woman of an ardent disposition, asked a person who applied for the place of footman in her family, if he could whistle? why is that necessary?" said the man, "Because," said the lady, "I expect my footman to whistle all the time he is in the cellar, to be certain he is not drinking while he is there."

**Apology for Flattery.**—James II. once asked a preacher, how he could justify the commending of princes when they did not deserve it? He answered, "that preachers could not use the same liberty in reproving them as other men, and therefore by praising them for what they were not, taught them what they ought to be. The king was pleased with the ingenuity of the answer, but observed that, for himself, he did not desire to be complimented into his duty; they had his full permission to tell him plainly of his faults; he desired their prayers, and not their praises.

**Hog and Bacon.**—Sir Nicholas Bacon a Judge in the time of Queen Elizabeth, was once while on the Bench, importuned by a criminal to spare his life on account of his kindred. "How so?" asked the Judge. "Because my name is Hog and your's is Bacon, and hog and bacon are so near a kin, that they cannot be separated;" "Ay," said the Judge, "but you and I cannot be kindred except you be hanged; for Hog is not Bacon until it be well hanged."—Bacon's Essays.

**FOREIGN.**

From the New York Mercantile Advertiser

**From St. Salvador.**—The brig Bordeaux, at this port, sailed from the above place on the 13th of August: The fleet from Rio, sent by the Prince Regent had been off the port about 2 or 3 days; the Portuguese squadron of about the same strength was also off the harbor, and the two hostile fleets had been in sight of each other for that period without firing a gun. A reinforcement of 800 troops had recently arrived from Lisbon, and the governor gen. Madeira, was making every exertion to fortify the place. It was expected there would be a bloody contest between the Royalists and the Independents, but it was believed the latter would triumph.

From papers received by the ship Unicorn, at this port from Liverpool.

LONDON, August 6.

We learn from a Gentleman who had just arrived from Calais, that a report prevailed there of the arrest of three Members of the Chamber of Deputies. Their names were not mentioned. It is extremely probable, however, that the publication of the Act of Accusation against Berton and his associates and the debate which took place in the Chamber of Deputies on Thursday, gave rise to this rumor.

Advices from Odessa, up to the 8th July, state, upon the authority of the Allgemeine Zeitung, that "most of the wives of Ali Pacha of Janina, who had been brought to Constantinople with his harem, were drowned by order of the Sultan. It is probable that his lawful wife, the celebrated Waselekia, will share the same fate, as soon as all the information which she can give shall be obtained from her."

The condition of the Wicklow tenantry of Lord Fitzwilliam demands his most serious attention. Distress and dissatisfaction are very prevalent throughout his vast property; and this cannot appear extraordinary, when we inform the public that the war rents are still demanded and enforced every where. It must be admitted, that during the war these rents were extremely moderate, and that while tire times held up, the Fitzwilliam tenantry were among the happiest in Ireland. But it is a fact too notorious, to require proof or illustration, that a rent, which allowed a man to live luxuriously six or seven years ago, scarcely leaves him a shred or a morsel in these times. And we need not very earnestly labour the case of a people, of whom this one fact is to be told, that, with the markets and prices of 1822, they have to pay the rents of 1815. The income of the 56,000 Fitzwilliam acres is said to be, even in these times, 35,000*l.* a year.—*Dublin Evening Herald.*

**SPAIN.**

It appears, by the latest intelligence

from Madrid, that tranquility being restored, the National Militia, who had been encamped in the square of the Constitution from the 1st to the 17th ult. broke up, and retired to their homes, after having proceeded, in great pomp to the house of the Municipality to receive the thanks of the authorities. The artillery, which the mutiny of the Guards had rendered necessary to be brought out, was taken back to the Park; and the men requisite to do the duty of the garrison where all that remained under arms. The Marquis of Santa Cruz, the new major domo, has ordered the chiefs of the Palace, under the responsibility of their office, to limit the services of their subalterns to the performance of their stated duties, to prevent them from abusing their right of access to the Royal person, by whispering political suggestions in the Royal ear, which may endanger his Majesty's wellbeing, and to leave to the Secretaries of State and other public functionaries the task of treating with his Majesty on political topics. Those who disobey this order will not only be deprived of their employments, but removed from the Royal household.—On the 13th ult. a Gazette Extraordinary was published at Madrid, announcing the defeat of the Royal Carabiniers, at Cordova, who, like the Guards, had revolted. The number of men taken, amounts to 430, of horses, 300. On the 19th ult. Ferdinand signed a decree, ordering, in consequence of the disturbances in Catalonia, a new levy of 25,000 men, and signifying that the Extraordinary Cortes would be convoked as soon as possible.—The English Charge d'Affairs was a large contributor to the fund for relieving those who were wounded in the attack of the 7th, supporting the constitution. On presenting his contribution of 3000 reals (about £30) to the Municipality of Madrid, that body is said, by the Imparcial, to have expressed to the Secretary of Embassy, along with the declaration of its gratitude, "the supreme pleasure which it felt at seeing the representative of the English nation so decidedly in favour of Spanish liberty."

**GREECE.**

Accounts from Vienna of the 18th ult. confirm the intelligence already received of the destruction of the Turkish fleet and the death of the Captain Pacha.—They add the following details:

"The chiefs of the Greek navy held a council at Ipsara, and decided on the plan which was afterwards adopted.—They called upon all those who were willing to devote their lives for the public good; more than 200 immediately presented themselves, and swore on the cross to execute the preconcerted enterprise, or to die gloriously. Out of these 48 were chosen by casting lots, and received the benediction of their priests before engaging in their magnanimous design. All arrangements having been made, on the first day of the festival of Bairam, a Greek frigate and five vessels appeared, under a foreign flag, before the Turkish line, as though to take a part in the rejoicings. The 200 heroes, who passed for Englishmen and Frenchmen, were well received by the enemy, who allowed them to enter the port of Tschesme, in order to anchor in the centre of the Turkish fleet. But scarcely had they reached that position when they carried their plan into effect. In a short time five ships of the line were on fire. The Admiral's ship ran out of the harbour, all in a blaze, in the hope of escaping total destruction, and run aground on the neighbouring coast of Scio, where the Captain Pacha has landed, expiring. After this signal of success, the 200 self-devoted patriots retired, without having experienced any loss.—The enterprise appears to have been conceived and executed in a spirit of self-devotion worthy of the best-times of ancient Greece.

A letter from Vienna repeats the account of the landing of 8000 men in Candia from Egypt, and adds, that the Egyptian and Algerine squadron fell in with 70 Greek vessels, 27 of which were taken and several sunk. On the 30th of June, a firman was published, forbidding the sale of Christian slaves; and another, which was immediately put in force, to disarm all the Mussulmans below 18 and above 60 years of age.

**Odessa, July 7.**—The news of the Captain Pacha has excited the most enthusiastic joy here; and it is not doubted that this event will have the most beneficial consequences for the Greeks; but it may be imagined, what an impression it will make on the mind of the Sultan.—We must be prepared for terrible excesses. The extirpation of the Greeks, which was resolved upon, and which was to be accomplished under the cover of an amnesty, and as it were sanctioned by the European

Ambassadors, has opened the eyes of the Greeks. An amnesty, and laying down their arms, would be certain death. The Turks will often repeat the scenes at Scio. Thus we have still unfavorable accounts of the state of Constantinople after the reception of that bad news, but we have no accounts by sea, as not a vessel from the capital has arrived for several days.

**Vienna, July 18.**—With respect to the congress to be held at Vienna in the month of September, we learn that the Emperors of Russia and Austria will be there in person; but that the Courts of Berlin, Paris, and London, will send Ministers. The Porte, it seems, has declined taking any part in this congress, on the ground already alleged, that it has no political relations with the christian powers which can make it necessary to conclude new treaties. It seems that the journey of the emperor Alexander will extend beyond Verona, and that his Imperial Majesty will visit Rome, and the South of Italy. It is certain, at least, that count Italinsky, the Russian Ambassador at Rome, has received orders to have a residence prepared for his Sovereign.

**Madrid, July 23.**—On the evening of the 19th their Majesties and Royal Highnesses appeared in public, for the first time since the late events. They took an airing as far as the gate Alcala. They were escorted by a brilliant squadron of the Volunteer Mounted militia. In every place through which they passed they were received by the people with respectful silence. At the moment when they arrived at the Puerta del Sol, an ecclesiastic, said to be a franciscan, cried out, in a loud tone "Mueron los perjeros." He was immediately arrested by the Police, as a disturber of public order; but was afterwards set at liberty, after having shown that he was not actuated by any ill intention.

The speedy convocation of the Extraordinary Cortes, and of a counter-cordon, is called for in numerous and energetic addresses from all parts of the kingdom.

It is calculated that the Volunteer Militia, who have been armed and clothed during the last three months pursuant to a late decree of the cortes, exceed the number of 500,000 men throughout the whole Peninsula.

**ENGLISH AUCTION SALES.**

In one of our last English papers we notice among other property disposed of at public sale, that a congregation of the Established Church was knocked down to the highest bidder for 2,350*l.* sterling, or, in the words of the advertisement, that sum was given for "the next presentation to a vicarage with an income of 600*l.* per ann. the present incumbent being 59 years of age." We can imagine that an inexperienced auctioneer would find some difficulty in putting up such an article. A lot of human souls would puzzle a man accustomed only to deal in bale goods, and he might find himself embarrassed for language to tempt the reverend speculators to offer an adequate price for the singular commodity in market. A simple and inexperienced republican could only say, "How much is offered, reverend traders in souls, for this parcel of church-going tythe-paying parisoners?—2,000*l.*—what, no more for this profitable congregation? Why, gentlemen, it is not half the value—350 more—dog cheap still. What, only 2,500*l.* for the power to save or damn so many honest Christians. Is no more bid? Going—going—gone." In our uncivilized country, this would be rather shocking, but in England it is quite the reverse. The salvation of half the kingdom is regularly in market, and christian congregations are bought and sold as we dispose of hardware or piece goods; and yet these traffickers in what is most holy in this world and the next, think that they are entitled to revile us because we sell the labor of blacks. Such is the force of names and power of prejudice.

N. Y. Amer.

At a late Ball given by the King of England to the Prince and Princess of Denmark all the Foreign Ambassadors were invited, except the Minister from Spain!—And at an entertainment given by a Noble Lord a few days after, the same circumstance occurred!

**Howel Dha,** prince of Wales, who died in the year 948, was their lawgiver. One of his laws is, "If any one kill or steal the cat that guards the prince's granary, he forfeits a mill-ewe with her lamb; or as much wheat as will cover the cat, when suspended by the tail, the head touching the ground."

APPOINTMENT

M. J. A. Moore, has been appointed Post-Master at Newport in this county...

We have received a Package of Dr. Mendenhall's Specific Remedy for the Ague and Billious Remitting Fever...

Erratum.—In our last number in noticing the death of Mrs. Wehman, by an error of the press her name was published FARRER...

Owing to the absence of the Editor, and another cause which defeated his arrangement the Governor's list of nominations for Congress was not published last week...

The Fever in New-York, we regret to state, appears to be rather on the increase. It continues to extend over the city, notwithstanding the greatest exertions are used to arrest its progress...

The foreign scraps which we this week present to our readers are not without considerable interest. The progress and success of the Greek armies are a cause of rejoicing to every Christian and freeman...

We received a communication from a "Hobewell Farmer" which for several reasons we cannot insert. We have, in common with all Editors of Newspapers who claim to themselves any respect, and do not wish to make themselves responsible to the public for the articles which they publish...

Pensioners look out!—Funds have been received at the Trenton Bank for the payment of the Pensioners of this State.

The "WEEKLY MESSENGER," Edited by Mrs. A. S. Coffin of Washington City, has been discontinued. We regret this circumstance for several reasons; the first is, because it is a valuable work, and one which bid fair to be of public usefulness...

Unfortunate Accident!—On Sunday the 22d inst a serious accident took place in Maurice River Township, originally in what is called mischievous sport. At the house of Miss Thompson, a young lad, Mr. Thompson's son, aged about 14 years, was playing with his sister somewhat younger than himself, and the daughter of Mr. Peterson, a neighbor, about his own age...

ter the other girl seized her around the neck, screaming with apprehension and fright. He snatched the piece, which, unfortunately, being loaded, discharged its contents. Both the girls were severely wounded. The arm of Miss Peterson was broken and otherwise lacerated, and a part of Miss Thompson's neck was shot away...

By the Packet ship Amity at New-York 38 days from Liverpool, intelligence has been received of the death of the Marquis of Londonderry. He put a period to his existence by cutting the carotid artery. His soon was to have taken his departure for the continent, to meet the Congress of sovereigns soon to associate there...

The king of England had embarked for Scotland. The late period at which the news by the Amity arrived prevents our inserting more copious extracts. There is, however, nothing of great importance. What there is shall be given in our next.

The two famous Southern belligerents, Cumming and M'Duffie, agreed to meet near the Saluda Gap, on the North Carolina line. M'Duffie being the challenged had the choice of terms. He agreed to fight on the 2d or 3d. To this C. objected as he said, on account of fatigue, but in reality on account of having by some means learned that M'D. had been practising to fight at 6 instead of 10 paces, at which they had fought before...

We have always considered these gentlemen as cowards, but now we want no further evidence of the fact. Of the two we think M'D. the braver man, and as possessing by far the most forbearing and generous spirit. All that we can conceive, of vindictive rankling malice, pride, insolence, and cowardice, are evidently concentrated in Cumming. He would not fight unless certain of killing his antagonist...

Extract from NOTES of a Journey taken on a late excursion through a part of Pennsylvania.

The district through which we travelled was beautiful, but occasionally hilly and broken. The roads seemed to partake of the nature of the surrounding scenery. They were rough or smooth as they passed through broken hills or level lawns. My fellow travellers were a mixed group of both sexes and various descriptions. At one time, as we were passing along an uneven road, a Lady in the stage complained much of the uncomfortable jolting, as she called it, and which she said was scarcely to be endured...

We have not room in our paper this week for the whole of the address of the delegates that assembled in Trenton, on Wednesday the 18th inst. to form a Congressional Ticket. We give, therefore, the following extract, that our readers may be informed of the sense of that meeting relative to the Honorable Member from this county whose name was left out in forming that Ticket.

nearly similar circumstances. They promised to hear me, and I proceeded.

A short time ago, while upon a journey, I stopped in the City of Philadelphia. On retiring in the evening, I was placed in the same chamber with two gentlemen who were also travellers. My fellow lodgers, more loquacious and less fatigued were much disposed to converse;—and as one happened to be a Pennsylvanian and the other a Jerseyman, the merits of the two states and their peculiar advantages became the topic of conversation. As gentlemen more than ladies, love to discourse of Wars and fighting, so these disputants supported a long and hot controversy upon the question whether Pennsylvania or New Jersey contributed most to achieve the Revolution of '76...

The son of Penn here began to exult, and congratulate himself on a triumph, which called forth a remonstrance from the Jerseyman, who seemed not a little provoked that his state should be scandalized for its poverty. He was about to proceed with some keenness when I begged him to hear me out, that I had not concluded, and that a short explanation would set the matter to rights. "The inhabitants of New-Jersey" I continued, "were Patriots to a man, and when the enemy advanced into their country, they swept it of all the provisions that could come within their reach, and suffered the consequences rather than that they should riot on the fruits of their labors; whereas the Pennsylvanians, when the enemy marched into their state, fed them with abundance and took tile payment!" This Anecdote was concluded with some pleasantries from the ladies, who took the hint, and put an end to the altercation.

NOMINATION. The following Ticket is recommended to the Electors of this county, for their support at the ensuing election. It is the result of a consultation between persons of several Townships, viz:

- COUNCIL. Ebenezer Seeley, William B. Ewing, Moses Bateman, E. Q. C. Elmer.

Congressional Ticket.

The delegates from the different counties in this state, met in Trenton, on Wednesday last, pursuant to public notice. After choosing Gen. JOSEPH BLOOMFIELD, President, and Mr. DANIEL COLEMAN, Secretary, they proceeded to the object of their meeting, and agreed upon the following Congressional ticket, with great unanimity, viz:

- George Cassidy, of Bergen; Lewis Condit, of Morris; Samuel Swan, of Somerset; George Holcombe, of Monmouth; James Matlack, of Gloucester; and Daniel Garrison, of Salem.

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DANIEL GARRISON, Esq. of Salem, is a new candidate for congress, though he was formerly in the state legislature and has held several important trusts in the county. In every situation he has discovered a sound understanding, and unblemished integrity. He is taken up in the place of Dr. BATEMAN, one of your present Representatives. The latter is not discarded on account of any disapprobation of his past course, or any distrust of his future fidelity. On the contrary, we regard him as a

capable and faithful public servant, & as deserving well of his constituents. But the ensuing session will complete eight years that he has held his seat; and it is thought but justice that as the county of Cumberland has thus long had the Representative from that district, the county of Salem should now be indulged with the member.

The following Ticket we find published at the request of a correspondent of the Newark "Centinel." It is expressive of the sentiments entertained in that district of the Gentlemen whose names are given in it, and in what manner their talents are appreciated there.

- COMMUNICATION. The following Ticket is recommended to be supported at the ensuing election, for members of congress. John Rutherford, Lewis Condit, George Holcombe, Isaac Southard, Lucius Q. C. Elmer, Ephraim Bateman.

Two questions are propounded. 1st. Would not the men here proposed, represent the state of New-Jersey in congress more satisfactorily than those nominated at Trenton. 2d. Have those men any superior claim to our votes from the circumstance of their being agreed on by that convention.

- Messers Clarke & Co. By publishing the following ticket for the consideration of the voters of the county of Cumberland, you will oblige STOE CREEK. COUNCIL—Ebenezer Seeley, Esq. ASSEMBLY—William B. Ewing, Moses Bateman, Israel Stratton. SHERIFF—Azél Pierson. CORONERS—Robert Alderman, Stephen Lupton, Lorenzo F. Fisler. September 19, 1882.

NOMINATIONS For Members of the Legislative Council, General Assembly, Sheriff, and Coroners, for the County of Cumberland,—made at the Court-House, September 2, 1882.

- COUNCIL. Jonathan Dallas, John Sibley, Esq.\* James D. Westcott, Nathan Leake, Ebenezer Elmer\*, James Clark\*, Daniel Elmer, Isaac Townsend, Joshua Brick\*, William B. Ewing\*, John Holmes, Ebenezer Seeley, John McIntosh. General Assembly. Joshua Brick\*, Elias P. Seeley, Lucius Q. C. Elmer, Daniel Parvin, James Clark\*, Daniel Carrall, John Mayhew, Jeremiah Stratton, Dan Simkins, Moses Bateman, William B. Ewing, Clark Henderson, Henry Howell\*, George Souder\*, Nathan Leake, Timothy Elmer\*, Amos Westcott\*, Israel Stratton, Jacob Shull, John Trenchard, jun.\* John Buck, James Compton, Thomas Lee\*, Isaac Townsend, Daniel C. Pierson\*, Enos F. Randolph, Joseph Buck, David Lupton\*, John Sibley\*, Isaac Whitecar, John McIntosh, Edmund Sheppard\*, John Ogden, jr.\* John Chatman. Sheriff. Daniel M. Woodruff, John Mayhew, George Souder, James B. Potter\*, Azél Pierson\*, Norton Harris\*, John Lanning, jun. David Lupton, Matthias Burch, Moses Burt, John Hanb, jun.

- Coroners. Lorenzo F. Fisler, David Read, David Reeves, Moses Burt, Benjamin T. Diamant, Joseph Dayton, Keuben Hunt, Stephen Lupton\*, Clark Henderson, Enos Woodruff, Theophilus E. Harris, Preston Stratton, Joseph Golden, Robert Alderman, Henry Socwell. \* Those marked thus decline.

The following has also, been offered to the public for their suffrages. Council—James D. Westcott. Assembly—L. Q. C. Elmer, Isaac Stratton, John Mayhew.

A LIST Of Persons nominated as Candidates for Representatives from the state of New-Jersey, in the eighteenth Congress of the United States.

- WILLIAM T. ANDERSON, Isaac Andrus, Robert L. Armstrong, Ephraim Bateman, John Beatty, Joseph Bloomfield, Joseph Bennell, John A. Boyd, Joshua Brick, Abraham Britten, Geo. Cassidy, Thomas Chapin, John Clement, Lewis Condit, Silas Condit, James C. Cook, Benjamin B. Cooper, Silas Crane, Isaac W. Crane, John S. Darcy, John Dickinson, Enoch Dougherty, Jerediah Dubois, Jeremiah Dubois, L. Q. C. Elmer, Charles Ewing, Jeremiah J. Foster, Samuel Fowler, John Frelinghuysen, Theodore Frelinghuysen, Daniel Garrison, John H. Glover,

Ephraim Green, jun. Henry Hazerman, John D. Harring, Caled Balsted, jun. Shamar Hewitt, George Hulcombe, Joseph C. Hornblower, Ralph Hunt, Samuel L. James, William N. Jeffers, Samuel Kille, Thomas T. Kinney, Charles Kinsey, Nathan Leake, Aaron Leaming, James Ludlam, Wm. McCullough, Joseph McIlvaine, James Matlack, Peter Merseles, William W. Miller, Jephtha B. Munn, James Newell, James Parker, Samuel J. Reed, Joseph Rogers, of Gloucester John Rutherford, Robert W. Rutherford, Robert Rutherford, Thomas C. Ryerson, William Scott, Joseph W. Scott, Freedom L. Shiin, Merriam Smith, John L. Smith, Isaac Southard, Ezekiel Stevens, El-nathan Stevenson, Samuel Swan, Augustus R. Taylor, David Thompson, David Thompson, jun. Hedge Thompson, Robert C. Thompson, Elias Vauarsdale, Peter D. Vroom, Jun. G. Vret D. Wall, James D. Westcott, J. Wilson, Thomas Yarrow. I, ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, of the state of New-Jersey, do hereby certify that the above is a true list of all the persons nominated on the first Monday in September instant, as Candidates for Representatives from this state in the eighteenth congress of the United States.—Given under my hand at Trenton, this twelfth day of September, in the year of our Lord 1882. ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON.

Variety of all sorts.

The actual communing members of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the United States, are computed at 297,000; and adding to these the junior members of Methodist families, the congregation is supposed to amount to more than a million of souls.—The yellow fever is stated, by the Physicians of the place to prevail in Fluvanna, and some other counties, on James River Va.—A new Flax dressing machine is said to have been invented to the eastward which bids fair to rival Mr. Dey's celebrated improvement.—The Baltimore Federal Republican estimates the quantity of whiskey drank in a year in the United States to amount to thirty millions of gallons.—Mr. Coombs of New-York was killed by lightning in Woodbridge N.J. on Saturday last.—A Mail robbery. The way mail between New-York and Philadelphia was stolen from behind the mail coach on the night of the 9th inst. and every letter contained in the portmanteau broken open. Nothing escaped them except two promissary notes of 1,400 dollars. One hundred dollars reward is offered, the fragments of letters were found near Princeton.—Daniel Andrews at New-Boston lately mowed a measured acre of meadow grass in one hour and 26 minutes; another person at the same time took half a minute more.—A whirlwind only a few feet in diameter at Philpott's ferry in Salem county took up a wagon house and waggon—carried them a few hundred yards and destroyed them, also whirled a tree round which was 4 feet in diameter, took it up into the air roots and all, and in its descent, it fell upon a distillery which it demolished.—The yellow fever has made its appearance at Pensacola a place proverbial for the salubrity of its climate.—It is said that official documents have been received in this city, (Philadelphia) announcing the fact that the Prince regent of Brazil, has followed the example of Iturbide, proclaiming himself "Emperor of Brazil."—The New-York papers make an estimate of the duties received and receivable at New York, for the current year, from which they estimate the probable receipts at the different ports of entry throughout the United States, and make the whole computation about 21,000,000 of dollars. Mr. Crawford's estimates for this year were computed at 14 millions.—The Parliament of Great Britain was prorogued on the 6th of Aug. His majesty was to proceed forthwith to Scotland where great preparations were making to receive him.—Several gentlemen in England are using means to raise spiders, for the purpose of procuring a quantity of their web, which, it is said, is superior to the silk of the silkworm in the making of silk.—The bones of the famous horse Eclipse, in a case, are offered for sale at 1600 guineas in England.—A new weekly paper, edited by a learned Hindoo, has been recently published in India, in the Bengalee language. It is the first attempt of the kind. The title of the paper is singular as its publication is novel. It is entitled "Sungdoud Community," or the "Moon of Intelligence."—A writer in a Philadelphia paper calculates that 2000 looms require annually 2,852,571 pounds of raw cotton, which produce 2,496,000 pounds of yarn; this is woven into 9,984,000 yards of cloth, of the average value of 20 cents per yard, and amounts to \$1,996,700. Subscriptions will be received at this Office for the following works. WESLEYAN REPOSITORY. Published in a Magazine form, monthly, at Trenton, by W. S. Stockton. MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE AND SCIENCE conducted by Robert Walsh, Jr. and published by E. Littell, Philadelphia.

From the Savannah Georgian, Sept. 10.  
**Cumming and McDuffie.**—We have been favoured by a friend with extracts of two letters, dated at Greenville, S. C. on the 31st ult. and the 1st inst. which give the latest intelligence of these belligerents. By these it appears that they left that place with their friends on 29th Aug. with the intention of settling their dispute on the ensuing Monday, about 50 miles from Greenville, in the mountains, over the S. Carolina line, in North Carolina; but previous to the meeting Col. Cumming was arrested in N. Carolina. Whether this suspends the duel or not adds the writer, is uncertain. They may yet meet in South Carolina or Tennessee. The mountain boys are all in arms against them."

**Cotton.**—Some seeds of this plant were put in the ground at Camden, New Jersey, in May last, and on the 1st of September, (instant,) a part of it was maturely ripened and fit to gather. It was late in the spring when these seeds were planted, there cannot be a doubt but that this valuable plant may be successfully cultivated in the sandy soil of New Jersey.

New York, September 20.

**WORTHY OF NOTICE.**

On Wednesday last, three coloured men were employed to empty a celler, corner of Pine and Front streets, in which was found nearly two feet of stagnant water. In the evening, one of the men sickened, and died the next morning at 4 o'clock.

We regret to learn that there are sixty-two cases of fever on board the British frigate Iphigenia, just arrived from Jamaica via Havana, and now at anchor in the bay.

**REMOVAL.**

**P. C. WILLMARTH,**  
 HAS REMOVED HIS  
**HAT STORE,**  
 from No. 21 to No. 131 North 3d Street, above Race Street,  
 PHILADELPHIA.

AT THE  
**Sign of the Golden Hat,**  
 Where he offers an excellent assortment of  
**LOW-PRICED HATS,**  
 ALSO,  
**WATER-PROOF**  
**Imitation Beaver Hats**  
 Which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability.  
 Mens HATS finished in the first style at \$2 50.

A handsome deduction made at Wholesale.  
 P. C. W. having received the most encouraging patronage from a candid and discerning Public, with the utmost confidence in the merits of his Manufacture, anticipates a continued and increasing custom.  
 February 11. 59f

**New-York Infirmary.**

**Gratuitous treatment of Cancers, Fistulas and Ulcers.**  
 DR. BEACH, successor to the late Dr. Tidd, of New-Jersey, respectfully informs the public, that he will open on Thursday 8th of August next, an Infirmary at No. 4, Chamber street, for the special treatment of **Cancers, Fistulas and Ulcers.** More than one thousand persons have been cured of these diseases in this city in the last three years, without surgical operations, by the same mode of treatment that will be pursued at this Infirmary.  
 It is opened exclusively for the benefit of the indigent, labouring under these distressing maladies. This class of community are respectfully invited to call, and receive medicine and attendance without money and without price.  
 N. B. The Infirmary will be opened twice a week, on Mondays and Thursdays, between the hours of twelve and one.

**Notice is hereby Given,**

TO the several creditors of **Edward H. Mulford,** of Hancock's bridge, Salem county and state of New-Jersey, that they must exhibit to the Assignees their accounts properly attested, on or before the 17th day of October next, or be barred of the benefit of their dividends.

**Thomas W. Cattell,**  
**Charles Mulford,**  
**Abraham Johnson,**  
 Assignees.  
 Bridgeton, Sept. 10.

**BOOKS**

For sale at this Office.  
 Dr. Green's Discourses delivered in the College of New-Jersey.  
 The Pulpit made free.  
 Dr. Green's Sermons.  
 Farewell Letters, by William Ward of Saratoga.  
 Bartons Prems.

**Creditors Take Notice,**

THAT we have applied to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Cumberland, and they have appointed the 9th day of November next, at 2 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Bridgeton, to meet for the purpose of hearing what can be alleged for or against our liberation from confinement as insolvent debtors.

**James Abraham,**  
**Jacob Hires,**  
**Samuel Tomkinson, Jr.**  
**Preston McCully.**  
 Cumberland Prison, Sept. 27th 1822. 92p

**NEW DISCOVERY**

Of a speedy and effectual Remedy for Ague and Bilious Remitting Fever.

This invaluable Medicine, although a late discovery, has been already administered to several hundred patients, all of whom it has perfectly cured, without a single exception, in the short period of twenty-four hours, notwithstanding a great number of those cases had previously resisted a copious use of the Bark, and various other remedies.

Such is the astonishing efficacy of this medicine, that the first dose invariably subdues the disease, but a few others are necessary to prevent the possibility of a relapse. It is a gratifying fact, fully confirmed by observation, that the patients who have been cured by this excellent medicine regain their usual strength much sooner than those under any other method of treatment; and it is so gentle in its operation that Infants may take it, without producing any sort of commotion in the system. The most satisfactory references can be given to a multitude of persons who have been cured; it is, therefore, now offered to the public, as the safest and most efficient remedy hitherto known for the prompt cure of Ague and Bilious Remitting Fever.

Prepared and Sold wholesale by Dr. **MAYDDLETON,** 147, South 8th St. Philadelphia; and retail, by his appointment, at the Office of the WHIG, at two dollars per packet, with ample directions.  
 September 16. 90

**NOTICE.**

THE subscribers respectfully inform their former customers, and the public in general, that they have taken the large new

**Fire-proof Store House,**

next to the Hotel in Bridgeton, and lately built by Dr. William Elmer, and are now trading under the firm of

**POTTERS & WOODRUFF.**

They return their sincere thanks to all their former friends and customers, & hope by their industry and attention to business to merit a continuance of their favors.

They have now on hand, and offer for Sale, a general assortment of

**DRY GOODS,**  
**GROCERIES,—HARDWARE,**  
**Cutlery, Queensware, Hollow-ware, Looking-glasses,**  
**Bar-Iron, Crowley and country Steel,**  
 &c. &c.

In addition to the above they have received

**A fresh supply of Goods,**  
 suited to the season,

particularly those kinds of fancy articles, at this season of the year generally in demand.

Cash, Country Produce, Cord Wood and Lumber of all kinds, taken in exchange.

**J. B. Potter,**  
**R. B. Potter,**  
 Thos. Woodruff.  
 Bridgeton, July 13. 81

**For Sale,**  
**A VALUABLE FARM,**

SITUATE on the upper side of and bounding on Cohansy creek, in the township of Hopewell, Cumberland county, N. J. about five miles from Bridgeton, and three from Greenwich; joining lands of Samuel Tomkinson, Lewis Tomkinson, and the heirs of Isaac Wheaton, deceased, containing 218 acres, about 100 of which is tillable land; between 50 and 60 of meadow, the whole of which is completely banked, drained and well improved—the residue is Woodland and maple swamp. The timber is nearly all white oak and hickory. There are, on said farm, a brick dwelling-house, with a well of excellent water near the door, a dairy house, a barn, and a number of out-buildings. There is also an Orchard in full bearing, of a good selection of fruit, and a young orchard of 160 trees, set out last spring. The whole is under good cedar fence, mostly post and rail.

For terms, enquire of the subscriber, residing thereon.  
**John Reeve.**  
 Hopewell, 9th-Month 2d. 88 f.

**NOTICE.**

Pursuant to an Order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at

**Public Vendue,**  
 On Wednesday the 25th day of September next,

In the afternoon of said day, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton,  
**A Lot of Land,**

In the township of Maurice River, at Schooner Landing—on which is a Dwelling-house, Store-house & Wharf; together with all the landed property of **Fithian Stratton,** deceased, at Schooner Landing aforesaid.

Conditions will be made known at the time of sale, by  
**Daniel Parvin, exec'r.**  
 August 19. 86 Gt.

**Sale of Real Estate.**

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cape May, the subscriber, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of **Thomas Douglass,** late of Cape May aforesaid, deceased, will expose a part of the Real Estate of said deceased to

**PUBLIC SALE,**  
 On the premises, on Saturday the 12th day of October next, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

The property consists of

**A PLANTATION,**

With the appurtenances, adjoining lands of **Abraham Hand Miller** and others—supposed to contain about two hundred and seventy acres. Any person desirous of viewing the premises previous to the day of sale, will be shown the same by applying to **WILLIAM DOUGLASS,** living near the premises. Conditions of the sale and terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, by

**KEZIA SMITH, late Douglass,**  
 September 2—4t. Executrix.

**Cape May Orphans' Court,**  
 TERM OF AUGUST, 1822.

Present, **Cresse Townsend, Ezekiel Stevens, Jacob Foster, and others,** Esquires, Judges.

**William L. Stites,** administrator, & of **Elisheba Godfrey,** deceased—and **Samuel Hoffman,** administrator, &c. of **Eleanor Swain,** deceased, having respectively presented to this Court attested just and true accounts of the personal estates, and also of the debts and credits of the said decedents respectively, whereby it appears that the personal estate of each of the said decedents is insufficient to pay their respective debts—and the said administrators having set forth to the Court that the said decedents died seized of real estate in the county of Cape May, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises,—

It is therefore Ordered, that all persons interested in the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of **Elisheba Godfrey** and **Eleanor Swain,** or either of them, do appear before this Court, at the Court-House in said county, on the third Monday in October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estate of said decedents should not be sold as will be sufficient to pay their respective debts.

By the Court,  
**Jehu Townsend, Clerk.**  
 August 10, 1822. 88 St.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue,

On Tuesday the fifteenth day of October next,  
 Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton,  
 The four following described

**Tracts of Land,**

Situate in the Township of Millville, near the village:

- 1st. Joins Maurice River; the Rawson Survey, and other lands; contains one hundred acres, more or less, except thereout two lots said to be the property of William Charlesworth.
- 2d. Joins Maurice River, lands of Patrick McCormick, and others, contains one acre and ten hundredths.
- 3d. Commonly called the Herring Hole Landing, joins on Maurice River, lands of Smith & Wood, and others, contains seven acres and eighty-four hundredths, more or less.
- 4th. A moiety or half part of a lot of land situate between the Glass Manufactory and the Iron Furnace, joins Maurice River, land of Alexander T. Moore and others, contains fifteen acres and seventy-nine hundredths, more or less.

Seized as the property of Joseph Millvain and Mary his wife, defendants, and taken in execution at the suit of Paul Busti, and John J. Vanderkemp, complainants, and to be sold by

**WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.**  
 August 10.—Sept. 9. 89

**NOTICE.**

THE Subscriber informs his Friends, and the Public in general, that he will be prepared by the first of May, to receive **WOOL for Carding into Rolls,** and for **Manufacturing into Cloth,** as heretofore;—a Building will be erected to enable him to commence

**Fulling and Dressing**

Cloth in September; the Cards and Machinery will be new, and no pains will be spared to give general satisfaction, to those who favour him with their custom.

Those persons who are indebted to the Subscriber, are earnestly requested to settle their accounts without delay, and save expence and trouble.—Grain and Wool received at market prices.

**Enoch H. More.**  
 Bridgeton Mills, April 15th. 68f

**SALE OF LANDS.**  
 WILL BE SOLD

**AT PUBLIC SALE;**

On Thursday the 17th day of October next, at the Inn of Joseph Cooper, in the Upper Township, in the County of Cape May,—the several Tracts of Land hereinafter mentioned, situate in the township of Weymouth, in the county of Gloucester, formerly belonging to Seth Bid—

1. One-half of 300 Acres, Woodland and Marsh, known by the name of the "Mickle Property."
2. 106 Acres of Cedar Swamp, known by the name of the "Benezet Swamp."
3. One-fourth part of a Saw-Mill and Mill Seat, on Gibson's Creek, called Street Mill.
4. 40 Acres of Woodland, adjoining lands of Joseph Ingersoll.
5. 85 Acres of Woodland, on Turkey Hoe, joining lands of John Williams.
6. 85 Acres of Land and Marsh, on Gibson's Creek.
7. 25 Acres of Land and Marsh, in Raised Point Tract.

The subscriber is authorized to sell the same under the Insolvent Laws of New Jersey, being the Assignee of the above named Seth Hand. Sale will commence at two o'clock, P. M.

The Creditors of said Seth Hand, are desired to meet at the Inn above mentioned, on the day of sale, at one o'clock, P. M. to settle the terms of sale.

A more particular description of the property, and the terms of sale, will be given on the day of sale.  
**JEREMIAH HAND,**  
 Middle township, Cape May, Sept. 16. 90ts.

**NOTICE.**

Pursuant to an Order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cape May, will be exposed to

**Public Sale,**

On Saturday the 2d day of November, 1822, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M. at the Inn of Robert Baremore, at Goshen, the following described Real Estate, Situate in the Middle township of said county, viz.

- NO. 1—A tract of Woodland, 100 acres more or less, adjoining lands of **Thomas Learning,** and others.
- NO. 2—Also a tract of Woodland, 69 acres more or less, adjoining lands of Sarah Hand and others.
- NO. 3—A lot of arable land, with the improvements thereon, adjoining the aforesaid tracts, 11 acres more or less.
- NO. 4—Also a lot of arable land, situate on the sea shore road, adjoining lands of **Thomas Learning** and others, 3 acres more or less, together with all the landed property of **Permenas Corson,** deceased, in the county of Cape May. To be sold by an order of said Court, to satisfy the debts of the deceased aforesaid. Conditions, and a further description of the property, will be made known at the time of sale, by

**William Learning,**  
 Sept. 16. 90ts. Administrator.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue,

On Tuesday the fifteenth day of October next,  
 Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton:

**A tract of Salt Marsh,**

Situate in the township of Fairfield, the remainder unsold of that tract of Salt Marsh called Backneck or Middle Marsh, and is bounded on the north by Middle Marsh Creek, on the west by Smith Bowen's line, and the Delaware Bay, down to or near the mouth of old Oyster Creek, from thence in a straight line to Back Creek—the remainder is said to contain two thousand acres, more or less.

Seized as the property of Edward Rawson, defendant, and taken in execution at the suit of Thomas M. Stout, complainant, and to be sold by

**WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.**  
 August 10.—Sept. 9. 89

**JUST PUBLISHED,**

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,  
**A REPORT**  
 Of a Cause tried in the District Court of Philadelphia, April 24, 1822;  
**John Keen vs. Philip Rice,**  
 Involving the right of NEW JERSEY to the **OYSTER BEDS**  
 IN MAURICE RIVER COVE.  
 Price 12 1/2 Cents.  
 August 26.

**Sheriff's Sale.**

BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the 10th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Richard Jarman, Laurel Hill—the moiety or half part of

A Dwelling House, Smith Shop, and Lot of Land,  
 Joins John Rose and others, contains half an acre more or less; a lot contains one acre more or less, joins John Perry and others together with all the land of the defendant. Seized as the property of Josiah Syms, and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Seeley, and to be sold by

**WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.**  
 July 8—Aug. 5. 84

The Sale of the above mentioned property is adjourned to Tuesday the eighth day of October next, at the place and between the hours above stated:  
**WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.**  
 September 16. 90

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT a Bill will be presented to the Legislature of New Jersey at their next sitting, to authorise the owners of Marshes and Swamps on Oronokon creek, in the township of Downe, to dam across, stop, and lay flood-gates in said Oronokon creek,—And also to repeal an act entitled "An act to authorise the banking and improving certain Marsh, Meadow and Swamp, in the township of Downe, in the county of Cumberland," passed February 2, 1819, and the supplement thereto, passed January 31, 1820.  
 88 St. Downe township, August 26.

**Six Cents Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 23d inst. my boy, named

**Joseph M'Corricle,**  
 about 17 years of age, light complexion much freckled, and has a mark over one of his eyes—had on striped linen trousers, snuff colored roundabout, & wool hat. Any person who will bring him back to me shall have the above reward, but no charges. All persons are forbid harboring him at their peril.

**John Johnson, Farmer.**  
 September 2. 88 4tq

**PROPOSALS**

To publish by subscription  
**The Third Annual Lecture,**  
 Founded by Doct. Jonathan Elmer;

Which was delivered in November, 1820, in the Churches of Bridgeton and Greenwich—in which it is clearly proved, that the doctrine of **Particular Redemption** is taught in the Scriptures, and that it is the doctrine of the Confession of Faith and Catechisms of the Presbyterian Church in the United States.  
 By the Rev. Jonathan Freeman.  
 PRICE 25 CENTS.  
 79 July 1, 1822.

ADJOURNMENT.—The land of James Moore, which was to have been sold this day, is adjourned to the 10th day of October next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M. at the Inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton. **DAN SIMKINS, late Sheriff.**  
**WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.**  
 September 16. 90 3t.

**GERMAN FLUTES,**

With Preceptors.  
 For Sale at this Office.

**PRINTING**

Neatly executed at this Office.  
 Warrants, Subpoenas,  
 And a variety of other blanks,  
 For Sale at this Office.

**Prices-Current at Bridgeton.**

Corrected Weekly for the Whig.

Wheat, per bushel,	\$1 25
Rye, do.	75
Corn, do.	75
Oats, do.	33 to 37 1/2
Wheat Flour, per cwt. 4 00 to 4 50	
Rye do. do.	2 75
Butter, per pound,	14 to 15
Lard, do	10
Hams, do	12 1/2
Pork, do	8
Wool, do	40 to 50
Keathers, do	50
Potatoes, per bushel,	40 to 50
Beans, do	scarce
Apple Jack, per gallon,	40 to 45
Oak Wood, dry, per cord,	4 00
do. green,	3 25 to 3 50
Hickory	5 00 to 6 00

**Philadelphia Prices Current.**

Corrected Weekly.

Bacon and Fitch, per lb.	50	to	0 8
Beans, bushel	1 25	o	1 50
Beef, mess, barrel	10		12
Brick, run of, Kiln, M.	6 50		
Bristles, American lb.			scarce
Butter, lump, "	14		18
Do, salt, insp. "	12		14
Candles, tallow dip.	12		
Coffee, W. I. fine gr.	26		27
Do, 2d quality "			25
Do, Java "	27		28
Do, mixed qual. "	25		26
Cheese, "	12		14
Cider, best, barrel	3 50		
Feathers, American lb.	32		35
Flax, clean "			
Firewood, hickory cord	6		6 50
Do, oak "	4 00		5 50
Do, pine "	3 50		4 50
Do, gum logs "			
Flour, wheat, barrel			7 50
Do, rye "	4 25		
Do, corn meal "	3 62		
Glass, wind			
8 by 10, 100 feet,	6 7		
10 by 12 "	7 75		
Grain, wheat, bushel	1 40		1 45
do, rye "	85		93
do, corn "	80		85
do, oats "	40		45
do, bran double "	25		
Hams, lb.	10		12
Iron, in bars, ton	95		100
do, sheet "	165		170
do, hoop, large "	128		130
do, do small "	140		
do, rod "	125		130
do, hollow ware "	80		90
Lard, lb.	0 9		0 10
Lumber, 1000 feet			
Boards, yel. pine, 1 to 2 inch	14 00		16
do, do heart, 1 inch	25		30
do, do white pine, pannel	30		
do, do do common	17 50		22 50
Scantling, pine, 1000	15		20
do, heart do "	25		30
do, sap do "	14		
Lath, oak "	7		9
Oar, rafters "	25		
Timber, pine "	25		
do, inch spruce "	12		20
do, do oak "	22		25
Shingles, cedar 3 ft. "	17		21
do, cyp. 22 inch "	4		4 25
Staves, pipe, w. o. 1200	70		
do, hhd. do "	38		
do, do red oak "	20		24
do, barrel, w. oak "	18		24
Heading, oak "	38		55
Hoops, shaved "	25		
do, rough "			
Mackarel, barrel			0 38
Molasses, sug. house gall.	0 38		0 40
do, West India "	35		38
Nails, cut, all sizes lb.	7		12
Oil, sperm, gal.	65		
Peas, bushel	75		80
Pork, Jersey, barrel	13 00		14
Rice, new crop, cwt.	3 50		
Shal. southern, barrel			
Salt, fine, bushel			
do, ground "			
Seed, clover, "	6 50		
do, herd grass "	80		90
do, timothy "	3 50		4 00
Segars, Spanish, 1000	6		16
do, American "	1 75		
Shot, all sizes, cwt.	9 50		
Spirits, viz.			
Brandy, Peach 4th pf. gall.	80		90
do, Penna. 1st pf. "	63		75
Gin, Philad. dist. do "	41		45
Rum, New England "	38		40
Whiskey, rye "	32		34
do, apple "	38		40
Starch, lb.	7		8
Sugar, New Orleans, cwt.	12 50		13 00
do, loaf, lb.	17		18
do, lump, "			15
Tallow, country, "	10		
Tobacco, Virg. manu. "	9		14
do, do cavern, "	37		32
do, do spun fine "	25		30
do, do large "	15		
Wax, bees, yellow "	36		37
do, white, "	55		60

**General Advertiser.**

**WHISTLER & SEELEY,**  
No. 226, Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully inform their friends & the public that they continue to do Tailoring work in a fashionable and complete style, equal to any in the city. They keep constantly on hand, Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Drillings, Seersuckers,

And a variety of new & fashionable

**Summer and Winter Clothing,** which will be furnished on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms. They warrant all work done by them to be executed in the best manner, or not taken.

Gentlemen residing in the country, by leaving their orders, will have their work forwarded with promptness and despatch, agreeably to directions; the box enclosing them being furnished at a very moderate price.

75 6mo. June 3, 1822.

Subscriptions are received for the following works at the Office of the *Whig*:

- London New Monthly Magazine,
  - Philad'a Saturday do.
  - Presbyterian do.
  - Blackwood's Edinburgh do.
  - Eclectic Repertory,
  - North American Review,
  - Edinburg Quarterly Review,
  - Silliman's American Journal of Science and the Arts, (quarterly)
  - Brookes' Gazetteer, (now publishing)
  - American Farmers' Magazine, — to be published at Morris town, N. J.
- And most of the religious and literary works of eminence now published in the United States.

**By the President of the United States.**

Whereas, the President of the United States is authorized by law to cause lands to be offered for sale:

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known that the public sales shall be held as follows, viz: At the Land Office at Terre Haute, in Indiana, on the first Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 17 and 18, in range 1, east of the 2d principal meridian line

17 and 18, in range 1 to 9, west do

At the Land Office at Vandalia, in Illinois, on the third Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, east of the 3d principal meridian line

11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 3 and 4, do

At the same place, on the third Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 5, 6 and 8, east of the 3d principal meridian line

11, in range 7, do

At the Land Office at Palestine, in Illinois, on the first Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 6, 7, 8 and 9, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, in range 14, west of 2d do

8 and 9, 12 and 13, do

At the same place, on the first Monday in September next, for the sale of Townships 10 11 12 and 13, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

10 11 12 and 13, in ranges 12 13 and 14, west of 2d do

At the same place, on the 1st Monday in October next, for the sale of Townships 14 15 16 and 17, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

14 15 16 and 17, in ranges 12 13 and 14, west of 2d do

At the same place, on the 1st Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 18 19 20 and 21, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

18 19 20 and 21, in ranges 13 and 14, west of 2d principal meridian line

18 19 and 20 in range 12, do do

17 18 19 and 20, 10, do do

At the Land Office for the Northern district of Louisiana, at the town of Ouachita, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 15 16 17 18 and 19, in ranges 1 2 3 4 and 5, west of the meridian line

At the Land Office at the Seat of Justice of the county of Independence, in the Arkansas territory, from the sale of such lands of the United States as are situated in the following described townships and ranges and which have been excluded from the lottery of the lands appropriated for satisfying warrants for military services, viz:

On the first Monday in August next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 20 in range 1, east of the 5th meridian line

1 2 3 4 5 and 6 2 do

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 3 do

1 2 10 11 12 13 and 14 4 do

12 5 do

1 2 3 9 13 14 15 18 19 and 20 1 west do

On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 and 11, in range 10, west of the 5th meridian line

15 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 10 11 do

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 13 do

3 4 5 6 7 and 8 14 do

4 5 and 7 15 do

5 6 and 7 16 do

6 17 do

12 18 19 and 20 9 do

19 10 do

On the 1st Monday in November next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 and 11, in range 10, west of the 5th meridian line

15 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 10 11 do

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 13 do

3 4 5 6 7 and 8 14 do

4 5 and 7 15 do

5 6 and 7 16 do

6 17 do

12 18 19 and 20 9 do

19 10 do

The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will be reserved from sale.

Give under my hand, at the city of Washington, this 14th day of March, 1822.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the Gen. Land Office.

March 25 — wt Nov 1  
Printers who publish the laws of the United States will publish the above once a week till the first Monday in November next, and send their accounts (receipted) to the General Land Office.

**Cumberland Orphans' Court,**  
June Term, 1822.

Ephraim Padgett, administrator of John Deford, deceased, & Sarah Dare, administratrix of Gabriel Dare, dec'd, having severally exhibited to this Court duly attested, an inventory of the personal estates of said decedents, and also an account of the debts and credits by which it appears that the personal estates of said decedents are insufficient to pay their just debts and expenses, and setting forth that said decedents died several seized of real estate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises—

It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the lands, tenements and real estates of said decedents, do appear before the Judges of this Court, on the first day of September Term next, and shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estates of said decedents, situate in the County of Cumberland aforesaid, should not be sold, as will be sufficient to satisfy the debts and expenses which remain unpaid.

By the Court, T. ELMER, Clerk.

July 8. Smo.

**LOTS OF GROUND For Sale.**

Pursuant to the last will and testament of Josiah Miller, deceased, will be exposed at PUBLIC SALE, on Fifth-day the 26th of Ninth Month (Sept.) next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, at the lot of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton,

Two Lots of Ground, of the following description—

1. Bounding 12 1/2 rods on Main Street, Bridgeton, and joining lands of Wm. Elmer and others, containing about an acre and a half, with a barn thereon.

No. 2. Two-fifths of a lot, situate nearly opposite the Presbyterian meeting house, bounding 298 feet on the eastern side of Third Street, and 66 feet on the northern side of Main St. Bridgeton.

Attendance will be given and conditions made known at the time & place above mentioned by

Elizabeth W. Miller, Exec'x.  
William F. Miller, } Ex'rs.  
Jonas Freedland, }  
Sixth-Month 27th. 79 ts.

N. B. It is expected that the owners of the other three-fifths of the last mentioned lot will attend to sell their interest.

**SADDLE, BRIDLE, Harness, Collar & Whip MANUFACTORY.**

THE leave to his customers and the public in general that he has removed from the Pole Tavern, in Salem county, to

LAUREL HILL, TON,

Opposite the Store of Bacon & Tomlinson, — where he intends keeping on hand a general assortment of

Saddlery and Harness, Which he will dispose of at the most reasonable prices; and by his experience in the business he is warranted in saying they shall be equal in neatness and durability to any made in Philadelphia.

All orders will be thankfully received, and attended to with despatch. Country Produce of every kind will be taken in payment.

Andrew Holdzkom. April 22. 70 6mo.

N. B.—One or two APPRENTICES are wanted for the following business, about the age

**PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,**

THAT the Legislature of this State at their last sitting, granted leave for a bill to be presented on the second Tuesday of the next session, to incorporate a Company to make a Lock or Boat Navigation on Maurice River.— All persons interested in the same, are hereby informed, that a public meeting held at the house of David Reed, in Millville, agreeably to public notice on Saturday the 3d of August last, a copy of the proposed bill was read and unanimously adopted, and a committee appointed to wait upon the Legislature for the purpose of presenting it.

Millville, Cumberland Co. N. J. 89 St. September 2, 1822.

**BENNETT & WALTON,**

No. 37, Market Street, Philad'a.

Propose to publish, by subscription,

**BROOKES'S General Gazetteer Improved,**

Or, a new and compendious Geographical Dictionary;

Containing a description of the Empires, Kingdoms, states, provinces, cities, towns, forts, seas, harbors, rivers, lakes, mountains, capes, &c. in the

**KNOWN WORLD:** With the government, customs, manners, and religion of the inhabitants; the extent, boundaries and natural productions of each country; the trade, manufactures and curiosities of the cities and towns; their longitude, latitude, bearings and distances; in English miles, from remarkable places; and the various events by which they have been distinguished:

INCLUDING The Constitution of the United States, the ordinance of 1787, and the Constitutions of the respective States;

Together with a succinct account of at least fifteen hundred cities, towns and villages in America, more than have appeared in any foreign edition of the same work; in which the numerous mistakes & deficiencies of European Gazetteers, respecting this country, are corrected and supplied.

Illustrated by a neat colored Map of the United States.

ORIGINALLY WRITTEN By R. Brookes, M. D.

The fourth American, from the London edition of 1819, with additions and improvements

BY WILLIAM DARBY, Member of the New-York Historical Society, Author of a Map and Statistical Account of Louisiana; Emigrant's Guide; and a Tour from New-York to Detroit.

IN order to render this edition in a peculiar manner valuable to an American reader, the publishers have employed William Darby of this city as editor, to collect and insert the names of such remarkable places on this continent, adjacent islands and elsewhere, as have not hitherto found a place in any gazetteer extant; to remedy such articles as are erroneously or defectively stated, in the original work; and in fine, as far as practicable, to comprise all the places worthy of notice in the world.

So many changes have taken place in Europe in the course of the last 10 or 15 years, as to render necessary a careful digest of the present limits of most states in that quarter of the world.

It must be obvious that in an age of active enterprise, discoveries, improvements and changes in objects of Geographical Science will be so rapid, and unceasing in their operations, as in a few years, to render defective or obsolete any System of Geography, however perfect they may be at the time of publication. It must also be more than apparent, that the correctness of these observations apply with particular force to America; in one section of which, a widely extended revolution is daily developing; as objects of Geographical and Historical record, names of places, very imperfectly or entirely unknown to science, previous to the occurrence of the events which have given them a title to literary attention; and in another quarter, the energies of a free and enterprising people are effecting revolutions on the face of nature, with a celerity and an extent which has no parallel in the progress of human affairs.

The publication of the work has hitherto been delayed in order to procure the census of 1820, which has not yet been completed. The publishers however confidently hope to receive the necessary document, and present the work to their patrons, in the course of the ensuing season, in a form worthy of their acceptance; but the Gazetteer will not be put to press before the returns of the census are obtained, collated, and the various articles digested according to its results.

The Post Office list will be carefully arranged up to the present time, and the mark P. O. placed before the description of all places containing a Post Office.

No comment can be necessary to elucidate the advantages which must be comprised in a portable volume, in which will be concentrated the proposed improvements and additions.

The work to be published in one octavo volume of about 900 pages, printed on good paper, and to be illustrated by a new and neat colored Map of the United States, projected and engraved for the express purpose, to contain the political subdivisions, made up to the period of publication.

Price, neatly bound, Three Dollars and 50 Cents, payable on delivery.

59 December—1821.

**TO HOUSEKEEPERS And Storekeepers.**

THE following articles can be obtained at No. 130, Market street, S. W. corner of 4th and Market, Philadelphia—upon very reasonable terms:

Looking Glasses, Of every size, and all kinds of frames.

Brass Andirons, Shovels and Tongs, and Fenders, Knives and Forks, Tea Trays, Waiters and Bread Baskets, Table Casters,

Britania Tea and Coffee Pots, Coffee Mills, Bellows, Candlesticks, Lamps, Snuffers, &c. &c.

With a great variety of other articles, suitable for housekeepers.

C. P. WAINE, 4th and Market Street, Philada. Sept. 16. 90 3t.

**SILAS W. SEXTON,**

Fashionable Clothier and Merchant Taylor,

No. 28, MARKET STREET,

Between Front and Second streets, south side, two doors east of Leffitia Court, PHILADELPHIA.

HAS now on hand a general assortment of ready made Clothing, consisting of close Coats, Surtouts, Frocks, New Market, and Great Coats, Cloaks, Pantaloon, Vests, Shirts, Hose, Suspenders, & Handkerchiefs; Round Jackets, Pea Jackets, Flannel Shirts and Drawers, Cravats, &c. and a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for Cash. Also: super super Cloth, Cassimeres and Vestings, made up to order in the most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen are requested to call and give his establishment a trial, when no doubt they will find it to their advantage to call again. All orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

52 6m. December 24, 1821.