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**CONDITIONS.**

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Advertisements inserted three weeks for one dollar when not exceeding one square, and continued weekly for twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements at the same rate.

**POETRY.**

The Editors of the Washington Whig will confer a favor on a friend by inserting the following lines on the death of Mrs. Paulin.

T. P.

For the Whig.

*LINES on the death of Mrs. HANNAH PAULIN, (consort of Lewis Paulin) who departed this transitory life Aug. 24th, 1822, in the 36th year of her age.*

"In the midst of life we are in death."  
Escaped from its prison of clay,  
Thy soul wing'd its flight to the skies,  
In rapture to hail the bright day  
Where hope in fruition doth rise.

Disease, that here rack'd thy fair frame,  
No more can disturb thy repose;  
Extinct is the animal flame,  
And Death thy sweet eye-lid's last clos'd.

Although we are now call'd to mourn  
O'er a Mother, Companion and Friend,  
Hope whispers "by angels she's borne  
Where happiness never shall end!"

Ye friends of the one we revere!  
Weep not for her death!—it was gain.  
The hope of the Christian sincere,  
Sooth'd her sorrows, her sickness & pain.

Ye children! that here are bereft  
Of a mother so tender and kind,  
Ah! think on the counsel she left,—  
Let her virtues sink deep in your mind!

In youth may her God be your choice,  
Her Saviour be ever your stay;  
Then, dying like her, you'll rejoice,  
And soar to the regions of Day!

[Selected and communicated for the Whig.]

**THE SAILOR BOY.**

In slumbers of midnight the sailor boy lay,  
His hammock swung loose at the sport of the wind;  
But watch-worn and weary, his cares flew away,  
And visions of happiness, danc'd o'er his mind.

He dream'd of his home, his dear native bow-ers,  
And pleasures that waited on life's merry morn,  
While Mem'ry stood sideways, half cover'd with flowers  
And restored ev'ry rose but secreted its thorn.

Then Fancy, her magical pinions spread wide,  
And bade the young dreamer in ecstasy rise,  
Now far, far behind him the green waters glide,  
And the cot of his forefathers blesses his eyes.

The jessamine clammers in flow'r o'er the thatch,  
And the swallow sings sweet from her nest in the wall  
All trembling with transport, he raises the latch,  
And the voices of lov'd ones reply to his call.

A father bends o'er him with looks of delight,  
His cheek is impair'd with a mother's warm tear,  
And the lips of the boy in a love kiss unite,  
With the lips of the maid whom his bosom holds dear.

The heart of the sleeper beats high in his breast,  
Joy quickens his pulse,—all hardships seem o'er,  
And a murmur of happiness steals thro' his rest,  
"Oh God! thou hast blest me, I ask for no more!"

Oh! whence is that flame, which now bursts on his eye?

Ah! what is that sound which now startles his ear?

'Tis the lightning's red glare, painting bell on the sly?

'Tis the crashing of thunders, the groan of the sphere!

He springs from his hammock—lie flies to deck,

Amazement confronts him with images dire,

Wild winds and mad waves drive the vessel a wreck—

The masts fly in splinters—the shrouds are on fire!

Like mountains the billows tremendously swell—

In vain the lost wretch calls on Mary to save;

Inseparable spirits are ringing thy knell,  
And the Death Angel flaps his broad wing o'er the wave.

Oh! sailor boy, woe to thy dream of delight,  
In darkness dissolves the gay Frost work of bliss.

Where now is the picture that fancy touch'd bright,

Thy Parent's fond pressure, and Love's honied kiss.

Oh sailor boy! sailor boy! never again  
Shall home, love, or kindred thy wishes repay,

Inbless'd and unhonour'd, down deep in the main  
Full many a fathom, thy frame shall decay.

To tomb shall e'er plead for remembrance to thee,  
Or redeem form or fame from the merciless surge,

But the white foam of waves shall thy minding sheet be,  
And winds in the midnight of winter thy dirge;

On beds of green seaweeds thy limbs shall be laid,  
Around thy white bones the red coral shall grow,

Of thy fair yellow locks threads of amber be made,  
And every part suit to thy mansion below.

Days, months, years, and ages shall circle away,  
And still the vast waters above the shall roll;

Earth loses thy pattern for ever and aye—  
Oh! Sailor boy! Sailor boy! peace to thy soul!

**HONOR.—By Hannah More.**

Honor! O yes, I know him. 'Tis a phantom,  
A shadowy figure, wanting bulk and life;  
Who, having nothing solid in himself,  
Wraps his thin form in Virtue's plunder'd robe,  
And steals her title. Honor! 'tis the fiend  
Who feeds on orphans' tears and widows' groans,  
And slakes his impious thirst in brothers' blood.

Honor! why 'tis the primal law of hell!  
The grand device to people the dark realms  
With noble spirits, who, but for this curst honor,  
Had been at peace on earth, or blest in heaven.  
With this false honor Christians have no commerce,  
Religion disavows, and Truth disowns it.

**Miscellaneous Selections.**

We recommend to our readers an attentive perusal of the following extract; it is the description of a Pharisee. It would be well, both for the interests of religion and the honor of man, were there fewer such characters in our day.—

**EXTRACT.**

"They piqued themselves upon an exact observance of the law; to which they added a great number of traditions, that they pretended to have received from their ancestors, and to which they much more strictly adhered than to the law itself, though often contrary to each other. They acknowledged the immortality of the soul, and in consequence, another life after this. They affected an outside of virtue, regularity, and austerity, which acquired them great consideration with the people. But under that imposing appearance, they concealed the greatest vices: sordid avarice; insupportable pride; an insatiable thirst of honors and distinctions; a violent desire of ruling alone an envy, that rose almost to fury against all merit but their own; ai-

reconcilable hatred for all who presumed to contradict them; a spirit of vengeance capable of the most horrid excesses; and what was their still more distinguished characteristic, and outdid all the rest, a black hypocrisy, which always wore the mask of religion."

**BONAPARTE.**

Extracts from a work published in London, entitled *A Voice from St. Helena.*

Napoleon showed me the marks of two wounds, one was a very deep cicatrice above the left knee, which he said he had received in his first campaign of Italy, and it was of so serious a nature, that the surgeons were in doubt whether it might not be ultimately necessary to amputate. He said that when he was wounded it was always kept a secret, in order not to discourage the soldiers. The other was on the toe, and had been received at Eckmuhl. "At the siege of Acre," continued he, "a shell thrown by Sydney Smith fell at my feet. Two soldiers who were close by, seized and closely embraced me, one in front and the other on one side, and made a rampart of their bodies for me against the effect of the shell, which exploded and overwhelmed us with sand. We sunk into the hole formed by its bursting; one of them was wounded. I made them both officers. One has since lost a leg at Moscow, and commanded at Vincennes, when I left Paris. When he was summoned by the Russians he replied, that as soon as they sent him back the leg he had lost at Moscow, he would surrender the fortress. "Many times in my life," continued he, "have I been saved by my soldiers and officers throwing themselves before me, when I was in the most imminent danger. At Arcola, when I was advancing, Col. Meuron, my aid-de-camp, threw himself before me, covered me with his body and received the wound which was destined for me. He fell at my feet, and his blood spouted up in my face. He gave his life to preserve mine. Never yet, I believe, has there been such devotion shown by soldiers as mine have manifested for me. In all my misfortunes, never has the soldier, even when expiring, been wanting to me; never has man been served more faithfully by his troops. With the last drop of blood gushing out of their veins, they exclaimed *Vive l'Empereur.*"

From the Dumfries Courier.

**Brute sagacity.**—A circumstance was related to us when a boy, by a person who, like Cobbett, was once a sergeant in the army, and which we never recollect to have seen in print. This individual served at one time in Gibraltar. There are a good many goats that scramble about within the precincts of the garrison, and at one point of the huge rock there is a goat-road leading down to the water's edge. This imperceptible track, however, is so excessively narrow, that only one goat can travel by it at a time, while even a false step, or the slightest attempt to run to the right or left, would infallibly precipitate the bearded traveller from the top to the bottom. It happened that one goat was going down while another happened to be ascending the path; and the two meeting in the middle, instinctively, and not without fear and trembling, made a dead stop. To attempt to turn or step aside, was instant death; and although the topmost goat could have easily pushed his brother out of the way, he was too generous to take such an advantage. At last, after deep cogitation and much deliberation, they hit upon a scheme, which even man, with all his boasted wisdom, could not have surpassed; this is, the one goat lay quietly and cautiously down, on all fours, and allowed the other to march over his body, to the great delight of the persons who witnessed the singular dilemma.

**Whimsical Occurrence.**

The hanns of marriage between two parties had been regularly published in this City, and a particular day last week was fixed for the intended union at the residence of the bride a few miles from town. The Clergyman accordingly went at the time appointed, but in the fickle queen had been married two days before to another man,

and the happy pair had taken their flight to their future dwelling some miles distant! The disappointed swain ignorant of his misfortune, had come to see his dulcinea tie clay after the ceremony had been performed, and when he found what had taken place he assumed a philosophic composure, slook hands with the faithless frail one and wished her all the happiness she deserved. *St. Johns N. B. paper.*

**A candid and honest Liar.**—The following advertisement appeared in a late Long Island Farmer, published at Jamaica.—"Whereas I, Silas Smith, have reported that Benjamin S. Bird-sail and James Pinkney, on or about the first day of November last, did in the night time, kill other persons' sheep on the Great Plains, and that I caught them at it, which is a great slander upon the character of the said Bird-sail & Pinkney. Now, therefore, I, the said Silas Smith, do hereby acknowledge that I have asserted a falsehood, and confess myself to be a LIAR.—[If so, is even this story to be believed?]

**Yankee Clown.**—In one of the Courts of judicature in Massachusetts, some 18 or 20 years ago, an uncouth young fellow of the age of 18 was introduced into court as a witness for the plaintiff—upon which the defendant arose and objected to his being admitted as a witness "for (said he) he tines t'nt know enough to understand the nature of an oath; therefore ought not to be allowed his evidence in this court—and to convince you, gentlemen, that this is the case, I will ask him a few questions." He then turned to the young fellow and said, "who made you?" To whom the fellow awkwardly replied, "I don't know; I 'spose 'twas Moses?" "His answer, gentlemen, I think is sufficient to convince you, that what I have said respecting him is true, without any further evidence;" and sat down again. The young fellow by this time began to scratch his head, and feel somewhat chagrined that he should be thus taken off, and begged leave of the court to ask the gentleman, who had just interrogated him, a few questions—"who made you sir?"—To carry the joke still further upon the awkward lad, he replies, "I don't know, 'spose 'twas Aaron." Well (says the fellow) we read in the good book, that Aaron made a calf; but I didn't know that tie d—d fool 'd got here."

From a late British publication.

**Washington's Ancestors.**—In the complicated and marvellous machinery of circumstances, it is absolutely impossible to decide what would have happened, as to some events, if the slightest disturbance had taken place, in the march of those that preceded them. We may observe a little dirty wheel of brass, spinning round upon its greasy axle, and the result is that in another apartment, many yards distant from it, a beautiful piece of silk issues, from a loom, rivaling in its hues the tints of the rainbow; here are myriads of events in our lives the distance between which was much greater than that between this wheel, and the ribbon, but where the connexion had been much more close. If a private country gentleman in Cheshire, about the year seventeen hundred and thirty, had not been overturned in his carriage, it is extremely probable that America, instead of being a free republic at this moment, would have continued a dependent colony of England. This country gentleman happened to be Augustus Washington Esquire, who was thus accidentally thrown into the company of a lady who afterwards became his wife, who emigrated with him to America; and in the year seventeen hundred and thirty-two, at Virginia, became the envied mother of George Washington the great.

**Luxuries of Botany Bay.**—An English paper contains an advertisement of several extensive estates in New South Wales, which are offered for sale: one of them is represented to be a garden of four acres, containing the following assortment of fruits—orange, lemons, citrons, pomegranates, loquats, guavas, grapes, apples, pears, peaches, nectarines, apricots, cherries, plums, figs, mulberries, walnuts, Spanish chestnuts, almonds, medlas, and quinces, with raspberries, strawberries, melons, &c. besides an orchard and vineyard of four acres.

**Archbishop Mountain.**

In the reign of George II. the see of York falling vacant, his majesty being at a loss for a fit person to appoint to the exalted situation, asked the opinion of the Rev. Dr. Mountain, who had raised himself by his remarkably face-

rious temper from being the son of a beggar to the see of Durham. The Doctor witily replied, "Hadst thou faith as a grain of mustard seed, thou wouldst say to this Mountain (at the same time laying his hand on his breast) he removed and be thou cast into the sea (see.)"

His Majesty laughed heartily and forthwith conferred the preferment on the facetious doctor.

From the Village Recorder.

**Cure for the Bite of the Rattle Snake or other venomous animal.**

Since our last paper we have had the pleasure of a conversation with Dr. JOSEPH MOORE of Gibsonport, Mississippi, who informs us that during 18 year residence in that climate, there have come under his particular care, 15 cases of the bite of the Rattlesnake and Moccasin. (the latter of which is more venomous than the Rattlesnake) and that he has found the following a certain and immediate cure. The remedy was introduced into Europe from Asia, by Sir William Jones, and has the confidence of the Medical Faculty wherever it has been applied.

Give to a grown person, a teaspoonful of the Volatile Spirit of Sal Ammoniac or what is commonly called Spirits of Hartshorn, in half a wine glass of water, every half hour, until the symptoms disappear, binding at the same time a linen cloth of three or four thicknesses wet with the Spirit, unmixt with water, to the wound. The cloth to be wetted in the spirits every five minutes.

If the wound has been given some hours before the application can be applied, it should be scarified, free! round the bite with a sharp knife or lancet, before the wet cloth is laid on. The most severe and obstinate cases have been known to yield to this remedy in a few hours.

Very great care ought to be taken that the Spirits of Hartshorn should be kept tightly corked, for if exposed to the air it soon loses its efficacy.

**AN EAST SUSSEX TALE.**

Says the busy tongue of fame, a mercer, who resided in this part of the country, having had an amour, which time placed a periodical mark upon, with his female servant, to hide her shame and his own weakness, provided a private lodging for her in the metropolis, where he intended she should snugly remain till time's mark became obliterated; but neglecting a remittance to her, and she being consequently compelled to write to him for a supply of the needful, he, letter, he being from home when it was delivered, fell into the hands of his wife, who opened it, read its contents, carefully resealed it, and on his return gave it to him, saying—"Here is a letter for you my dear," which having read, (of course to himself) he exclaimed—"Bless me! my dear! there is a sale of silks to-morrow, at the India House; I must be off to London," and having previously made preparations, took an affectionate

leave of her, and she being consequently joy the joke at the expense of her constant spouse's mortification, went post, and arrived at the lodgings of her rival a little before him, and at the moment the mark had removed from its pristine habitation to make a noise in this world of sin; and attending the door on his arrival, said "Walk in, my dear, the sale has just begun, and the first lot is knocked down to you!"

The young Marquis L.—recently won 20,000 florins in the house of a nobleman at Florence, where a Far-bank was clandestinely kept, and went away with it after midnight. Observing that he was followed by two men in disguise, he hastily took refuge in a guard house and related his adventure, begging at the same time that a soldier might accompany him home. The corporal immediately consented, but first went out under the pretext of looking for the pursuers, but in reality to concert with the three soldiers the plunder of the stranger. They stopped his mouth, took the money from him, and then threw him into the river. While these villains were dividing the prize, three persons masked suddenly entered, declared that they knew every thing, and that, if the money was not shared with them, they would instantly give information to the Police. The soldiers were obliged to comply; and a new division was making when a Padrol entered the room. The officer took the whole company to the principal guard house, where they found young L.—, dripping wet; he being an expert swimmer, had saved himself, and given information of the circumstance. The 20,000 florins were recovered from the robbers, who were led to prison, where they expect their punishment.

# FOREIGN.

## SPAIN.

The following is an extract of a letter from a well informed American gentleman in Gibraltar:—

"GIBRALTAR, July 11.

"We have very serious accounts from Madrid. The anti-constitutional party are taking measures to reinstate the old order of things—an unlimited monarchy, privileged clergy, &c. The country is in a state of anxious quietude, and much blood is about to be shed in civil strife. Spain is in a wretchedly forlorn condition; and her capitalists are getting their property out of jeopardy. Nearly a million of dollars have been remitted to this place within a fortnight."

From the New-York American August 27. FROM FRANCE.

By the Cambus we have received our regular lites of Paris papers to the 12th of July. Their contents have, of course, been anticipated by the James Monroe, yet we perceive several particulars of continental intelligence not given in the latter, which we insert below. The details of the atrocities committed by the Turks on the unhappy Greeks of Scio, exceed, if possible those given in preceding statements. Among other victims, upwards of 5000 children, under five years of age, are stated to have been hung, drowned, or otherwise destroyed by the Turks. At Tchesme the Greek children are said to have been tied together and drowned, fifty or sixty at a time. These wanton cruelties parallel, if they do not exceed the *noyades* of the French revolution; yet Christian Europe contemplates them with apathy, if not complacency, for they are committed in the name and under the sanction of established abuses, and the unhappy victims are involved in the crime of asserting just and natural rights against the tyranny of fanatical barbarians. The cause of the Greeks, notwithstanding their partial sufferings, is said not to be so desperate as is supposed. The inhabitants of Albania, known under the name of Arnauts, have almost exclusively taken part with the Greeks.

A junction of the Wallachians and the Arnauts (or Christian militia) has been effected at Fourca and San Marina. The allied force was well provided, being in possession of some English artillery, which had formerly been supplied to Ali Pacha Chourschid Pacha, suspected by the Porte of having appropriated to his own use the greater part of the treasures of Ali, and also annoyed by the Sullies, it was supposed, would be driven to raise the standard of revolt. The Pacha of Scudra, in Macedonia, had already thrown off allegiance to the Porte; and the avowed design of the Pacha of Salonica to extirpate christianity, had spread the flame of rebellion throughout the country. In these statements, encouraging to the prospect of the liberation of the unhappy Greeks from their bloody and tyrannical oppressors, most of the accounts from the different continental journals agree, and every friend of humanity must unite in the wish, that the hope they encourage may not prove illusory.

SMYRNA, May 29.

According to the custom-house registers of Scio, more than 80,000 women and children have been sent out of that island as slaves. Their exportation is subjected to a duty. A few assassinations still continue to take place at Scio. The pen refuses to record the miseries of that island, and rivers of tears would be insufficient to bewail the almost unequalled horrors which have smitten its families. Recent intelligence announces, that the Egyptian division or part of it, commanded by Hassan Pacha, son-in-law of the viceroy Mehemet Ali, has arrived at Stancho, and landed 4000 men.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 11.

We are assured, that the English and Austrian ambassadors made fresh verbal representations upon the 5d and 4th ult. upon the non-execution of the promise relative to the evacuation of Moldavia and Wallachia. The Reis Effendi replied, that this measure presented difficulties on account of the subsistence necessary for the army, & the wish of the Divan to act so as not to exasperate the soldiers. It is said that the Persians have gained a battle near Erzerum, where three Pachas, among whom is the Pacha of Trebisond, have been made prisoners, and Churschid Pacha has had a check near Janina. This intelligence is declared to be official, but it has not been published. It is added, that Churschid Pacha, whose name has already arrived here, will be recalled, and if this be true, it is easy to guess the fate that awaits him. The battle against the Persians renders the whole of this news suspicious; for it is the thirtieth time, at least within these six months that this battle has been talked of. The massacre at Scio has even incensed Princess Fatima, sister of the sultan, who had that island for her dowry, and who

derived from it 1200 parses annually. As she loses this revenue, the Sultan sent her a great number of slaves, but we are assured that she returned them, with a message that the Captain Pacha would have done better to have gone into the Morea to fight against the enemies of the Faith, than to become the butcher of so many peaceable inhabitants, she added that she would not listen even to the name of the Captain Pacha. It is believed that this threatening will be fatal to the admiral. If the victorious commanders be dismissed; if the present fanaticism of the Mussulmen grows cold, it would not be surprising to see the Greeks maintain their ground for a long time in the mountains of the Morea and Upper Livadia.

From a late English paper.

OLD BAILEY—Saturday.

Edmund Burke, the person who was committed on a charge of perjury on the trial of his brother Tobias Burke for bigamy, a few days ago, was bro't up to the bar to plead to the indictment found against him last night by the Grand Jury.

Upon being asked in the usual way by the clerk of Arraigns, whether he was guilty or not guilty? he replied in a strong Hibernian accent—"O! by the Powers, I cannot plade. I ain but a poor ignorant botly, and have got a dear cratar of a wife and some little honies at home in my own country." He was told by the Recorder to refrain from talking nonsense, but to plead to the indictment.

The prisoner—Faith, your honor, I can't say; I don't know whether I am guilty or not.

The Recorder then apprised him that, if he pleased, he might either go to trial now, or traverse until the ensuing sessions; he must now make his option.

The prisoner—If I am to be punished, your honor, I'd rather have it now if you please.

The Recorder—You must plead before you can be put upon your trial.

The prisoner—Then, your honor, I'd rather be not guilty.

The prisoner's plea was entered, and he was remanded for trial in the present sessions.

A few minutes afterwards, on the application of Mr. Andrews, the prisoner was again put to the bar, and he expressed a desire that his trial should stand over until next sessions, as he would not have time earlier to bring his witnesses. The court acceded to his request, and allowed him to be liberated on bail, himself in 80l. and two sureties in 40l. each.

The Aberdeen Chronicle mentions that a correspondent who was passing along the Hardgate observed two women and two girls travelling to town. On speaking to them he was informed they had come from the West Highlands where they could live no longer, and that they were now going to Inverness. One of the women had a burden on her back; on being asked if she carried a child in her plaid, she said it was her grandmother. Struck with the circumstance of a grandmother travelling with her grandmother on her back, he turned up part of the plaid, & was astonished to behold the pale countenance of an old emaciated woman, aged 102 years, who had been drenched with rain.

The German journals announce a brilliant musical discovery. A citizen of Courland, of the name of Hausen, has invented an instrument which he calls Olympicon, and which, to a rare beauty, joins the advantages of rattling, passing all the tones of the violin, bass, violoncello, and the high contré (Hantre contré.) All who play the piano can perform on the Olympicon, and with it, a single person may execute a concert.

## Domestic Articles.

Wonderful.—On the 27th July there was killed in the town of Ogden a large snake, which upon examination, was found to contain one hundred and six live snakes! One of the snakes had two complete heads and necks with one body and a third had one and a half heads, with one neck and two bodies! what is more singular still, these deformed reptiles were as active and sprightly as the others. They are now in the possession of one of the caval engineers, where they may be seen by the curious.

Rochester (N. Y.) Telegraph.

DETROIT, Aug. 2.

Bees.—A traveller observes that most of the newly settled parts of this territory may literally be termed "a land of milk and honey;" for there are few farmers who have not domesticated from five to fifty, and in some instances, a hundred hives of bees—while there cannot be finer ranges for cattle than the farmer possesses, where the settlements have not become too dense.

Atrocious villainy.—On the night of the 7th inst. every tree in the flourishing apple orchard of Mr. William Dean, of Springfield, was girdled by some unprincipled villain or villains. The orchard contained upwards of 160 bearing trees. We most sincerely wish that the perpetrator of this malicious act may be brought to the punishment due for their crime. It will be sren by an advertisement in this paper that a reward of \$100 is offered for such information as will lead to their conviction, Elizabethtown Gaz.

Rare Munificence.—President ADAMS has recently given in immediate possession to his native town, Quincy, nearly two hundred acres of land, containing in a part of it an inexhaustible quarry of stone for building houses, the whole proceeds to be appropriated to religious and literary purposes from generation to generation. He has also given to the town his whole library consisting of highly valuable books, in various languages.—This has already come into possession of the town. Bost. Centinel.

Mr. Miner, editor of the Village Record, says, "Printers are so frequently called upon to publish advertisements, under the pretence of serving the cause of humanity, and of giving public notice of matters of public utility, for which they receive nothing, that it operates as a heavy pull-back upon their equitable receipts," and verily he is correct. There are many who seem to imagine that the business in which they are engaged, or their discoveries, are of vast importance to the community, while the printer, as they suppose, is really bound to aid them in the prosecution of the one, and of circulating a knowledge of the other, without any compensation, merely because he is bound to present his readers with all the information in his power. In other words, he is to be the servant of every one who possesses an extraordinary stock of presumption, though beggary to him should be the consequence of it. Del. Gaz.

True honor, as defined by Cicero is the concurrent approbation of good men; such only being fit to give true praise, who are themselves praise-worthy.

## TIMBER FOR SALE.

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of Richard Wood, deceased, will be exposed to

### Public Sale,

On Second-day the 16th of the Ninth-Month next, at ten o'clock, A. M. on the premises—A large quantity of

### Standing Timber,

in lots of different sizes;—situate in the township of Yne Creek, county of Cumberland, state of New Jersey.

Conditions at Sale, which will continue from day to day.

George Bacon, Richard D. Wood, Charles S. Wood, } Exec'rs.

Greenwich, 8th-Month 22d 87ts.

John Wood Sales will comience near

## JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

### A REPORT

Of a Cause tried in the District Court of Philadelphia, April 24, 1822,

John Keen vs. Philip Rice,

Involving the right of NEW JERSEY to the

### OYSTER BEDS

IN MAURICE RIVER COVE.

Price 12½ Cents.

August 26.

## PROPOSALS

To publish by subscription

The Third Annual Lecture,

Founded by Doct. Jonathan Elmer, Which was delivered in November, 1820, in the Churches of Bridgeton and Greenwich—in which it is clearly proved, that the doctrine of Particular Redemption is taught in the Scriptures, and that it is the doctrine of the Confession of Faith and Catechisms of the Presbyterian Church in the United States.

By the Rev. Jonathan Freeman.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

79 July 1, 1822.

For Sale at this Office,

A FEW COPIES OF

## THE VISION

OF BUTLER NEWCOMB,

Of Fairfield township, Cumberland county, New Jersey, and Deacon of the Baptist Church at Deacon Creek.

Price 12½ Cents.

24,000

THREE FEET

## CEDAR SHINGLES,

Just received and for Sale by Thos. & Charles Sheppard. Greenwich, 8th Mo. 23d. 87 4t. q.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on Tuesday, the 10th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton,

## A Tavern House and Lot of Land,

Situate in the village of Greenwich, joins lands formerly belonging to Richard Wood, contains three acres more or less, together with all the land of the defendant. Seized as the property of Palmer Whetton, and taken in execution at the suit of Richard Ross—and to be sold by

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.

July 2—Aug. 5. 84

It is expected a long credit will be given.

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on Tuesday, the 10th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the County of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton, the equal moiety or half part of a tract of land, situate in the township of Morris river, joins land of John Hess, Henry Reves, Barzillin Judah, and others, contains one hundred and seventy-five acres more or less, together with all the land of the defendant. Seized as the property of Samuel Williams, and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Hamit, and to be sold by

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.

July 2—Aug. 5. 84

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the 10th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Richard Jarman, Laurel Hill—the moiety or half part of

## A Dwelling House, Smith Shop, and Lot of Land,

Joins John Rose and others, contains half an acre more or less; a lot contains one acre more or less, joins John Perry and others, together with all the land of the defendant. Seized as the property of Josiah Snyms, and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Seeley, and to be sold by

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.

July 2—Aug. 5. 84

ADJOURNMENT.—The land of James Moore, which was to have been sold this day, is adjourned to the 12th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M. at the Inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton. DAN SIMKINS, late Sheriff.

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.

August 15. 86 3t.

## NOTICE.

Pursuant to an Order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at

### Public Vendue,

On Wednesday the 25th day of September next,

In the afternoon of said day, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, at the Inn of Philip Solider, in Bridgeton,

### A Lot of Land,

In the township of Maurice River, at Schooner Landing—oil which is a Dwelling-house, Store-house & Wharf; together with all the landed property of Fithian Stratton, deceased, at Schooner Landing aforesaid.

Conditions will be made known at the time of sale, by

Daniel Parvin, exec'r.

August 19. 86 6t.

## Cumberland Orphans' Court,

June Term, 1822.

Upon application of John Bowen, administrator of Zadock Bowen, deceased, Ephraim Padgett, administrator of John Deford, deceased, and James Earl, administrator of George Earl, deceased, to limit and appoint a time within which the creditors of said decedents shall bring in their respective debts, claims and demands, or be forever barred from an action against said administrators—

It is ordered by the Court, that the Administrators of Zadock Rowen and John Deford, deceased, give public notice to the creditors of said decedents, to bring in their respective claims, duly attested, on or before the tenth day of December next, and that the creditors of George Earl, deceased, bring in their respective claims on or before the tenth day of June, 1823, by setting up a Copy of this order in five of the most public places in this County, for two months, and by publishing the same in one of the Newspapers of this State the like space of time; and any creditor neglecting to exhibit his or her demand, within the time so limited, such notice being given, shall be forever barred his or her action therefor against said Administrator &

By the Court,

T. ELMER, Clerk.

July 2. 80 2mo.

By James Clark, Ebenezer Elmer, and John Mulford, Esquires, Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas of the County of Cumberland—

NOTICE is hereby given, that on application to us by Samuel Bishop, of the county of Cape May, who claims an undivided five-sixteenth part of all that Saw Mill, situate on the head of West Creek, in the township of Maurice River, county of Cumberland, known by the name of Hoffman's Saw Mill, mill seat, mill tract, mill pond, buildings, fences, timber, water, water courses, and every thing belonging or in any wise appertaining to the said mill or mill tract; we have nominated Isaac Townsend, Hosea Rankins, and Samuel Townsend, commissioners, to divide the said mill, mill seat, mill tract, and appurtenances, into sixteen equal shares or parts; and unless proper objections are stated to us, at the Inn of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton, on the seventh day of October next, the said Isaac Townsend, Hosea Rankins, and Samuel Townsend, will then be appointed to make partition of the said Mill, &c. pursuant to an act entitled, "An Act for the more easy partition of lands held by coparceners, joint tenants, and tenants in common," passed the 11th November, 1789.

Given under our hands, this third day of August, A. D. 1822.

JAMES CLARK, EBENEZER ELMER, JOHN MULFORD.

Aug. 12. 85—6t

## NOTICE.

The subscribers respectfully inform their former customers, and the public in general, that they have taken the large new

### Fire-proof Store House,

next to the Hotel in Bridgeton, and lately built by Dr. William Elmer, and are now trading under the firm of

POTTERS & WOODRUFF.

They return their sincere thanks to all their former friends and customers, & hope by their industry and attention to business to merit a continuance of their favors.

They have now on hand, and offer for Sale, a general assortment of

### DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,—HARDWARE, Cutlery, Queensware, Hollow-ware, Looking-Glasses, Bar-Iron, Crowley and country Steel, &c. &c.

In addition to the above they have received A fresh supply of Goods, suited to the season,

particularly those kinds of fancy articles, at this season of the year generally in demand.

Cash, Country Produce, Cord Wood and Lumber of all kinds, taken in exchange.

J. B. Potter, R. B. Potter, Thos. Woodruff.

Bridgeton, July 13. 81

## Take Notice,

THAT we have applied to Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Cape May, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the state of New-Jersey, and they have appointed Saturday, the 21st day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in the Middle township, in the county aforesaid, to hear us and our creditors what can be said for or against our liberation from confinement as insolvent debtors.

JOSEPH B. HUGHES, GEORGE FOWLER.

Cape May Jail, Aug. 8, 1822. 85—4t

## NOTICE.

THE Subscriber informs his friends, and the Public in general, that he will be prepared by the first of May, to receive WOOL for Carding into Rolls, and for Manufacturing into Cloth as heretofore;—a Building will be erected to enable him to commence

### Fulling and Dressing

Cloth in September; the Cards and Machinery will be new, and no pains will be spared to give general satisfaction, to those who favour him with their custom.

Those persons who are indebted to the Subscriber, are earnestly requested to settle their accounts without delay, and save expence and trouble.—Grain and Wool received at market prices.

Enoch H. More.

Bridgeton Mills, April 15th. 62t

## BLANKS.

Subpoenas, Warrants, And a variety of other blanks, For Sale at this Office.

# THE WHIG.

BRIDGETON,

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1822.

**The Drought.**—Accounts of the drought, received from different parts of the country, are very distressing. Its effects seem to be more severely felt in Maryland and Pennsylvania than elsewhere. It is stated that, in some parts of the former State, the springs and small streams are entirely dried up, and that farmers are obliged to drive their cattle several miles to water. It is expected that the crops will be less productive than usual to the amount of a million of dollars.—In some parts of Pennsylvania, but particularly in the counties of York and Adams, many of the summer crops have entirely failed, the waters have disappeared to a serious degree, and the face of the country presents a desolate and gloomy aspect.—New Jersey, notwithstanding its sands, appears to have suffered but little.

**LARGE CABBAGE.**—A had of Cabbage, measuring 3 feet 9 inches in circumference, and weighing 14 pounds, was raised this season by Mr. SAMUEL ECKEL, of Bridgeton.

We are glad to learn (says the Trenton True American) that the Rev. Mr. SEMMERFIELD has so far recovered from his late indisposition, as to expect shortly to resume his "labor of love," and preach as heretofore.

**NEW YORK.**—This city continues in a state of alarm. The fever seems to be spreading beyond the prohibited district, nor can the origin of many of the cases be traced. The New York Evening Post of Monday last exhibits a list of one hundred and sixty-seven removals on account of the fever. The Custom-House, Post-Office and Banks are included in the list. Many of the newspaper offices have also been removed.

The number of interments, in the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, from the 17th to the 24th of August, amounted to 98.—Only 81 deaths occurred during the same time in New-York, notwithstanding the prevalence of the fever.

**The Macedonian.**—We are happy to state that the crew of this frigate, so much reduced in number by the yellow fever, are now in a convalescent state.

The ports in the West India Islands, under the dominion of Great-Britain, having been opened to the vessels of the U. States, the President, by proclamation, has declared a free intercourse between them and our country, for such vessels as can legally be employed in that trade.

**A new method of paying the Parson.**—An honest tar, and his no less honest lass, being desirous of swinging off in the hammock of matrimony, craved the assistance of a right reverend divine to hoist them in. After the ceremony was over, and Jack had impressed upon the soft lips of his blooming Moll the holy kiss of salutation, thereby confirming his responses to the parson, he gave the holy man his reward neatly enveloped in a piece of clean white paper, and went off right cheerily with his glad custom bride.—The good minister, as his custom was, gave the fee to his wife. Anxious to have a peer at the glistening guinea (for such she supposed it) her fingers went nimbly to work to deliver the pretty captive from its confinement. 'Twas released in the twinkling of an eye—but behold! to her very great mortification, it was nothing but a poor, biggarey copper penny! Ah, this rogue of a tar! Disappointments, however, are the common lot of man—and of woman too—good people have their share, and even parsons' wives are not exempt from them.—But even from disappointments man may receive instruction, as it is highly probable this good lady did not neglect the lesson. Be that as it may, it was soon forgotten: Time, who wears away all things, gave it a brush with his broad pinions as he passed, and swept it into oblivion.

In the course of time, a stranger stood before the preacher: it was honest Jack.—The good man did not recognize him, but the mention of the copper penny freshened his memory. We know not whether this divine exemplified in his conduct the doctrines which he taught;—whether he was then disposed to open his mouth in exposition, or forgiveness. However that may be, Jack prevented all reproach by declaring that at his wedding he had given him but a penny for his labor; but the ship having turned out a good sailer, he now came to testify his gratitude by a more splendid donation. So saying, he put into the hands of the astonished parson a sum that would have done honor to higher life.

A man lately lost his life, in Lancaster County (Pa.) by descending into a well which contained carbonic acid gas.

From Jan. 1st to July 30th, 1822, 70,781 dollars were imported at Boston from foreign countries. In the same period there were exported to the East Indies, Brazil, England and Cuba, the sum of one million two hundred four thousand four hundred and six dollars.

**NEW MARKET.**—It is in contemplation to establish a market in Callowhill-street, and a Company has already been formed for the purpose of putting in operation a line of Team Boats, to run from Tool & Shinn's ferry to Callowhill-street, which are expected to commence about the middle of September next. It is proposed to fit up the old market-house between Front and Second-sts. for the accommodation of the Jersey people, and the annual rent for a stall, we understand, is not to exceed eight dollars. Jersey men are invited to subscribe to the stock of this company, which is divided into 600 shares, of 25 dollars each.

Camden Star.

**Extract of a letter received by a gentleman in this city from his correspondent at New London, dated Aug. 26, 1822.**

"You will probably hear of our having the yellow fever at this place. On Wednesday and Thursday last, a vessel arrived here from Washington (N. C.) with (I think) all sick on board but one. The Health Physician turned the sick over to the U. S. hospital physician, who took a building for them on the neck, directly in front of us, where he placed his four patients. On Saturday evening one of them was thought to be dying. Yesterday morning he was walking about the room apparently convalescent, and at about 5 o'clock P. M. was a dead man. Last evening one of the others was very ill, but the remaining two apparently better. I have not heard from them since."

National Gazette.

**Bohemia Manor, Md. August 26.**  
On Saturday last, between the hours of one and two o'clock, one of the most tremendous hail storms, accompanied by thunder and lightning, yet in the recollection of the oldest inhabitants, visited Bohemia Manor, extending its ravages for more than a mile, levelling in its course trees, fields of corn, &c. besides destroying all kinds of vegetables and foliage.

The hail stones were the size of a nutmeg, and fell in such abundance that large sheets of ice remained on the ground until about ten o'clock the next day. The storm lasted about one hour; several heads of cattle were killed by the lightning.

## American Colleges—Kames of Presidents.

Yale College, Rev. Jeremiah Day, LL. D.  
Cambridge University, Rev. J. T. Kirkland, D. D. LL. D.  
Brown University, Rev. Asa Messer, D. D.  
William College—Rev. Ed. D. Griffin, D. D.  
Dartmouth college, Rev. Enebet Tyler.  
Princeton college, Rev. Ashbel Green, D. D.  
Union college, Rev. Eliphalet Nott, D. D.  
Hamilton college, Rev. Henry Davis, D. D.  
Middlebury college, Rev. J. Bates, D. D.  
Bowdoin college, Rev. W. Allen, D. D.  
Dickinson college, Rev. J. M. Mason, D. D.  
Columbia college, Thomas Cooper, M. D.  
Columbian college, Rev. W. Staughton, D. D.  
North Carolina University, Rev. J. Caldwell, D. D.  
Transylvania University, Rev. H. Holley, D. D.  
University of Georgia, Rev. Dr. Waddell.  
University of Vermont, Rev. Daniel Haskell.  
Waterville college, Rev. D. Barnes.  
Washington college, Penn. Rev. A. Wylie.  
Jefferson college, Penn. Mr. M'Millan.  
Alleghany college, Penn. Rev. T. Alden, D. D.  
William and Mary college, Vir. Dr. Smith.  
Columbian college, N. Y. Wm. Harris, D. D.  
Grenville college, Rev. Dr. Coffin.  
Cincinnati college, P. Chase, D. D.

By a late account from the Springs, the visitors at Saratoga and Ballston had increased to 1500; among whom were Joseph Bonaparte, the Captain that conveyed Napoleon from Elba to France, and the British and Spanish Ambassadors. A French gentleman, after having with much difficulty obtained, (through the kindness of the barber) lodgings for one night, departed for New York, and explained the reason of his sudden return thus:

"If you want to see the beautiful woman, go to Baltimore—if you want to see the stiff gentleman, go to Philadelphia—if you want to see the active merchant, go to New York; but, if you want to see one pack of miserable fools, go to Saratoga Springs."

Prices Current at Dayton, Ohio, on the 23d ult.

Superfine Flour, per barrel, \$2 50  
Wheat, per bushel, 33  
Rye, do, 20 to 23  
Corn, do, 18  
Beef, per pound, 1 to 3  
Hams, do, 2 to 5  
Fowls, per dozen, 5 to 72

Cheap living, and no scarcity.

Edmund J. Hollingshead and James L. Nixon, were lately committed to prison in Philadelphia, by Esquire Woolf, charged with attempting to defraud the Camden Bank, by offering two checks for payment, which are declared to be forgeries. Hollingshead is the man who, with Hulme, Green and others, endeavored to defraud the insurance offices in that city, by causing the vessels they freighted to be damaged or sunk at sea, the discovery of which was made at Norfolk.

General Berton, who attempted not long since to raise an insurrection in France, was, with two of his suit, lately taken into custody. They are confined in the castle at Saumur.

The Pope has issued a rescript strongly enforcing the reading of the Holy Scriptures.

A few evenings since in Boston two footpads stopped a sailor, and laying violent hands upon him, attempted to rob him. Jack took a death grip of one of them, and crying murder lustily was soon relieved by the watchman, who marched the footpad off to prison.

Gen. James Wilkinson, who, not long since took a trip to Mexico, for purposes, as was alleged, of a private and not of a political nature, it is said, has enlisted in the service of the Imperial Iturbide. It is stated that he has received an appointment under the government worth about \$14,000 a year. A pretty snug income for a plain Republican to enjoy.



## Latest Foreign Intelligence.

By an arrival at New York, on the 27th ult. from Dublin, London papers to the 20th July are received—from which the following articles are extracted:—

Liverpool, July 20.

The advices from Madrid state that on the 7th July, the Guards from the Pardo reconnoitered the city, with a view of forming a junction with their brethren in the palace, or of getting possession of the King's person. On the 7th they attacked the city in three divisions, two of which were discomfited almost immediately; the third, which was directed towards the great square, was encountered by the National militia, and after some hard fighting, compelled to retire.

In the mean time, several demonstrations were made about the Palace. Morillo seized the royal stables. At this period great consternation prevailed in Madrid, and the confusion is likened to that which prevailed in Paris on the famous 10th of August. Finally, it is said, a deputation from the Cortez insisted that the king should dismiss the two remaining divisions of his guards, under certain stipulations, and put himself under the protection of the regular troops. Ferdinand acquiesced; the guards were dismissed; and he was completely in the hands of the Constitutionalists.

In this business, no person of the rank of a general was engaged on the side of the rebels. On the side of the people, Morillo and Ballasteros were most active. It is charged to the Duke del Infantado, that he was guilty of attempting to involve the peasantry of Madrid in the disgrace of the day, which accusation, if proved, may cost him his life.

The last Paris papers which have reached London (of the 16th July) contain no later intelligence from Madrid, from which circumstance it was supposed the communication between France and Spain was obstructed by the movements of the hostile parties.

In alluding to the events at Madrid, the Paris Constitutional says—"A meeting was held by the Foreign Ministers at that place, to sign a declaration for the information of their governments. The Austrian, and another minister were for ascribing the blame of what had happened to the Revolutionists, but Mr. Forsyth, the Ameri-

an minister would agree to no such statement."

An adventure was fitting out from London to the new Republic of Colombia, consisting of a cargo of British manufactured goods amounting in value to upwards of 25,000l. sterling.

In Ireland the same scenes of famine and distress that have been heretofore depicted, continue to prevail. Many were dying of hunger, and the hospitals were crowded with the poor sick. The subscriptions continued in England, and upwards of 200,000l. had already been subscribed.

## Married,

On the 14th ult. by the Rev. H. Smalley, Mr. ELIHU SHEPPARD, to Miss PRISCILLA L. HARRIS, both of Roadstown.

## Died,

At Lexington, in the state of Kentucky, THOMAS DOUGHERTY, Esq. of Washington city, who was, at the time of his death, clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States, the duties of which station he had filled for eight years, with uncommon correctness and fidelity. As a man, he was justly and generally esteemed. Humanity in his heart, truth on his lips, there was no guile in him. He was a most affectionate husband and Father, and a sincere friend. We shall long and seriously lament the loss of so worthy a citizen.

## Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cape May, the subscriber, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Thomas Douglass, late of Cape May aforesaid, deceased, will expose a part of the Real Estate of said deceased to

## PUBLIC SALE,

On the premises, on Saturday the 12th day of October next, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day,—

## A PLANTATION,

With the appurtenances, adjoining lands of Absalom Hand, Miller Hand, and others—supposed to contain about two hundred and seventy acres. Any person desirous of viewing the premises previous to the day of sale, will be shown the same by applying to WILLIAM DOUGLASS, living near the premises. Conditions of the sale and terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, by

KEZIA SMITH, late Douglass, September 2—88 4t. Executrix.

## For Sale,

## A VALUABLE FARM,

SITUATE on the upper side of and bounding on Cohansy creek, in the township of Hopewell, Cumberland county, N. J. about five miles from Bridgeton, and three from Greenwich; joining lands of Samuel Tomlinson, Lewis Tomlinson, and the heirs of Isaac Whetston, deceased, containing 218 acres, about 100 of which is tillable land; between 50 and 60 of meadow, the whole of which is completely banked, drained and well improved—the residue is woodland and maple swamp. The timber is nearly all white oak and kickory. There are, on said farm, a brick dwelling-house, with a dell of excellent water near the door, a dairy house, a barn, and a number of out-buildings. There is also an Orchard in full bearing, of a good selection of fruit, and a young orchard of 160 trees, set out last spring. The whole is under good cedar fence, mostly post and rail.

For terms, enquire of the subscriber, residing thereon.

John Reeve.

Hopewell, 9th-Month 2d. 88 4t.

## Information Wanted.

## Archibald Cameron,

A middle aged man, went to Philadelphia on the 23d inst. and has not since been heard of. He is about five feet, 6 inches high, fair complexion and fair hair, quiet and inoffensive, and a little hard of hearing. He had on when he went away a black cloth coat and vest, blue cloth pantaloons, and a hat considerably worn. Any information respecting him will be gratefully received by his distressed wife and friends, directed to the care of Archibald M'Laren, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Philadelphia; or to the subscriber near Frankford.

Angus Cameron.

7th-Mo. 27th—August 19.

## For Sale at this Office,

A FEW  
GERMAN FLUTES,  
With Preceptors.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

THE subscribers have on hand, an excellent assortment of the following articles, which they will sell low viz:

## LEATHER.

Spanish sole leather, upper leather of all kinds, calf skins, binding skins, cordevan, &c. &c.

## SADDLERY of all kinds:

Plated and plain Harness, Carriage and common Collars by the piece or dozen, Whips, &c. &c. and all other articles usually manufactured in these branches of business; all of which they can dispose of upon advantageous terms to purchasers.

The undersigned avail themselves of this opportunity, to acknowledge their gratitude to their customers, for the unexpected encouragement they have received since their establishment in Bridgeton; and flatter themselves that the patronage hitherto so kindly given will increase, while they continue to make all laudable exertion to secure the interests of purchasers in connexion with their own. Perhaps it may not be amiss to state, that as the subscribers tan and curry their own materials, a preference, on the score of cheapness, should be given them.

H. & S. Eckel.

Bridgeton, September 2. 88 3t.

H. & S. E. have on hand, a quantity of

Red and Black Morocco Skins.

## Cape May Orphans' Court,

TERM OF AUGUST, 1822.

Present, Cresse Townsend, Ezekiel Stevens, Jacob Foster, and others, Esquires, Judges.

William L. Stites, administrator, &c. of Eliseba Godfrey, deceased—and Samuel Hoffman, administrator, &c. of Eleanor Swain, deceased, having respectively presented to this Court attested just and true accounts of the personal estates, and also of the debts and credits of the said decedents respectively, whereby it appears that the personal estate of each of the said decedents is insufficient to pay their respective debts—and the said administrators having set forth to the Court that the said decedents died seized of real estate in the county of Cape May, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises,—

It is therefore Ordered, that all persons interested in the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of Eliseba Godfrey and Eleanor Swain, or either of them, do appear before this Court, at the Court House in said county, on the third Monday in October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estate of said decedents should not be sold, as will be sufficient to pay their respective debts.

By the Court,

Jehu Townsend, Clerk.

August 10, 1822. 88 8t.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT a Bill will be presented to the Legislature of New Jersey at their next sitting, to authorise the owners of Marshes and Swamps on Oronokon creek, in the township of Downe, to dam across, stop, and lay flood-gates in said Oronokon creek,—and also to repeal an act entitled "An act to authorise the banking and improving certain Marsh, Meadow and Swamp, in the township of Downe, in the county of Cumberland," passed February 2, 1819, and the supplement thereto, passed January 31, 1820.

88 5t. Downe township, August 26.

## Six Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 23d inst. my boy, named

Joseph M'Corricle,

about 17 years of age, light complexion much freckled, and has a mark over one of his eyes—had on striped linen trousers, snuff colored roundabout, & wool hat. Any person who will bring him back to me shall have the above reward, but no charges. All persons are forbid harboring him at their peril.

John Johnston.

September 2/ 88 4t.

## Prices Current at Bridgeton.

Corrected Weekly for the Whig.

Wheat, per bushel,	\$1 25
Rye, do,	75
Corn, do,	75
Oats, do,	33 to 37 1/2
Wheat Flour, per cwt. 4 00 to 4 50	
Rye do, do,	2 75
Butter, per pound,	12 1/2
Lard, do,	10
Hams, do,	10
Pork, do,	8
Wool, do,	40 to 50
Feathers, do,	50
Potatoes, per bushel,	40 to 50
Beans, do,	scarce
Apple Jack, per gallon,	40 to 45
Oak Wood, dry, per cord,	4 00

Philadelphia Prices Current.		
Corrected Weekly.		
Bacon and Lard, per lb.	30.6	0 8
Beans, bushel	1 25	0 15 50
Beef, mess, barrel	10	12
Bird, run of, Kiln, M.	6 50	
Bristles, American, lb.	14	13
Butter, lump, "	12	14
" do salt, insp.	12	14
Candles, tallow dip	12	27
Coffee, W. I. fine gr.	26	27
" do, 2d quality "	25	25
" do, Java "	27	26
" do, mixed qual. "	25	26
Cheese, "	12	14
Cider, best, barrel	3 50	
Feathers, American, lb.	32	35
Flox, clean "	3 50	
Firewood, hickory, cord	6	6 50
" do, oak "	4 00	5 50
" do, pine "	3 50	4 50
" do, gum logs "		
Flour, wheat, barrel		7 50
" do, rye "	4 25	
" do, corn meal "	3 62	
Glass, wind		
" 8 by 10, 100 feet,	6	7
" 10 by 12, "	7	7 75
Grain, wheat, bushel	1 40	1 45
" do, rye, "	85	93
" do, corn, "	80	85
" do, oats, "	40	45
" do, bran double "	25	
Hams, lb.	10	12
Iron, in bars, ton	95	100
" do sheet, "	165	170
" do hoop, large, "	128	130
" do do small, "	140	
" do rod, "	125	130
" do hollow ware, "	80	90
Lard, lb.	0 9	0 10
Lumber, 1000 feet		
Boards, yel. pine, 1 to 2 inch	14 00	16
" do do heart, 1 inch	25	30
" do white pine, panel	25	30
" do do common	17 50	22 50
Scantling, pine, 1000	15	20
" do heart do "	25	30
" do sap do "	14	
Lath, oak, "	7	9
Oak, rafters, "	25	25
Timber, pine, "	25	25
" do inch spruce, "	12	20
" do oak, "	22	25
Shingles, cedar, 3 ft., "	17	21
" do cypress, 22 inch, "	4	4 25
Staves, pipe, w. o. 1200	70	
" do hhd. do "	38	
" do do red oak, "	20	24
" do barrel, w. oak, "	18	24
Heading, oak, "	38	55
Hickory, shaved, "	25	
" do rough "		
Mackarel, barrel		
Molasses, sug. house, gall.	0 38	0 40
" do West India "	35	38
Nails, cut, all sizes, lb.	7	12
Oil, sperm, gall.	65	80
Peanut, bushel	75	80
" do Jersey, barrel	13 00	14
Rice, new crop, cwt.	3 50	
Shad, southern, barrel		
Salt, fine, bushel		
" do ground "		
Seed, clover, "	6 50	
" do herd grass, "	80	90
" do timothy, "	3 50	4 00
Segars, Spanish, 1000	6	16
" do American, "	1 75	
Shot, all sizes, cwt.	9 50	
Spirits, viz:		
Brandy, Peach 4th pf. gall.	80	90
" do Penna 1st pf. "	65	75
Gin, Philad. dist. do "	41	45
Rum, New England, "	38	40
Whiskey, rye, "	32	34
" do apple, "	38	40
Starch, lb.	7	8
Sugar, New Orleans, cwt.	12 50	13 00
" do loaf, lb.	17	18
" do lump, "	18	15
Tallow, country, "	10	
Tobacco, Virg. manu. "	9	14
" do do caven, "	27	32
" do do spun fine, "	25	30
" do do large, "	15	
Wax, bees, yellow, "	36	37
" do white, "	55	60

**General Advertiser.**

**WHISTLER & SWELEY,**  
No. 226, Market Street,  
PHILADELPHIA.

Respectfully inform their friends & the public that they continue to do Tayloring work in a fashionable and complete style, equal to any in the city. They keep constantly on hand, *Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Drillings, Seersuckers,* And a variety of fashionable Summer and Winter Clothing, Which will be furnished on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms. They warrant all work done by them to be executed in the best manner, or not taken.

Gentlemen residing in the country, by leaving their orders, will have their work forwarded with promptness and despatch, agreeably to directions; the box enclosing them being furnished at a very moderate price.  
75 6mo. June 3, 1822.

Subscriptions are received for the following works at the Office of the Whig:

London New Monthly Magazine, Philad'a Saturday do.  
Presbyterian do.  
Blackwood's Edinburgh do.  
Eclectic Repository, North American Review, Edinburg Quarterly Review, Silliman's American Journal of Science and the Arts, (quarterly)  
Brookes' Gazetteer, (now publishing) American Farmers' Magazine, — to be published at Morristown, N. J. And most of the religious and literary works of eminence, now published in the United States.

**By the President of the United States.**

Whereas, the President of the United States is authorized by law to cause lands to be offered for sale: Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known that the public sales shall be held as follows, viz:

At the Land Office at Terre Haute, in Indiana, on the first Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 17 and 18, in range 1, east of the 2d principal meridian line

17 and 18, in range 1 to 9, west do

At the Land Office at Vandalia, in Illinois, on the third Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, east of the 3d principal meridian line

11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 3 and 4, do

At the same place, on the third Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 5, 6 and 8, east of the 3d principal meridian line

11, in range 7, do

At the Land Office at Palestine, in Illinois, on the first Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 6, 7, 8 and 9, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, in range 14, west of 2d do

S and 9 12 and 13, do

At the same place, on the first Monday in September next, for the sale of Townships 10 11 12 and 13, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

10 11 12 and 13, in ranges 12 13 and 14, west of 2d do

At the same place, on the 1st Monday in October next, for the sale of Townships 14 15 16 and 17, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

14 15 16 and 17, in ranges 12 13 and 14, west of 2d do

At the same place, on the 1st Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 18 19 20 and 21, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

18 19 and 20, do do do

17 18 19 and 20, do do do

At the Land Office for the Northern district of Louisiana, at the town of Ouachita, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 15 16 17 18 and 19, in ranges, 1 2 3 4 and 5, west of the meridian line

At the Land Office at the Seat of Justice of the county of Independence, in the Arkansas territory, from the sale of such lands of the United States as are situated in the following described townships and ranges and which have been excluded from the lottery of the lands appropriated for satisfying warrants for military services, viz:

On the first Monday in August next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 20 in range 1, east of the 5th meridian line

1 2 3 4 5 and 6 2 do

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 5 do

1 2 10 11 12 13 and 14 4 do

12 5 do

12 3 9 13 14 15 18 19 and 20 1 west do

On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 18 19 & 20, in range 2, west of the 5th meridian line

1 15 16 17 18 19 and 20 3 do

1 10 11 13 14 15 16 & 19 4 do

1 9 10 11 12 13 and 16 5 do

1 2 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 13 and 18 6 do

On the first Monday in October next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 13 15 16 37 18 19 and 20, in range 7, west of 5th meridian line

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 15 16 17 18 19 & 20 8 do

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 18 19 and 20 9 do

19 10 do

On the 1st Monday in November next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10, and 11, in range 10, west of the 5th meridian line

1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 & 10, range 11 do

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 10 12 do

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 13 do

3 4 5 6 7 and 8 14 do

4 5 and 7 15 do

5 6 and 7 16 do

6 17 do

Each sale will commence with the lowest number of section, townships and range, and proceed in regular numerical order.

The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will be reserved from sale.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this 14th day of March, 1822.

**JAMES MONROE.**

By the President:

JOSIAH MEIGS,  
Commissioner of the Gen. Land Office.

March 25—wtNov 1

Printers who publish the laws of the United States will publish the above once a week till the first Monday in November next, and send their accounts (received) to the General Land Office.

**Cumberland Orphans' Court,**  
June Term, 1822.

Ephraim Padgett, administrator of John DeFord, deceased, & Sarah Dare, administratrix of Gabriel Dare, dec'd, having severally exhibited to this Court duly attested inventories of the personal estates of said decedents, and also an account of the debts and credits by which it appears that the personal estates of said decedents are insufficient to pay their just debts and expenses, and setting forth that said decedents died several seized of real estate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises—

it is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the lands, tenements and real estates of said decedents, do appear before the Judges of this Court, on the first day of September Term next, and shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estates of said decedents, situate in the County of Cumberland aforesaid, should not be sold, as will be sufficient to satisfy the debts and expenses which remain unpaid.

By the Court,  
**T. ELMER, Clerk.**

July 8. 80 Smo.

**LOTS OF GROUND For Sale.**

Pursuant to the last will and testament of Josiah Miller, deceased, will be exposed at PUBLIC SALE, on Fifth-day the 26th of Ninth Month (Sept.) next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, at the inn of Phillip Sunder, to Bridgetol.

**Two Lots of Ground,**  
of the following description—

No. 1. Bounding 12½ rods on Main Street, Bridgeton, and joining lands of William Elmer and others, containing about an acre and a half, with a barn thereon.

No. 2. Two-fifths of a lot, situate nearly opposite the Presbyterial meeting house, bounding 298 feet on the eastern side of Third Street, and 66 feet on the northern side of Main St. Bridgeton.

Attendance will be given and conditions made known at the time & place abovementioned by

**Elizabeth W. Miller, Exec'x.**  
**William F. Miller, } Ex'rs.**  
**Jonas Freedland, }**

Sixth-Month 27th. 79 ts.

N. B. It is expected that the owners of the other three-fifths of the last mentioned lot will attend to sell their right.

**SADDLE, BRIDLE, Harness, Collar & Whip MANUFACTORY.**

The subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public in general that he has removed from the Pole Tavern, in Salem county, to

**LAUREL HILL, BRIDGETON,**  
Opposite the Store of bacon & Tomlinson, — where he intends keeping on hand a general assortment of

**Saddlery and Harness,**  
Which he will dispose of at the most reasonable prices; and by his experience in the business he is warranted in saying they shall be equal in neatness and durability to any made in Philadelphia.

All orders will be thankfully received, and attended to with despatch.  
Country Produce of every kind will be taken in payment.

**Andrew Holdzkom.**  
April 22. 70 6mo.

N. B.—One or two APPRENTICES are wanted to the above business, about the age of fourteen or fifteen years.

**HAT STORE.**  
Sign of the Golden Hat,  
No. 2½, N. 3d Street,  
Near Market Street,  
PHILADELPHIA.

**P. C. WILLMARTH,**  
Offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits.

**WATER-PROOF Imitation Beaver Hats**  
Which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability.  
Price \$2.50 per Hat.  
February 11. 598

**BENNETT & WALTON,**  
No. 37, Market Street, Philad'a.  
PROPPOSE TO PUBLISH, BY SUBSCRIPTION,—  
**BROOKES'S**  
**General Gazetteer Improved,**  
Or, a new and compendious  
**Geographical Dictionary;**  
Containing a description of the Empires, kingdoms, states, provinces, cities, towns, forts, seas, harbors, rivers, lakes, mountains, capes, &c. in the

**KNOWN WORLD :**  
With the government, customs, manners, and religion of the inhabitants; the extent, boundaries and natural productions of each country; the trade, manufactures and curiosities of the cities and towns; their longitude, latitude, bearings and distances, in English miles, from remarkable places; and the various events by which they have distinguished :

**INCLUDING**  
The Constitution of the United States, the ordinance of 1787, and the Constitutions of the respective States;  
Together with a succinct account of at least fifteen hundred cities, towns and villages in America, more than have appeared in any foreign edition of the same work; in which the numerous mistakes & deficiencies of European Gazetteers, respecting this country, are corrected and supplied.

Illustrated by a neat colored Map of the United States.

**ORIGINALY WRITTEN**  
By R. Brookes, M. D.

The fourth American, from the London edition of 1819, with additions and improvements  
**BY WILLIAM DARBY,**  
Member of the New-York Historical Society, Author of a Map and Statistical Account of Louisiana; Emigrant's Guide; and a Tour from New-York to Detroit.

IN order to render this edition in a peculiar manner valuable to an American reader, the publishers have employed William Darby of this city as editor, to collect and insert the names of such remarkable places on this continent, adjacent islands and elsewhere, as have not hitherto found a place in any gazetteer extant; to remedy such articles as are erroneously or defectively stated, in the original work; and in fine, as far as practicable, to comprise all the places worthy of notice in the world.

So many changes have taken place in Europe in the course of the last 8 or 10 years, as to render necessary a careful digest of the present limits of most states in that quarter of the world.

It must be obvious that in an age of active enterprise, discoveries, improvements and changes in objects of Geographical Science will be so rapid, and unceasing in their operations, as in a few years, to render defective or obsolete any System of Geography, however perfect they may be at the time of publication. It must also be more than apparent that the correctness of these observations apply with particular force to America; in one section of which, a widely extended revolution is daily developing, as objects of Geographical and Historical record, names of places, very imperfectly or entirely unknown to science, previous to the occurrence of the events which have given them a title to literary attention; and in another quarter, the energies of a free and enterprising people are effecting revolutions on the face of nature, with a celerity and an extent which has no parallel in the progress of human affairs.

The publication of the work has hitherto been delayed in order to procure the census of 1820, which has not yet been completed. The publishers however confidently hope to receive the necessary document, and present the work to their patrons, in the course of the ensuing season, in a form worthy of their acceptance; but the Gazetteer will not be put to press before the returns of the census are obtained, collated, and the various articles digested according to its results.

The Post Office list will be carefully arranged up to the present time, and the mark P. O. placed before the description of all places containing a Post Office.

No comment can be necessary to elucidate the advantages which must be comprised in a portable volume, in which will be concentrated the proposed improvements and additions.

**TERMS.**  
The work to be comprised in one octavo volume of about 900 pages, printed on good paper, and to be illustrated by a new and neat colored Map of the United States, projected and engraved for the express purpose, to contain the political subdivisions, made up to the period of publication.  
Price, neatly bound, Three Dollars and 50 Cents, payable on delivery.

52. December—1821.

**Brush Manufactory,**  
No. 4, north 3d street, Philadelphia.

THE subscriber has on hand, a large stock consisting of a very general assortment of good brushes, which he will sell on the most liberal terms.

**BENJAMIN TAYLOR.**

Save your bristles.—The value of hogs' bristles is not perhaps generally known, or there would be more attention paid to saving them.—A pound of clean white bristles is worth from 60 to 75 cts. and dark ones from 30 to 50, according to the length. A person may, when hogs are killed, by using a horn or iron comb, cleanse as many bristles as will enable them to save as many as will amount to a number of dollars.—White cow tails if not very curly, when washed clean and cut off from the dook is worth 50 cts.—White horse hair 75 cts. per lb. an object this to farmer's boys.

The Carlisle Herald, Lancaster Journal, and Easton Sentinel, will please to insert the above advertisement six times in their paper, and forward their bills to Mr. Taylor.  
Nov. 19—36t B. T.

**SILAS W. SEXTON,**  
Fashionable Clothier and Merchant Taylor,  
No. 28, MARKET STREET,  
Between Front and Second streets, south side, two doors east of Letitia Court,  
**PHILADELPHIA.**

HAS now on hand a general assortment of ready made Clothing, consisting of close Coats, Surtouts, Frocks, New Market and Great Coats, Cloaks, Pantaloons, Vests, Shirts, Hose, Suspenders, & Handkerchiefs; Round Jackets, Pea Jackets, Flannel Shirts and Drawers, Cravats, &c and a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate,—which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for Cash. Also, super super Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, made up to order in the most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen are requested to call and give his establishment a trial, when no doubt they will find it to their advantage to call again. All orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.  
52 6m. December 24, 1821.

**CHEAP**  
**China, Glass and Queensware REMOVAL.**

THE Subscriber has removed his Wholesale and Retail Stores from No. 110, N. Front, and No. 100 North Third, to No. 10, North Third street, where he is now opening, in addition to his former stock, a very extensive assortment of

**FINE AND COMMON WARE,**  
Which he offers to Country Merchants and others at the lowest cash prices.

**R. Tyndale.**  
Philadelphia, Sept. 17—36ts

**FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,**  
**THE ECLECTIC REPERTORY,**  
FOR THE YEAR 1821  
**ALSO,**  
**The Presbyterian Magazine,**  
From No. 1 to No. 14.

**BLANKS**  
For Sale at this Office.

**Executions, Summons,**  
**Mortgage & Warranty Deeds,**  
**Common & Judgment Bonds,**  
**Constables' Sales,**  
**Attorneys' Blanks, &c.**

**Bank Note Exchange.**  
CORRECTED WEEKLY.

U. S. Branch Bank Notes,	par
Banks in New Hampshire,	2 p. c. dis.
Boston Banks,	1 do.
Massachusetts Banks generally,	1 ½ a 2 do.
Rhode Island Banks,	2 do.
Connecticut Banks,	1 ½ do.

**NEW YORK BANK NOTES.**

All the city Bank Notes,	par.
Jacob Barker's Exchange Bank,	no sale.
Albany Banks,	½ p. c. dis.
Troy Banks,	½ do.
Mohawk Bank in Shenectady,	½ do.
Lansburg Bank,	½ do.
Newburg Bank,	1 ½ do.
Newburg branch, at Ithica,	2 do.
Orange county Bank,	1 ½ do.
Catskill Bank,	1 ½ do.
Bank of Columbia at Hudson,	1 ½ do.
Auburn Bank,	1 ½ do.
Columbia receivables,	1 do.
Utica Bank,	2 do.
Ontario Bank at Utica,	1 ½ do.
Plattsburg Bank,	3 do.

**NEW JERSEY NOTES.**

Bank of New-Brunswick,	par.
All others,	par.

**PENNSYLVANIA NOTES.**

Philadelphia Notes,	par.
Farmers Bank at Lancaster,	par.
Lancaster Bank,	1 dis.
Easton,	par.
Germantown,	par.
Northampton,	par.
Montgomery County,	par.
Harrisburg,	par.
Delaware county at Chester,	par.
Chester county at West Chester,	par.
Newhope Bridge Company,	par.
Farmers Bank of Reading,	par.
Susquehanna Bridge do.	1 ½ dis.
Farmers Bank of Bucks county,	1 ½ do.
York Bank,	2 do.
Chambersburg,	
Gettysburg,	1 ½ do.
Carlisle Bank,	
Swatara at Harrisburg,	do.
Pittsburg,	do.
Northumberland, Union, and Co:	
lumbia Bank at Milton,	15 do.
Silver Lake,	no sale.
Greensburg,	10 do.
Brownsville,	10 do.
Other Pennsylvania Notes,	no sale.

**DELAWARE NOTES.**

Bank of Del. at Wilmington,	par.
Wilmington and Brandywine,	par.
Commercial Bank of Delaware,	par.
Branch of do. at Milford,	3 dis.
Farmers Bank of Delaware,	par.
Laurel Bank,	no sales.

**MARYLAND NOTES.**

Baltimore Banks,	par.
Baltimore City Bank,	½ dis.
Havre de Grace,	1 do.
Elkton,	par.
Annapolis,	1 do.
Branches of do.	1 do.
Hagerstown bank,	1 do.
Bank of Caroline,	12 ½ do.

**VIRGINIA NOTES.**

Richmond and Branches,	1 do.
N. W. bank of Va. at Wheeling,	5 do.
All others,	1 ½ do.
Columbia District Banks generally, par.	
Franklin bank of Alexandria,	no sale.
North Carolina,	2 a 3 dis.
South Carolina,	1 do.
Georgia, generally,	2 do.
Bank of Kentucky and branches,	no a/c
OHIO—Chillicothe,	5 dis.
Most others,	no sale.

**PRINTING**  
Neatly executed at this Office.