

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphans Court of the County of Cumberland will be sold at Public Sale on Tuesday the sixteenth day of March next between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, in the afternoon at the Inn of Richard Jarman in Bridgeton.

**A Lot of Bush-Land**  
Situate in the township of Hopewell and on the main road from Bridgeton to Bowentown, joins lands of John Sibley, Esq. and others, said to contain **Fifteen Acres** more or less; late the property of Abraham Reeve, dec.

ALSO,  
As much of the Homestead farm and meadows will be sufficient to satisfy the debts and demands of said dec.—Conditions at sale and a better description given of said property.  
ELIZABETH REEVE, Adm'r.  
DAN SIMPKINS, Adm'r.  
Jan. 13, 1823. 163

**NOTICE.**

The Subscriber is about to remove in the beginning of March next, from this County; those indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment on or before the first day of March, or their accounts will be left with a Magistrate for collection.  
JOSEPH M. GROFF.  
J. Seeley's Mill, Jan. 24—161 5t

**NOTICE.**

All persons indebted to the Estate of Thomas Woodruff, dec. late of Bridgeton, are requested to come forward to the subscribers and settle their accounts, and those who have demands against the Estate to exhibit them for settlement, without delay.  
DANIEL M. WOODRUFF, &  
DAN SIMPKINS,  
Adm'rs.  
Feb. 4—7 1824 163 6t

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphans' court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at

**PUBLIC VENDUE,**

On Thursday the 1st day of April next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

On the premises, a House and lot in the township of Fairfield, situate on the main road leading from Fairton to the Presbyterian Meeting House. The house is a frame building, and is at present occupied by the widow of col. James Ogden, deceased. The lot contains an acre, more or less.  
Conditions made known at the time of sale by  
HENRY SHAW, Adm'r.  
Jan 17. 160 ts

**Adjournment.**

The remainder of the land of John Carns, which was to have been sold this day, is further adjourned to Tuesday the 24th day of February next between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M., at the Hotel of Smith Bowen in Bridgeton, to be sold by  
Wm. R. FERRIS late Sheriff.  
January 27. 162

**NOTICE.**

All persons whose accounts remain unsettled with the late firm of RACON & TOMLINSON, are hereby notified that unless settlement be made on or before the twenty-fifth day of March next all such accounts will then be placed in the hands of a Justice for collection.  
SMITH BACON.  
Feb. 12—14 164 t

**One Cent Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 10th inst. Charles Brimeshultz, an indebted boy to the farming business, aged nearly 16 years; he had on a light drab coat, and linsey trowsers. Whoever brings him back and delivers him to me, shall receive the above reward, but no charges.  
ADAM SHUTE.  
Greenwich, Feb. 13. 164 4t

For Sale at his Office,  
A FEW COPIES OF  
THE

**VISION**

OF  
**BUTLER NEWCOMB,**

Of Fairfield township, Cumberland county, New Jersey, and Deacon of the Baptist Church at Dividing Creek.  
Price 12½ Cents.

**Timber For Sale.**

Will be sold by the subscriber, the timber standing on about  
**500 Acres of Land.**  
Situated about 2½ miles from Dennis Creek Landing, and known by the name of the Mount Pleasant property. The timber is Pine and Oak, and fully ripe. It contains among it a considerable quantity of Saw Timber. The payments will be made easy to the purchaser, and from two to three years given to cut and carry it off.  
Richard Thompson, jun.  
Cape May Court House,  
Dec. 20. 156 9m

**NOTICE**

Is hereby given, that ISAAC COOPER and SAMUEL L. COOPER, of the township of Lower Penn Neck, Salem county, have this day made an assignment of all their Estate, real and personal, to the subscriber in trust, for the benefit of their creditors—and their said creditors are hereby notified to make their claims under oath or affirmation, as the law directs. All persons indebted to the said Isaac and Samuel L. Cooper, are requested to make immediate payment.  
BENJAMIN GRISCOM,  
Assignee.  
Jan. 24, 1824. 161—9m.

**NEW STORE.**

The subscriber has opened a Store in the Brick House formerly occupied by Mr. Ephraim Holmes,  
**NEAR THE COURT HOUSE,**  
Where he will carry on the  
**Tailoring Business**  
In all its branches.—He will also keep on hand

**Beady Made Clothing**  
Of every description, together with a handsome assortment of  
**PLAID CLOAKS**

Of the first quality—either ready made, or will be made by order for ladies and gentlemen at the shortest notice. Also a good assortment of seasonable

**Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.**  
Which he will sell at the lowest prices for cash or country produce.  
William Crooks.  
Bridgeton, Jan. 10. 159 tf

**FOR SALE.**

A FARM, situated in Upper Deerfield, joining the mill and land of H. Sneathen, esq. containing  
**160 ACRES,**  
60 of which are prime Timber Land; the residue Arable, and some Meadow well fenced with cedar. The Buildings are good, having undergone repairs lately, a stream of water runs through the whole farm.  
The terms are, one-half of the purchase money on the delivery of the deed, the rest on mortgage at the interest of 4 per cent. Apply to  
LOUIS MAILLARD, agent  
for Fred. Gebhard, esq. of N. York.  
Feb. 14 164 6t

**FOR SALE,**

**360**  
**Acres of Woodland,**  
Situate in the township of Downe in the county of Cumberland New Jersey; one mile and a half from Port-Norison Maurice River; two miles from Maurice-Town on said river; part of it well timbered.—  
**Also 150 Acres**  
Of first rate banked meadow, situate on Maurice River, in the aforesaid township, opposite Leesburgh.—The bank is in excellent condition, having been lately thoroughly repaired.—It is at present in grass, but is fit for tillage and will produce all kinds of grain, hemp &c.  
A good title will be made, and a liberal credit given.—  
Apply to Joshua Brick, esq. Port-Elizabeth—to Daniel Elmer esq. at Bridgeton, or to the subscriber at Dennis Creek  
JAMES DIVERSITY.  
Nov. 27—29, 1823. 153 2m

**FOR SALE OR RENT.**

A farm belonging to Jacob Ridgeway, esq. situate on Cohansey creek, one and a half miles below Bridgeton, in the county of Cumberland New Jersey:—  
Containing 115 Acres,  
17 of meadow—50 arable, and the residue woodland and crumple. The buildings consist of a two story frame house and kitchen—spring-house and barn. There is also an apple orchard—and a wharf to which a considerable quantity of cord wood is annually brought.  
For terms of sale, apply to me at Bridgeton.  
DANIEL ELMER.  
Nov. 28—29, 1823 153 t

**Laws of the United States.**  
BY AUTHORITY.  
[PUBLIC ACTS.]

**RESOLUTION** in relation to an intended visit of the Marquis De Lafayette to the United States.  
The Marquis De Lafayette having expressed his intention to revisit this country—  
Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States assembled, That the President be requested to communicate to him the assurances of grateful and affectionate attachments still cherished for him by the Government and People of the United States; And be it further resolved, That, whenever the President shall be informed of the time when the Marquis may be ready to embark, that a National Ship, with suitable accommodations, be employed, to bring him to the United States.  
Washington, Feb. 4 1824.  
Approved: JAMES MONROE.

**POETRY.**

SELECTED FOR THE WHIG.

**CONJUGAL HAPPINESS.**  
When on thy bosom I recline,  
Enraptur'd still I call thee mine,  
To call me there for life;  
I glory in those sacred ties,  
Which modern wits and foils despise,  
Of Husband and of Wife.  
One mutual flame inspires our bliss;  
The tender look, the melting kiss,  
E'en years have not destroy'd  
Some sweet sensation ever new,  
Springs up to prove the maxim true,  
That love can never be enjoy'd.  
Have I a wish? 'tis all for thee;—  
Hast thou a wish? 'tis all for me;—  
So soft our moments move,  
That angels look with ardent gaze,  
Well pleas'd to see our happy days,  
And bids us live and love.  
If cares arise, as cares will come,  
Thy bosom is my safest home,  
I'll lull me there to rest;  
And is there ought that disturbs my fair?  
I bid her sigh out all her care,  
And lose it in my breast. D. T.

**ON SLANDERERS.**  
O, may the wretch to Scandal given,  
Be still the most accur'd of Heaven,  
From every social circle driven,  
In warm disdain!  
His ev'ry rotten bosom given  
With keenest pain!  
The fied who could, in spiteful jest,  
The fame of lovely maid molest,  
And fill with grief her virtuous breast—  
Where'er he goes,  
He still considered friendship's pest,  
The worst of foes.

**PROCRASITINATION.**  
When sloth puts urgent business by,  
To-morrow's a new day she'll cry,  
And all her morrows prove it true—  
They're never used, and therefore new!

**The Innocent Theft.**  
You tell us Doctor, 'tis a sin to steal!  
We to your practice from your text appeal!  
You steal a sermon, steal a nap; an' pray,  
From dull companions don't you steal away.

**Mr. Cobbett's opinion of Tea.**—  
"It is notorious," says Mr. C. "that tea has no useful strength in it; that it contains nothing nutritious; that it, besides being good for nothing, has badness in it, because it is well known to produce want of sleep in many cases, and in all cases, to shake and weary the nerves. It is, in fact a weaker kind of laudanum which enlivens for a moment and deadens afterwards. At any rate it communicates no strength to the body; it does not in any degree, assist in affording what labor demands. It is, then, of no use."  
In the year 1274, the price of a small Bible, neatly written, was thirty pounds. It is said that the building of two arches of London Bridge cost only 25l. being 5l. less than a copy of the Bible, many years afterwards!

Mr. Cooper, in his Dictionary of Surgery, gives the following recipe as infallible for the cure of Corns:—  
'Take two ounces of gum ammoniac; two ounces of yellow wax; six drachms of verdigris: melt them together, and spread the composition on a piece of soft leather or linen; cut away as much of the corn as you can with a knife, before you apply the plaister, which must be renewed in a fortnight if the corn is not by that time gone.

**GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.**  
January 1, 1824.

**President.**  
JAMES MONROE.  
**Vice President.**  
DANIEL D. TOMPKINS.  
**Secretaries.**  
Department of State, John Q. Adams,  
Treasury Department, W. H. Crawford,  
War Department, John C. Calhoun,  
Navy Department, Samuel S. Southard,  
Attorney General, Wm. Wirt.  
**Supreme Court.**  
John Marshall, Chief Justice,  
Bushrod Washington, Associate Justice,  
William Johnson, Ditto,  
Thomas Todd, Ditto,  
Gabriel Duvall, Ditto,  
Joseph Story, Ditto,  
Smith Thompson, Ditto.  
**Comptrollers of the Treasury.**  
First Comptroller, Joseph Anderson,  
Second Comptroller, Richard Cutts.  
**Auditors of the Treasury.**  
First Auditor, Richard Harrison,  
Second Auditor, William Lee,  
Third Auditor, Peter Hagner,  
Fourth Auditor, Constant Freeman,  
Fifth Auditor, Stephen Pleasanton,  
Treasurer, Thomas Tudor Tucker,  
Register of Treasury, Joseph Nourse,  
Commissioner of the General Land Office, George Graham,  
Postmaster General, John McLean,  
1st Ass't P. M. Gen. Abraham Bradley, jr.  
2d Ass't P. M. Gen. Phineas Bradley.

**Chief Clerks in the Public Offices.**  
Department of State, Daniel Brent,  
Secretary of Treasury's Office, Edward Jones,  
War Department, Christopher Vandeventer,  
Navy Department, Charles Ray,  
1st Comptroller's, John Lamb,  
2d Comptroller's, Enoch Reynolds,  
3d Comptroller's, William Parker,  
4th Auditor's, James Pakin,  
5th Auditor's, James Thompson,  
Fourth Auditor's, Thomas H. Gillis,  
Fifth Auditor's, Thomas Austin,  
Treasurer's, Samuel Brook,  
Register's, Michael Nourse,  
Land Office, John M. Moore,  
General Post Office, Andrew Coyle,  
Superintendent of Patent Office, William Thornton.

**Ministers to Foreign Nations.**  
To Great Britain, Richard Rush,  
France, James Brown,  
Russia, Henry Middleton,  
Spain, Hugh Nelson,  
Portugal, Henry Dearborn,  
Netherlands (ch. des aff.) Alex. H. Everitt,  
Sweden (ch. des aff.) Christ Hughes, jr.  
Beunos Ayres, Caesar A. Rodney,  
Chili, Heman Allen,  
Colombia, Richard Anderson,  
Mexico, (vacant.)

**Consul General to Barbary Powers.**  
At Algiers, William Shaler.

**THE ARMY.**  
Jacob Brown, Major General,  
Edmund P. Gaines, Brig. Gen. (M.G. by brev.)  
Winfield Scott, B. G. (aid M.G. by brev.)  
Thomas S. Jessup, Quartermaster General,  
John E. Wool, Inspector General,  
Samuel Archer, do.  
George Gibson, Commissary Gen. of Sup.  
Nathan Towson, Paymaster General,  
Joseph Lovell, Surgeon General,  
Alex. Macomb, Col. En. (M. G. by brev.)  
Simon Bernard, Asst. Engineer Brig. Gen.  
George Bomford, Colonel of Ordnance.

**THE NAVY.**  
**Commissioners of the Navy Board.**  
John Rogers, President.  
I. Chauncey, and  
Charles Morris.

**Governors of the Several States.**  
January, 1, 1824.  
Maine, Amos Woodbury,  
Massachusetts, William Eustis,  
Rhode Island, William C. Gibbs,  
Connecticut, Oliver Wolcott,  
New York, Joseph C. Yates,  
New Jersey, Thos. A. Shulze,  
Pennsylvania, Samuel Paynter,  
Delaware, Samuel Stevens,  
Maryland, James Pleasants, jr.  
Virginia, Gabriel Holmes,  
North Carolina, Thoms Bennet,  
South Carolina, George M. Troup,  
Georgia, John Adair,  
Kentucky, William Carroll,  
Tennessee, Jeremiah Morrow,  
Ohio, Thos. B. Robertson,  
Louisiana, Waiter Leake,  
Mississippi, William Hendricks,  
Indiana, Edward Coles,  
Illinois, Israel Pickens,  
Alabama, Alex. McNair,  
Missouri, Alex. McNair.

**RELIGIOUS.**

From the Wesleyan Methodist Magazine for December last.

"Demerara.—With such particulars of the late insurrection of the negroes of this colony, as the newspapers have furnished, our readers are generally acquainted. Nothing has been published by authority; and of the whole affair, we have, as yet, but imperfect information. We have however, the pleasure of stating, that the Secretaries of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society, have received a short letter from Mr. Mortier: (one of the Missionaries on that

station) dated Sept. 8, which satisfactorily refutes the indiscriminate censures cast upon Missionaries; as the exciters of the revolt.—Two of the Missionaries, of another society, have been apprehended, and are still prisoners. We trust that their innocence will be established—for it is impossible to conceive a motive to exist, which could lead them to the course of conduct with which they are charged. With respect to the Wesleyan Missionaries, Mr. Mortier states, that the day after the insurrection broke out, he waited on his Excellency the Governor, offering his services on the emergency in any way in which he could be useful; when his excellency informed him, that he would do most good by impressing upon his congregation the duty of a peaceable deportment;—that in the general alarm, he had been apprehended (it appears, without any authority) by a party of the military, but on obtaining permission to speak to the Colonel, he was instantly liberated, and, that both he and Mr. Cheeswright, his Colleague, are regularly holding their religious services, on Sundays, at the Chapel in Georgetown."

"We have also to state, that out of twelve hundred and sixty persons, chiefly slaves, who are members of our society in Demerara, only two persons, one free, the other a slave, are suspected as being in the least connected with the rioters; and that Mr. Mortier is exceedingly hopeful that even they will be found innocent, or but very slightly culpable, upon investigation."  
"The sweeping censures in which various letters from Demerara have indulged against the religious instruction of the slaves, have made it necessary for us to state these facts; and if in a state of general excitement, more than twelve hundred slaves and people of color, connected with our mission, have been retained in subordination; another proof has been exhibited, that, by whatever causes the insurrection was promoted, it is not to be charged upon the inculcation of the principles of Christianity, the only source of order, peace and happiness."

**Implicit faith** has been sometimes ludicrously styled *fides carbonaria*, from the noted story of one, who, examining an ignorant Collier, on his religious principles, asked him what it was that he believed? He answered, "I believe what the church believes." The other rejoined, "What then does the church believe?" He replied readily, "The church believes what I believe." The other, desirous, if possible, to bring him to particulars, once more resumed his inquiry:—"Tell me, then, I pray you, what it is you and the church both believe?" The only answer the Collier could give was, "Why, truly, sir, the church and I both—believe the same thing." This is implicit faith in perfection, and, in the estimation of some celebrated doctors, the sum of necessary and saving knowledge in a Christian.—*Columbian Star.*

The bill to abolish religious tests, has been rejected in the house of delegates of Maryland by a vote of 44 to 28.

**Dignified conduct of a young Lady.**—Eliza Embert, young Persian lady, resolutely discarded a gentleman to whom she was to have been married because he ridiculed Religion. Having given him a gentle reproof, he replied, "that a man of the world would not be so old fashioned as to regard God and religion." Eliza started! but on recovering herself, said, "from this moment, when I discover that you do not regard religion, I cease to be yours.—He who does not love and honor God, can never love his wife constantly and sincerely."

**Idleness.**—There is no character in society more despicable than the idler. He is not only an unhappy, but is in a fair way to become a criminal being. Bishop Tyler observes to a lady, who neglected the education of her son, on the plea that he was too young to be confined to study, "Madam if you don't fill his head with something believe me the Devil will."

# FOREIGN.

## Latest from Europe.

From the New York Evening Post, Feb. 14.  
The regular packet ship Leeds, Capt. Stoddard, arrived here last evening from Liverpool, bringing London dates of the 1st, and Liverpool of the 3d January; and this forenoon came in the ship Canada, which sailed in company with the Leeds. The ship New York, from this place, arrived out in 15 days, being the shortest passage ever made across the Atlantic. The President's message was received in Liverpool, and published at length in the papers there. The editors speak highly of it, and consider the allusion which it contains to South America, on setting to rest the question respecting the long talked of attempt by the Holy Alliance, to reduce that country to its former degraded state. "There will be no attempt made, (says the Liverpool Advertiser) it may be confidently affirmed, to interfere with the present condition of those countries, when it is known that such interference would be viewed by the U. States as a just cause of war on their part with any power attempting such interference." In a commercial and moral point of view, the document is also considered of "incalculable importance." It would appear that there had been a project at Paris for raising money on the alienation of the pretended rights of Ferdinand in the colonies to certain moneyed men in Europe, who, it is said, had offered to relieve Spain from her pecuniary embarrassments, on the condition of this transfer and the acknowledgement of the independence of the new republics.

Accounts from Madrid of the 9th December, positively assert, that the government had no intention to renounce the colonies, and that a small expedition had already sailed from Cadiz for Lima for the purpose of opening an intercourse with the royalists and clergy, in which the French had taken a part. It is added, that orders had been sent by Ferdinand to the Havana, Vera Cruz, Lima and other places on the Maine to pay particular regard to the French flag, and to afford it every necessary aid. The Paris papers also speak of two ships of the line, and three corvettes which were fitting out at Cadiz to "destroy the revolutionary army of Chili, as well as that of Terra Firma." The London Courier ridicules this statement, and questions the fact of any ships fitting out for this purpose in the ports of Spain; and even thought it were otherwise, it is asserted that "if they go to the Pacific, the only probable service they will have to perform will be to bring back the viceroy, and the other functionaries of the Vice regal government house." These contradictory statements appear, after all, to have originated in stock jobbing purpose; for it is pretty evident that Spain, although she had money to fit out an expedition, which she has not, could not take a step in the business without the permission of the allied sovereigns, who at present are the only arbiters of the destinies of Europe.

### SPAIN.

The London Courier states, that the whole of the French troops were to be withdrawn from Spain by the month of July next, agreeably to a stipulation in the treaty regulating the military occupation of the country. If the intelligence contained in letters from Bayonne, of a recent date, are to be relied on, we very much doubt the correctness of this statement. These letters are said fully to confirm all the preceding accounts respecting the feverish and disturbed state of the Peninsula, and to prove that scenes of outrage and bloodshed had already taken place there to a frightful extent. The Councils of the nation appear also to be in a distracted state; one party advising the King to continue his despotic measures; another to grant a general amnesty; and the imbecile monarch himself, without a dollar in his treasury, and incapable of deciding what course he ought to pursue. The refusal to acknowledge the loans of the Constitutional government tended to increase these embarrassments, as the bankers in Europe had refused to enter into any new engagements with his agents, until the former were acknowledged. Such, indeed, were the difficulties felt by Ferdinand in carrying his oppressive measures into effect, that it was believed he was about to dismiss his new ministers, and to throw himself again into the arms of Don Victor

Saez, his spiritual Confessor. The Duke of San Fernando had been banished to his estates for refusing an embassy that had been offered to him; and the son of the Marquis de Casa Irujo, only 22 years of age, had been mortally wounded at Madrid, in a duel with a French officer. The prelates and ecclesiastics had in a body demanded of the king the restoration of the inquisition; to which he replied that neither the Pope nor the "Holy Alliance," had authorised him to comply with their wishes.—How such a government can regulate, without foreign assistance, a country in which the seeds of revolution are so widely sown, and which it has already been demonstrated, its present ruler found it impossible to eradicate, appears utterly incomprehensible.—To withdraw the French would only be the signal for another rising.

### GREECE & TURKEY.

Our last accounts from Smyrna mention, that the Turkish fleet had returned to Constantinople without having had any serious affair with the Greeks. We had understood through other channels that the contrary was the fact; and we now perceive it stated, on the authority of letters from Corfu, Cephalonia, Trieste and Calama, of late dates, that out of 52 vessels, the original number of the Turkish squadron, only 22 had made their escape with the Captain Paeba to the Dardanelles. Twelve had been taken, burned, or run ashore, and the rest remained blockaded in the Gulf of Lela by the Greeks. Mavrocordato is also stated to have gone to the relief of Missolonghi with 12 ships, and that the besieged had made three sorties and gloriously repulsed the enemy. It is even said that they had taken the traitor Barnagioti prisoner. The inhabitants of Scapala, Sciathe, and Sehyro, had put to the sword the troops which the Turkish fleet had landed to reduce them. Accounts received at Odessa from Constantinople, dated 15th November, represent the Divan as having recovered from the alarm which the recent conference of the Monarchs at Czernowitz had occasioned, and returned to its former course of evasion. It is even said that considerable hesitation had been evinced as to the evacuation of Moldavia and Wallachia, which, it is thought, would not be very pleasing to Alexander. It was likewise reported on the continent of Europe that some difference and arisen between Austria and Russia on this subject, and also as to the final disposition of the Greeks.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

General Mina, and the celebrated Rossini and his wife, had arrived in London, and the latter were engaged at the Opera House. Turbide, his sons, and the ex-consul of the Cortes, had left Leghorn for England. Captain Sabine had arrived at Debford from Spitzbergen, where he had been on board the Griper, to ascertain the situation of the Pendulum. The supply of butchers meat at the last Christmas cattle market in Smithfield, is estimated at five millions two hundred and twenty-nine thousand two hundred and eighty pounds. Accounts are given in the late Irish papers of two murders; one a respectable farmer named Callaghan, near Limerick, who was returning from the fair of Tipperary, and who was butchered within a mile of town. This crime is stated to have been attended by many of those traits of ingenious, persevering, and discriminating cruelty, which are so often observed among the lower Irish.

Accounts received in London from Messina state, that great destruction had been caused in the latter city by a hurricane, which overthrew a number of houses, and buried upwards of 100 persons in the ruins.

Extract of a letter to the editors of the American Sentinel.

"Be pleased to report the brig Jas. Lawrence, Green, from Philadelphia, at Neuvitas, in 16 days passage. Within the harbour the 5. L. was attacked by a large piratical boat with ten men, which she engaged and beat off without the loss of lives—but her rigging was cut, she had one shot through her bulwarks and another through the water cask.—This boat it was supposed, belonged to a large schooner at anchor within the reef.—The pirates escaped to the shore and hid themselves in the woods. There were three piratical barges cruising along the coast, connected with others from Havana. None of our vessels had been seen, and murder and depredation were again the order of the day! A vessel sailed from Neuvitas the 13th January, and it was

currently reported and believed the next day, the pirates had captured her. The Lawrence kept a regular watch, with every thing prepared for action at a moment's warning.

Representations had been made to the Spanish government at Principe, who had promised to fit out a barge to protect the harbour & its entrance, but this was mere words—as a noted pirate who had been carried before the Spanish authorities, was released almost immediately, the Spanish officer declaring, he was obliged to do so and dared not punish him. This passed in the presence of several American citizens.

It is high time some of our vessels took a look out on the north part of the Island; if it is not done speedily, great loss in property, and the sacrifice of many lives must inevitably happen, as these monsters are as ferocious and blood thirsty as ever."

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### SENATE.

Feb. 10.—Mr Van Buren presented the memorial of several thousand persons, residents in New York, praying an alteration in the alien laws. Referred to the committee on the judiciary.

Mr Lloyd, of Maryland, presented the memorial of the board of trustees of Columbia College, in the District of Columbia, praying a loan from government, for certain purposes—referred to the committee on the District of Columbia.

The bill authorizing the building of an additional number of sloops of war, was read the third time and passed.

The senate, as in committee of the whole, Mr Ruggles in the chair, proceeded to consider the bill better to secure the accountability of public officers and others; which was introduced under leave obtained by Mr Holmes, of Maine, and reported by the committee on finance. The bill was passed to be engrossed and read the third time.

Feb. 11.—The bill better to secure the accountability of public officers and others, was read a third time, passed, and sent to the other House.

The bill from the other House, authorizing surveys for roads and canals, was read and passed to a second reading.

Feb. 13.—The bill to authorize the President of the United States to cause to be made a militia road, from Fort St Philip, on the river Mississippi, to Johnson's Plantation, as an auxiliary to the defence of New Orleans; the bill to confirm the claim of Peter H. Hobart and Lewis Judson, to a certain tract of land; the resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Senate to purchase one copy of Lucas' Universal Atlas, for the use of the Senate; and the bill extending the term of pensions granted to persons disabled, and to the widows and orphans of those who have been slain, or who have died in consequence of wounds, or casualties, received while in the time of their duty, on board the private armed vessels of the United States during the late war; were severally read the third time, and passed.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Feb. 9.—Mr Wickliffe offered a resolution directing an inquiry, by a select committee, what further steps it was proper for the government to take in relation to the improvement of the Mississippi and Ohio rivers.

Mr Wickliffe stated that surveys and enquiries had been made on the subject, and were in possession of the proper department. The object of his resolution was to urge the government to put those means into operation, of which they were already in possession. He was happy to find that even the opponents of the bill now pending on the subject of internal improvements, conceded that government might, constitutionally, act on the improvement of the Mississippi. He would not detain the house with dilating on the importance of the measure to be accomplished, not only to those who were in the immediate vicinity of these rivers, but to the Union at large.—The obstacles were such as might easily be removed, and whose removal would in a very short time repay its own expense fourfold.

The house then went into committee of the whole, Mr Foot in the chair, on the bill for obtaining the requisite surveys and estimates on roads and canals.

Mr Livingston rose, and delivered a speech in favor of the bill,

which occupied the committee till four o'clock,—when the question being put, on the motion of Mr Barbour, to strike out the enacting clause, it was decided in the negative—ayes 84, noes 108.

The question on rising and report,

ing the bill without amendment being about to be put, Mr Wickliffe proposed to amend the bill, by striking out the words "thirty thousand dollars," (as the sum appropriated for obtaining the plans and surveys.) This motion was supported by the mover, on the grounds of economy, and opposed by Mr Trimble, as unnecessary, (any unexpended balance returning of course to the surplus fund of the treasury,) and discreditable to the country on account of its small amount. Mr Mallary supported the motion, believing the sum sufficient.

The question being put the amendment was rejected: ayes 85, noes 91.

Feb. 10.—On motion of Mr Wickliffe, it was

Resolved, That the message of the president, of the 22d of Jan. 1823, with the accompanying documents, relative to the navigation of the rivers Ohio and Mississippi, be referred to a select committee, with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

A bill from the senate to revive & continue in force an act, entitled An act for the compensation of the secretary of the senate and clerk of the house of representatives, of the clerks employed in their offices and of the librarian, was twice read and referred to the committee on accounts.

A bill from the house to extend the time limited for the settlement of private land claims in the territory of Florida, with certain amendments of the senate, was referred to the committee on public lands.

Feb. 11.—On motion of Mr. Foot, of N. Y. it was

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reducing the term of service in the Militia of the United States from 45 to 40 years, (except in cases of invasion or insurrection.

Feb. 12.—Mr. Isacks called up the resolution, offered by him some time since, to inquire into the expediency of the continuance, for five years longer, of the pensions to the widows and orphans of such officers and privates as have fallen in battle or been wounded in the late war.

The resolution is in the following words:

"Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reviving the laws allowing a pension to the widows and orphans of such officers and privates of the army who may have fallen in action, died in service, or of wounds received in service during the late war; so as to continue the said pensions for the term of five years longer, after the expiration of the first terms, respectfully."

Mr. Wickliffe inquired whether the widows and orphans of marines were included in the law proposed to be revived.

Mr. Isacks answered that he understood not.

Mr. McCoy hoped that the pension system would have leave to rest.

The question being put on agreeing to the resolution, it was carried. Ayes 70, noes 44.

Feb. 13.—Mr. Crowninshield, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, to whom was referred the bill from the Senate, authorizing the building of an additional number of sloops of war for the Naval service of the United States, reported the same without amendment—and the bill was referred to a committee of the whole on the State of the Union.

The immediate question, depending from yesterday, was on the motion of Mr. Tracy, to strike out fifteen per centum (the addition proposed upon the rate of duties now existing on the importation of distilled Spirits,) and importing in lieu thereof fifty per centum.

### Pensioners look out.

We think proper to state, for the information of persons who receive military pensions from the United States, that no act has yet passed congress, appropriating funds for the payment of those pensions on the 4th of March next, and the probability is, that the appropriation will not be made in time to meet the semi-annual payments due on that day.—It is therefore advisable that those concerned should delay their applications until notice shall be given of the appropriation having been made. Nat. In.

# THE WHIG

## BRIDGETON,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1823.

**GREAT HOG.**—Mr. Jonathan Crandal's great Hog was killed on the 14th inst. at Dennis' Creek, C. Mar. This Hog was the largest ever raised in that County, and, if we except the great Hog raised by Mr. Harris in this town (killed on the 4th of March 1825), was, considering his age, the largest perhaps ever raised in this country. As the public were notified of the day on which he would be killed, a considerable assemblage of people were collected from all the contiguous parts, to see him weighed. Having been invited to witness the execution, we requested to give our readers a statement of the facts as they occurred, we state the particulars as briefly as possible.

The following are the dimensions of the Hog, taken by ourselves by request.

Length round the neck	4 ft. 5 in.
Girth behind the forelegs	6 " 5 "
Round the brisket	6 " 9 "
Round the body	7 " 6 "
Height	3 " 6 "
Length from nose to root of tail	7 " 4 "

Immediately after being measured he was killed, and placed on a sled drawn by seven yoke of oxen; the whole of which was preceded by a white horse, on which was mounted a man bearing a huge trumpet, with which he sent forth roared so loud and shrill that the neighbouring woods reverberated the sound. The cavalcade then proceeded to the tavern of Mrs. M. Clong, about 100 rods distance, near which it was dressed and weighed with an expedition highly creditable to the performers. The weight when dressed was 7893 lbs.

Gut Fat 51

Total 8203 lbs.

—This weight fell short of Mr. Harris' hog by sixty-one and a half pounds.

As some controversy took place respecting the weight of this animal, which caused further investigation necessary, we have been subsequently informed by letter received from Mr. Thomas Crandal, jr. that after being weighed the third time to satisfy all parties, the above statement, which was the weight as ascertained at Mrs. M. Clong's is correct. Inaccuracy in weighing the second time was discovered through imperfection in the steel-yards.—His age was 21 months and 18 days, when killed. Live weight 925 lbs!

It gives us no little pleasure to see the laudable competition which is manifested by our meritorious fellow citizens in order to excel in those pursuits and improvements which, when imitated, produces such beneficial results to the community. In every instance, where attempts are made to lead the public into the spirit of successful enterprise, the experiment is made at the sacrifice of much labour, time, and indeed even life. It cannot be supposed that every one expects to sustain, by following such examples, equal privations and losses, because few can rival—still fewer can hope to surpass them. Interest may dictate an emulation which is practical, without taxing either the means or the leisure of those who follow. It will doubtless be long before either Mr. Harris or Mr. Crandal may, through the surpassing exertions of others, be stimulated to greater efforts to maintain the superiority which their attention and industry has obtained for them; but should it ever become necessary, we have no doubt that they have the ability to prove to the world that WEST JERSEY is not to be outdone in raising those animals which are so valuable to the sons of toil; and that they can produce other examples, as honorable to themselves as they are worthy to be imitated and followed—and still more difficult to rival than those which they have produced.

On the same day, and at the same place, a BULL was killed by Mr. Charles Ludlam, which weighed when dressed 938 lbs!

WASHINGTON CAUCUS.

The CAUCUS announced to be held at Washington on the evening of the 14th inst. took place according to appointment. We have not room for the proceedings in detail; but the following is the substance of the transactions at that meeting, and the result.

It appears that 65 members attended. Two were absent, but were represented by proxy. Mr. Baybour of Virginia, called the meeting to order, Mr. Ruggles of Ohio, was appointed chairman, and Mr. Collins of N. York, Secretary of the meeting. After the chairman had stated the objects of the meeting, Mr. Dickerson, (of N. J.) rose and moved to proceed to ballot for candidates for the offices in question. After an ineffectual attempt by Mr. Markley of Pennsylvania to have the meeting postponed to March 12th next, to endeavour to obtain a more full meeting of caucus members, his motion, after some discussion, was negatived, doubtless from a conviction that his object would not be attained, and their impotence made still more manifest. The pretext, for postponement however, was to get time to hear from the Harrisburgh convention. Mr. Van Buren was the principal opponent, and his chief argument was "that it would be impossible to fix on any time that would be convenient and agreeable for all to attend; (this was very true,) and that the people were anxiously waiting for a nomination!"

After this they proceeded to ballot by states, for the Presidency, when it appeared that there were, for

William H. Crawford	64
John Q. Adams	2
Nathaniel Macon	1
Andrew Jackson.	1
Total	68

For Vice President—it having been stated that Mr. Tompkins had declined a re-election—the votes stood thus:

Albert Gallatin	57
John Q. Adams	1
Erastus Root	2
Samuel Smith	1
William Eastis	1
Walter Lowrie	1
John Todd	1
William King	1
Richard Rush	1
Total	66

Resolutions to recommend Mr. Crawford and Mr. Gallatin for President and Vice President of the United States were then adopted, and a motion was agreed to that an address to the people of the United States, be published in the newspapers, accompanied by the proceeding of that meeting.

The galleries, during the sitting of this meeting, were crowded, as the meeting was held with open doors. When Crawford's name was announced for the Presidency, a hiss was heard.

The object of naming Albert Gallatin to the Vice Presidency was done to gain over Pennsylvania to Mr. Crawford's cause. That Mr. Gallatin will accept it, we much doubt. He well knows that his election will be doubtful, while almost the whole people, and two thirds of the members of Congress, are opposed. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS now stands as the candidate of the people—of the great majority of the people of all parties. Within a few years, the sovereign people have begun to examine into and contend more closely for their constitutional and unalienable rights. We are sorry that a majority of the votes of the caucus was given for Mr. Adams; and we dreaded least, when that minute concentration of all the wishes of the people of the United States, the caucus, had assembled, and discovered their own paucity, of numbers they would have given their general vote to that gentleman, knowing, as we think they must know, that their voice would endanger, if not prove fatal to any cause they might espouse.

Foreign intelligence.—The late accounts from Europe are of a mixed character. It is not easy to foresee what is likely to take place there, as the holy Alliance, acting in their own capacity, are in all their movements and pretences jesuitical, hypocritical, and secret. France acts more openly, but her practices and professions are in direct opposition, and it is from the latter we can draw any correct inferen-

ces respecting her designs. Ferdinand is as much to be depended on as the wind. On him no calculation can be made, except that nothing can be expected from him which is dignified or honorable, and every thing that is base and vindictive. Sir Hudson Lowe has been appointed governor of Antigua. He is too near us. The king of Portugal, by the advice of marshal Beresford, it is stated is about to give his people a constitution! The pope (late-ly elected,) it is announced, was on the 24th of December, at the last extremity, having received the final offices of religion. The president's message had been received in England, and the ministerial prints extol it—and praise the people of the United States in high strains. The French ministerial prints censure it as much on the contrary, and endeavour to diminish us as a nation as much on the one side, as the British are now elevating us on the other. Europe throughout appears to be in a very unsettled state.

\* \* Advertisements forwarded for our last number, but which are inserted in this, were not received until our paper had been issued.

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. Clarke.—As considerable alarm has been excited by the existence of Small Pox (as it is termed) in our neighbourhood, and as vaccination is now in general use, I would suggest the propriety of our physicians testing the cases of vaccination that are now in their care, and which may hereafter occur by the plan recommended by Mr. Bryce of Edinburgh in his treatise on cow pox. It consists in performing a second vaccination about the end of the fifth, or beginning of the sixth day after the first—if a constitutional affection be produced by the first, the progress of the second vaccination is so much accelerated that by the eighth or tenth day from the period of the first vaccination both vesicles are equally far advanced, the second vesicle being a miniature likeness of the first. E.

HUNTERS LOOK HERE !!

Was killed on Monday the 16th inst. by the subscriber, three RED FOXES, within half a mile of Goshen, Cape May, in about 45 minutes.

PHILIP GRACE.

Cape May, Feb. 17th, 1824.

The U. S. sloop of war Cyane, is going out to France with Mr Brown as minister. A letter is forwarded by this vessel, from the president of the United States to the marquis la Fayette, offering him the Constitution to carry him to the United States, and giving him an invitation to come over. A resolution has passed both houses of congress to send a public vessel for that purpose. [See first page.]

Patent steel—Rejoicing in every thing which tends to augment the resources, and promote the independence, of our country, it was with pleasure we learnt that a company of enterprising citizens of New Brunswick had succeeded in the manufacture of steel of so excellent a quality as to entitle it fairly to a preference over the imported article. It is said to be more ductile, and elastic, than foreign steel; and susceptible of as high a temper as the best cast-steel. Surgical instruments, razors, pen-knives, &c. have been made of it, & are highly approved of.—True Am.

Incentivaries have again been busy in Savannah. Through them, 18 houses have been burnt down, and property consumed estimated at 75,000 dollars. In Columbia, S. C. 17 houses were lately consumed by fire.

The collection of the Greek fund in Newark, has been nearly \$1000. William W. Miller is said to have delivered a very classical and elegant speech on the subject. It is extolled as a masterpiece.

MARRIED,

By the Rev. Francis G. Ballentine, on the 29th ult. Mr. John Danzenbaker, to Miss Hannah Buck, both of Deerfield.

On the 31st ult. Mr. John Est, of Centreville, to Miss Nancy Hawthorn of Deerfield.

On Saturday the 14th inst. Mr. Solomon Daboise, to Miss Rhoda Faunter, all of Pittsgrove township, Salem county.

And also, on the 4th inst. Mr. George Myers, to Miss Mary Royal, both of Hopewell.

At Dennis' Creek, on the 13th inst. by Joseph Goff Esq. Mr. Joseph M. Knox, to Miss Sarah B. Phillips, both of that place.

Within the matrimonial noose,  
When she to Knox inclin'd,  
Then he the softer Phillips chose,  
Which oft the eyesight blind;  
But when the Phillips turn'd to knots,  
They yield to harder fate!—  
What first began in merry jokes,  
Soon ends in strife and hate.

DIED,

In this town on Monday last the 16th inst. Mr. William Gilman, aged about 56 years.

On Saturday evening the 14th inst. in the 30th year of his age, of a lingering complaint, Mr. Andrew Minch, son of the late Capt. Minch, of Alloways township, Salem county.

Lately at his residence in West Hanover, Penn. Gen. James Wallace, formerly a representative in Congress from that district.

In North Haven, Conn. (in a paralytic fit, Mrs. Sarah Brockett, aged 71, wife of Mr. Isiah B. She was the first who died of a family of six sisters, the average of whose age is 72, and whose husbands are all yet living.

On Saturday morning last, at an advanced age, and after a tedious lingering illness, General Joseph Jones, Collector of the port of Petersburg—one of the few remaining patriots of the Revolution—a consistent and ardent Republican, an exemplary citizen and officer of government, a firm devoted friend, and most kind and benevolent neighbor — [Petersburg Intell.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Cumberland, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on

Tuesday the 23d day of March next,

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton.  
A lot of Cedar Swamp, situate on Manantico Branch, adjoining lands of Timothy Elmer and others, containing seven and a half acres more or less.

Seized as the property of John P. Dare, taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Dare, and to be sold by  
JOHN LANSING, jun. Sheriff.  
Jan. 20—Feb. 21. 165

At the same time and place,

A Farm, with the improvements thereon, situate in Fairfield township, adjoining lands of William Westcott, Harris Ogden and others, containing thirty-two acres, more or less. Seized as the property of Elijah Husted, taken in execution at the suit of William R. Fithian, administrator of the estate of William Conner, deceased, and to be sold by  
JOHN LANSING, jun. Sheriff.  
Jan. 20—Feb. 21.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Sale, at Public Vendue, on

Saturday the 6th day of March next,

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cape May, at the house of Hannah Ford, inn-keeper, at Cold Spring, in the Lower township, in the county aforesaid.

All that House and Lot of Land, with the appurtenances where John Bennett now lives, situate on Cape Island, containing three acres more or less.

Seized as the property of the aforesaid John Bennett, taken in execution at the suit of Humphrey Hughes, and to be sold by  
SERENA HUGHES, Sheriff.  
Cold Spring, Dec. 29—Feb. 21. 165

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, on

Saturday the 20th day of March next,

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cape May at the house of Hannah Ford, at Cold Spring, in the Lower township, in the county aforesaid.

The one moiety or equal half part in quantity and quality, of the Plantation where John Taylor now lives, situate in the Lower township, joining lands of Stalwell Shaw and others, said to contain 175 acres, in the aggregate.

Seized as the property of the heirs of Elias Taylor, deceased, taken in execution at the suit of the administrators of the estate of Christian Corson, deceased, and to be sold by  
SERENA HUGHES, Sheriff.  
Cold Spring, Jan. 13—Feb. 21. 165

Creditors take Notice.

That we have applied to the Judges of the inferior court of common pleas in and for the county of Cumberland, and they have appointed Tuesday the sixth day of April next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court house in Bridgeton to hear what can be said for or against our liberation from confinement as insolvent debtors.

Isaiah Pittman.  
Isiah Foulks.  
Jeremiah S. Nixon.  
Spencer Callen.  
Jeremiah Perry.  
John X. Luker.  
George Laning.  
Henry X. Feaster.  
David Runnels.  
Ephraim Harris.  
Bridgeton, February 21, 1824. 165

Sale of Valuable Property.

Will be sold on Wednesday the 10th day of March 1824,

AT PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the residence of Wm Leaming, in the Middle township, Cape May County, at 9 o'clock, A. M. the following described personal property of said William Leaming, viz

Three horses; a large number of Cattle, Sheep, and Swine—The well built and substantial Sloop, Adventure, about 20 tons burthen and well found. One first rate copper fastened Skiff, 1 substantial copper fastened Batteau, 1 ox Wagon, and three pair of working Oxen, two horse Wagons and gearing, one hand some light Wagon & harness, & Sulkey & harness Ploughs, Harrows, and other

FARMING UTENSILS ;

Pork, Beef, Hams, Potatoes; Mackerel by the barrel, Codfish and Onions, together with about 600 weight of Sugar in lots to suit purchasers.

A large assortment of

BOOKS,

Among which are the following, viz. One set of Gill's Commentary on the Old and New Testament, 9 vols. One set Anquetel's Universal History, 9 vols. One set Josephus' works 10 vols. One set Hunter's biography of the life of Christ, 4 vols. Ferguson's Astronomy, 2 vols. One set of Dr. Reese's Encyclopaedia. One do. Hume's History of England, 8 vols. One do. Rollin's Ancient History, 5 vols. One do. Gibbon's Rome, 8 vols. One do. Gillies Greece, 4 do. One do Wars of the French Revolution, 4 do.

Lord Byron's works, 4 vols. Montgomery's works; Cooks voyages; Adams' and Parishes' Geography; Farmer's Assistant, with a large and valuable collection of other works not enumerated; an elegant Book Case and Secretary; one Breakfast and Dining table; one eight day clock; chairs, looking glasses, andirons, &c. One elegant Double barreled Gun, one hand some fowling piece and one English musket,—Bureaus, Carpets, Bedsteads and bedding, one good Surveying compass and chain, together with a large and valuable assortment of household furniture too tedious to enumerate.

Also, a quantity of lumber consisting of red cedar posts and rails, oak and pine wood now corded on Pierces point and Goshen landing, heart pine scantling &c.—Together with all the personal property of said William Leaming. Conditions made known on the day of sale, by  
JOHN HANCE Assignee.  
February, 16th 1824.

N. B. Any of the above described property may be obtained at private sale by applying to the subscriber at the house of Wm. Leaming on or before the fifth day of March next.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, trading under the firm of John and James Ward, is dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment, and those having demands to present them duly authenticated, to John Ward and Daniel Ward, at the old stand, who are authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

John Ward.  
James Ward.  
Leesburgh,  
Cumberland county, Feb. 10.

P. S. In consequence of Daniel Ward having purchased James Ward's part of the stock on hand, the business in future will be conducted under the firm John and Daniel Ward, at the old stand, where they invite the customers of the former firm to give them a call.  
165 t

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphans' court of the county of Cape May, will be sold at

PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 20th day of April next,

At three o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the inn occupied at present by Lavy Foster, a Plantation containing seventy acres, more or less, situate in the Middle Township of Cape May aforesaid, about a mile and a half from the court-house, and adjoining lands of Joseph Ludlam and others. On said premises is a good frame Dwelling House and barn—about 20 acres of arable land, the residue in thrifty growing timber. Any person wishing to purchase, may call on the subscriber, who will shew the property.  
Conditions made known on the day of sale, by  
Nathaniel Holmes, Ex'r.  
Feb. 12—21. 165 4t

CapeMay Orphans' Court.

Term of February, 1824.  
Present, Cresse Townsend, Israel Townsend, John L. Smith and others, esquires, Judges.

Samuel White, administrator to the estate of Alcey Hanley, deceased;—David Warren & Elizabeth Williams, administrators to the estate of Noah Williams, dec. having respectively presented to this court, duly attested, just & true accounts of the personal estates, and also of the debts and credits of the said decedents respectively, whereby it appears that the personal estate of each of the said decedent is insufficient to pay their respective debts, and the said administrators having set forth to the court that the said decedents died seized of real estate in the county of Cape May, and praying the aid of the court in the premises.

It is therefore Ordered, that all persons interested in the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of Alcey Hanley and Noah Williams, or either of them, do appear before this court, at the court house in the Middle Township, in the county aforesaid, on Monday the 24th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to shew cause, if any they have, why the real estate of said decedents should not be sold for the payment of their respective debts.  
6t

ORDERED, on application of James L. Smith and Almerin Tomlin, administrators to the estate of William Tomlin, dec. that the creditors of the estate of said dec. bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, on or before the first Tuesday in February, 1825, or the said creditors shall be forever barred of an action therefor against said administrators. The said administrators giving notice of this order by setting up copies hereof in five of the most public places in the county of Cape May, for the space of two months, and also advertising the same for the like space in one of the newspapers printed in Bridgeton.

By order of the court.  
Jehu Townsend, Clerk.  
Feb. 9—21. 165 2m

Six Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 17th of January 1824, an Apprentice Boy to the Tailoring business, by the name of WILLIAM WILLIAMS, about 18 years of age; had on when he went away a blue cloth coat; vest and pantaloons of the same. Whoever will take up said Apprentice and return him to the subscriber, shall be entitled to the above reward, but no charges paid.

All persons are forewarned from harbouring or employing said boy at their peril.

HENRY BITTER, jun.  
Port Elizabeth, Feb. 12—21 165 4tq

NOTICE.

For Sale or to Rent,

That valuable LOT of LAND, opposite Mrs. McClogh's Inn, containing about FIFTEEN ACRES, whereon is a good two story HOUSE, with a good Kitchen attached to it; also, a one story House; also a large BARN, built of the best materials, 36 by 40 feet. Payment will be made easy, and possession given on the 25th of March next. For terms apply to

JAMES DIVERTY.  
Dennis Creek, Nov. 10—15 151 t

FRUIT TREES.

An extensive assortment of Grafted Apple and Inoculated Peach Trees, ALSO

a few Plumbs, Pears, and Cherries for sale by the Subscriber in Manuington, Salem county, N. J.

Wanted in barter Cedar-Rails.  
JOSEPH REEVE.  
Philada. Jan. 20—24 161 2m q

PRINTING

Nrately executed at this Office.

Prices Current at Bridgeton.

Corrected Weekly for the Whi.

Wheat, per bushel,	\$1 20 to 1 25
Rye, do	75
Corn, do	45 to 50
Oats, do	25 to 28
Onions, do	75
Potatoes, do	37 1/2
Dry Apples do	62 1/2 to 75
do Peaches do pared	1 75 to 2 00
do do do unpared	1 50 to 1 75
Beans, do	75 to 1 00
Wheat Flour, per cwt.	3 25 to 3 75
Rye do. do.	2 00 to 2 25
Butter, per pound,	12 1/2 to 15
Lard, do	10
Hams, do	10
Pork, per hundred	4 50 to 5 00
Wool, per pound,	55 to 57 1/2
Feathers, do	40 to 44
Candles, do	12
Tallow, do	10 1/2
Apple Jack, per gallon,	40 to 50
Hickory Wood, per cord,	4 00 to 4 50
Oak dry, do	5 00
do green, do	2 50 to 2 75

### Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of 2 Writs of fieri facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public Vendue, on **Tuesday the 2d day of March next,** Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton,  
A Farm or tract of Land, situate in Stoe Creek township, adjoining lands late of Daniel Tracy, deceased, and others, containing twenty-three acres and one hundred square perches of land, more or less, together with all the lands of the defendant.  
Seized as the property of Charles Passeebee, taken in execution at the suit of George Bacon, surviving partner of the firm of Wood and Bacon, and George Bacon, and Charles S. Wood, Executors, &c. and to be sold by  
JOHN LANING, jun. Sheriff.  
December 29—Jan. 31. 162

By virtue of 2 writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed will be exposed to Sale at Public Vendue, on **Tuesday the 9th day of March next,** Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Richard Jarnan, in Bridgeton,  
A House and Lot, situate in the township of Downe—The Lot contains four acres, more or less, joins lands of John Whitacre & others together with all the lands of the defendant.  
Seized as the property of Samuel Jenkins, taken in execution at the suit of Daniel Parvin Guardian and others and to be sold by  
DAN SIMKINS, former Sheriff  
Dec. 29—Jan. 7 163

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on **Tuesday the 16th day of March next,** Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton.  
The following described lands situate in the township of Downe:  
1. A tract of land, joins Reuben Garrison and others, contains 50 acres  
2. A tract of land and Meadow, joins Daniel Blizard, Reuben Garrison and others, contains 50 acres.  
3. A tract of timbered land, joins James More, Nathaniel Lore and others, contains 63 acres.  
4. A part of the homestead Farm, contains 56 acres.  
5. A lot of Bare Swamp, contains 11 acres.  
6. A lot of Banked Meadow, contains 13 acres.  
The land will be sold more or less as to quantity, sufficient to satisfy any demand against the defendant.  
Seized as the property of Daniel R. More taken in execution at the suit of Powell Garrison, and to be sold by  
WM. R. FITZLAN, late Sheriff.  
January 14—Feb. 14. 164

**ALSO,**  
**At the same time and place,**  
The following described lands, situate in the township of Downe.  
1. A Farm, joins Thomas Blizard and others, contains 223 acres more or less.  
2. A tract of land and Marsh, called Scrub Island, joins Thomas Blizard and others, contains 96 acres more or less, or sufficient to satisfy my demand against the defendant.  
Seized as the property of Daniel Blizard taken in execution at the suit of Ephraim Bateman, and to be sold by  
WM. R. FITZLAN, late Sheriff.  
January 14—Feb. 14. 164

### JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

**A REPORT**  
Of a Cause tried in the District Court of Philadelphia, April 24, 1852.  
**John Keen vs. Philip Rice,**  
Involving the right of NEW JERSEY, to the  
**OYSTER BEDS**  
IN MAURICE RIVER COVE.  
Price 12½ Cents.  
August 26.

### To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,

**On Saturday the 28th day of February next,**  
At three o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on the Premises:  
A new Frame Building, standing near the head of the town of Greenwich, and near Pine Mount, on the road leading from Greenwich to Roadstown. It was erected about the year 1820, and was never occupied except for a short period as a Methodist Meeting House. It is constructed of the very best materials, and remains uninjured. Its dimensions not recollected.  
**George Bacon.  
Isaac Elwell.  
Samuel Tomlinson.**  
N. B. Conditions made known at the time of sale.  
December 33. 155 12

### For Sale at this Office.

**Dr. O'Meara's** late celebrated work, "A Voice from St. Helena" containing his conversations with Bonaparte, on almost every subject connected with his history—also,  
"The Steam Boat, and The Eta-tai," two works just issued from the Press, by the Author of the Annals of the Parish &c. with all the new publications of merit.

### SILAS W. SEXTON, Fashionable Clothier and Merchant Taylor,

No. 28, MARKET STREET,  
Between Front and Second streets, south side, two doors east of Letitia Court,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
HAS now on hand a general assortment of ready made Clothing, consisting of close Coats, Sur-touts, Frocks, New Market and Great Coats, Cloaks, Pantalions, Vests, Shirts, Hose, Suspenders, & Handkerchiefs; Round Jackets, Pea Jackets, Flannel Shirts and Drawers, Cravats, &c and a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for Cash. Also, super super Cloths, Cassimeres and Vespings, made up to order in the most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice.  
Gentlemen are requested to call and give his establishment a trial, when no doubt they will find it to their advantage to call again.  
All orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed  
June 21 130 6m

**Debate on Christian Baptism,**  
By Mr. JOHN WALKER, a minister of the secession, and ALEXANDER CAMPBELL. To which is added a large Appendix, with Strictures on Three Letters respecting said Debate, by Mr. Samuel Watson, a Presbyterian minister. This day is received and for sale, by  
**S. Potter & Co.**  
Booksellers, opposite the post-office, Philadelphia.  
Where Theological, Miscellaneous, and School Books, of every description, may be had at the most reduced prices.  
Oct. 35—Nov. 15 151

**Received and for sale at this office,**  
**Dr. Miller's letters on Unitarism,** a very valuable work.

**Tull's Husbandry,** a late and valuable work.

"Rodger's Biographical Dictionary of the Departed Heroes, Sages and Statesmen of America," just published together with "The Religious Tradesman," "A Present for an Apprentice," "An Index to the Bible," "A Bridle for Devils," &c. &c.

### Cumberland Orphans' Court.

November Term, 1823.  
On application of Lewis Davis administrator of Elhanon Davis, deceased; Cooper Madden, administrator of William Madden, deceased, to limit and appoint a time within which the creditors of said decedents shall bring in their respective debts, claims and demands:

It is ordered by the court, that the said administrators give notice to the creditors of said decedents to bring in their respective claims on or before the first day of December, 1824, up setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in this county for two months, and for publishing the same in one of the newspapers of this state the like space of time, and any creditor neglecting to exhibit his or her demand within the time so limited, such notice being given, shall be forever barred his or her action therefor against said administrators.  
By the court  
**T. ELMER, Clerk.**  
Jan. 3. 158 2m

### SIX CENTS REWARD.

Ran away from the Subscriber, residing at Bucksborough, in Cumberland county, on the morning of the 15th inst. an indentured girl by the name of **NANCY PERSENS;** she is about 17 years old, and has dark hair and complexion. All persons are forbid harboring said girl at their peril. Whoever will take up said girl, with the cloathing she took with her, and will return them to the subscriber shall receive the above reward, but no charges.  
**JOHN CAMPBELL,**  
Jan. 16—24 1824. 161 4t

By virtue of a decree of the Orphan's court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold on the premises in the township of Stoe-Creek between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M. on Thursday the 11th of March (next)  
A House and Lot of Land  
said to contain about 10 ACRES in good fence;  
**ALSO,**  
A Lot of Rush Land containing about 23 ACRES, late the property of Isaac Reeves, dec.  
Conditions at Sale.  
her  
**PHEBE REEVES, Adm'r.**  
Jan. 8—24 161 4t q

### S. POTTER & Co.

Booksellers & Stationers,  
Have removed from No. 85, to No. 115, Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, a few doors below Fourth-street, and directly opposite the post office, where Books in every department of Literature and Science may be purchased at the most reduced prices. Orders from Library companies, Country Merchants and Teachers, respectfully solicited, with the assurance that they will meet prompt attention and liberal discount.  
Nov. 15. 151

### NOTICE.

The subscriber will attend at Bridge- ton on Tuesday and Friday of each week, for the convenience of those who have business to do with him in the Sheriff's Office.  
**JOHN LANING, jun.**  
April 12. 130

### NOTICE.

**John B. Miller,** cabinet maker, of Bridgeton, did on the 27th day of August last, by deed of trust and assignment convey to us the subscribers, all his estate both real and personal, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors and others. Those indebted to the said John B. Miller on book account or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have demands against him are desired to exhibit them for examination.  
**Dan Simkins,  
Timothy Elmer.**  
September 6.  
All persons indebted to the estate of Stephen and Hannah Miller, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to  
**Dan Simkins, Adm'r.**  
September 6. 141

### SUBSCRIPTIONS

Are received at this office for the following works, viz.  
**The Museum of Foreign Science & Literature.**  
This work is a selection of the best and most entertaining essays and pieces found in the European periodical publications which are received in this country. The price is six dollars a year. It appears monthly.  
**Christian Advocate,**  
Being a continuation of the Presbyterian Magazine. Edited by President Green, late of Nassau Hall College. Price two dollars and fifty cents, paid in advance. Monthly.

**The Wesleyan Repository;**  
Published in Philadelphia by William Stockton. This is an interesting and cheap religious work, and we would strongly recommend it. The price is two dollars, paid in advance—monthly.

Woodward's stereotyped edition of **Scott's Family Bible.** This edition will be published in 5 volumes, at five dollars each, and delivered as printed. To the first volume will be prefixed the life of the Author. Those who wish may have Butterworth's Concordances with Dr. Scott's Six Scriptural Maps at the additional price of six dollars.  
Stackhouse's **Body of Divinity.**  
Medical Journal.  
New Monthly Magazine.  
Philadelphia Recorder, a weekly religious and miscellaneous Newspaper.  
Natural Theology, or evidences of the existence and attributes of the Deity.  
Miscellaneous Magazine.

### Philadelphia, Milville, Port-Elizabeth AND Cape May, MAIL STAGES.

The above line of stages will continue to run from Philadelphia to Port-Elizabeth twice in each week, leaving B. Reeve's Ferry, upper side of Market street, at sunrise on Wednesdays and Saturday Mornings, breakfast at J. Dunham's in Woodbury, pass Glassborough, change horses at Franklinville, pass Malega, Milville, and arrive at Port-Elizabeth at 5 o'clock P. M.—Returning, leave Port Elizabeth on Mondays and Thursdays at sunrise, during the summer season; and in the winter season at 5 o'clock, A. M. breakfast at Milville, and pass through the above places, and arrive at Camden at 5 o'clock, P. M.  
N. B. The above Stage will pass **Cumberland Furnace**, (formerly Bud's works,) Wednesdays, and return the same way on Thursdays: Fare through, \$2 50.  
**L. CAKE, & Co.**  
Proprietors.

### Cape May Stage

Will run once in each week between Port Elizabeth and William M'Cormick's, upper end of Cape May, leaving M'Cormick's on Wednesday mornings at 8 o'clock, passing Cumberland Glass Works, Aetna Furnace, and arrive at Port Elizabeth at 5 o'clock, P. M.  
Returning will leave Port Elizabeth at 7 o'clock, A. M. on Thursdays, pass the above places and arrive at M'Cormick's at 4 o'clock, P. M. Passengers from the city, having business at either of the furnaces above stated, or wishing to visit the sea shore, will start from B. Reeve's ferry on Wednesday mornings in the Port Elizabeth Stage.—Fare from the Port to M'Cormick's, one dollar.  
All baggage at the risk of the owners.  
**SAMUEL ORUM,**  
Proprietor.  
January 30. 162 if

### John I. M'Chesney's GRAMMAR,

Also his  
**Introductory Lectures,**  
For sale by  
**Potters & Woodruff.**  
April 12. 130

### Philadelphia Prices Current.

Corrected Weekly.	per lb	per bushel	per barrel
Bacon and Lard	80	6 to 8	100
Beef, mess	12	10	13
Brick, run of Kiln	6	30	18
Butter, salted	10	10	
Candles, tallow	10	21	
Coffee, W. I. fine gr.		21	
Do. 2d quality		21	
Do. Java		8	
Cheese, American	732	35	
Flax, clean		6 75	7 50
Firwood, hickory cord	4 75	5 25	
Do. oak		3 75	
Do. pine		6 25	
Do. gum logs		6 25	
Flour, wheat, barrel		6 00	
Do. rye	2 75		
Do. corn meal	2 87		
Glass, window	10	10	
8 by 10, 100 feet	1 15	1 20	
Grain, wheat	45	50	
do. rye	45	40	
do. corn	45	33	
do. oats	33	33	
do. bran double	10	11	
flams	0 9	0 10	
Lard	0 9	0 10	
Lumber	1000 feet		
Boards, yel. pine, 1 to 2 inch	14 00	16	
do do heart, 1 inch	25	30	
do white pine, panel	17 50	22 50	
do do common	15	20	
Scantling, pine	15	20	
do heart do	25	30	
do sap do	14	scarcely	
Lath, oak	8		
Oar, rafters	20	25	
Timber, pine	25		
do inch spruce	12	20	
do oak	22	25	
Shingles, cedar 3 ft.	17	21	
do cyp. 22 inch.	3 50	4	
Staves, pipe, w. o. 1200	60		
do hhd. do	38		
do do red oak		18	
do barrel, w. oak		24	
Heading, oak	38	60	
Hoops, shaved	25		
do rough		4 25	6 12
Macarel,	barrel	0 42	0 45
Molasses, sug. house	gall.	24	27
do West India		75	
Peas	bushel	14 50	15 00
Pork, Jersey	barrel	4 50	4 09
Rice, new crop	cwt.	7 00	6 50
Shad, southern	barrel		55
Salt, fine	bushel		
do ground		5 50	
Seed, clover		1	3 00
do herd grass		2 50	
do timothy		75	80
Spirits, viz.		50	60
Brandy, Peach 4th pf.	gall.	37	40
do Penna 1st pf.		36	33
Gin, Philad. dist. do		32	31
Rum, New England		32	32
Whiskey, rye		7	8
do apple		12 00	12 50
Starch	lb.	16	17
Sugar, New Orleans	cwt.	13	14
do loaf	lb	8	
do lump		9	14
Tallow, country		9	14
Tobacco, Virg. manu.		37	32
do do caven.		15	
do do large			

### Bank Note Exchange.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	par.
U. S. Branch Bank Notes,	par.
Banks in New Hampshire,	2
Boston Banks,	2 do.
Massachusetts Banks generally,	2 do.
Rhode Island Banks do,	2 do.
Connecticut Banks do,	par
NEW YORK BANK NOTES.	
All the city Bank Notes,	par.
Albany Banks,	1p. & dis.
Troy Banks,	
Mohawk Bank in Shenectady,	1 do.
Lansburg Bank,	1 do.
Newburg Bank,	1 do.
Newburg branch, at Ithaca,	1 do.
Orange county Bank,	1 do.
Columbia at Hudson,	1 do.
Utica Bank,	1 do.
Ontario Bank at Utica,	1 do.
NEW JERSEY NOTES.	
New Brunswick Bank,	par
State Bank at Trenton,	1 do.
All others,	par.
PENNSYLVANIA NOTES.	
Philadelphia Notes,	par
Farmers Bank at Lancaster,	1
Lancaster Bank, Easton, do.	par
Germanstown, Northampton,	par.
Montgomery County,	par.
Harrisburg,	par.
Delaware county at Chester,	par.
Chester county at West Chester,	par.
Newhope Bridge Company,	35
Farmers Bank of Reading,	1
Susquehanna Bridge do.	1 1/2 dis.
Farmers Bank of Bucks county,	1
York Bank,	1 1/2 do.
Gambersburg,	
Gettysburg,	1 do.
Carlisle Bank,	1 do.
Swatara at Harrisburg,	do.
Pittsburg,	do.
Heensburg, and Brownville,	5 do.
DELAWARE NOTES.	
Bank of Del. at Wilmington,	1/2 d.
Wilmington and Brandywine,	par
Commercial Bank of Delaware,	par
Branch of do. at Milford,	par.
Farmers Bank of Delaware,	par.
Laurel Bank,	25
MARYLAND NOTES.	
Baltimore Banks,	1/2 d.
Baltimore City Bank,	1 dis
Harve de Grace,	1 do.
Elkton,	1.30
Annapolis,	1 do.
Branches of do.	1 1/2
Hagerstown bank,	do.
Bank of Caroline,	1 1/2 do.
VIRGINIA NOTES.	
Richmond and Branches,	1 do.
N. W. bank of Va. at Wheeling,	do.
All others,	1 do.
Columbia District Banks, generally,	1
North Carolina,	4 dis.
South Carolina,	1 do.
Georgia, generally,	3 do.
Bank of Kentucky and branches,	5 do.
OHIO—Chillicothe	5 dis

### NEW STORE

**J. L. JAMES,**  
Has just received and is now opening, (at the Store formerly occupied by J. B. & R. B. Potter.) a handsome and general assortment of  
**Woolen and Cotton Goods,**  
together with a complete assortment of  
**GROCERIES,**  
China, Glass & Queens-ware,  
**Hard-ware, Hollow-ware, Earthen and Stone-ware,**  
Which he will sell low for Cash or Country Produce, and hopes by his attention to business, to merit a share of the public patronage.  
Bridgeton September 27. 144 tf

### THE PULPIT,

A Periodical work, published Weekly in London, and imported by  
**S. POTTER & Co.**  
Booksellers, Philadelphia, to whom all orders for the work may be forwarded. Terms three dollars per annum.  
Extract from the first No. of the Pulpit.  
**To the Friends of Religion.**  
The first No. is now presented to the public of a cheap weekly publication, which will be exclusively devoted to the best because the eternal interests of mankind. It is designed to be the vehicle, not of any particular class of religious opinions, but of such real information and practical instruction, as may be acceptable to all who acknowledge our common Redeemer.  
The Pulpit will comprehend,  
1. Reports of Sermons delivered in London during each week, accompanied occasionally with critical remarks.  
2. Notices of new works in Theology, Morals and Ecclesiastical History.  
3. Historical and descriptive accounts of Churches and classes.  
4. Essays, Precepts, and Maxims.  
5. Memoirs and Anecdotes of eminent Christians.  
6. Missionary reports.  
7. Dying hours of great and good characters.  
8. Exemplary and curious Epitaphs.  
9. Gospel melodies; and generally, every thing that may be expected from a journal zealous to promote the interests of religion and virtue.—The Editor.  
Nov 22. 152

### Cumberland Orphans' Court.

November Term, 1823.  
Edmund Sheppard and Elizabeth Smith, executors of William Chard, deceased; Levan Chance, administrator of Levan Chance, deceased, having severally exhibited to this court, duly attested accounts, by which it appears that the personal estate of said decedents are insufficient to pay their just debts and expenses, and setting forth that said decedents died severally seized of real estates, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the court in the premises.  
It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the lands, tenements and real estates of said decedents, do appear before the judges of the Orphans' court, at Bridgeton, on the third Monday in February next, at two o'clock, P. M. and shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estates of said decedents, situate in the county of Cumberland, aforesaid, should not be sold as will be sufficient to satisfy the debts and expenses which remain unpaid.  
By the court,  
**T. ELMER, Clerk.**  
Jan. 3. 158 6w

### Christian Almanac.

Just received and for sale, by S. Potter & Co. the **Christian Almanac** for the year 1824. In addition to the useful information generally found in Almanacs, it comprises in 52 pages a summary of Religious intelligence, especially that which pertains to the spread of the Gospel and the benevolent efforts of the day.  
This Almanac was first published by the American Tract Society, in Boston, and its value may in some measure, be estimated by the extensive sale, it met with there, near 40,000 copies having been sold the last year. As the profits resulting from the sale of this work will be appropriated for the advancement of Sunday Schools, it is hoped the public will encourage it.  
Editors of Country papers in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, friendly to the object will please to give the above one or two insertions.  
Philadelphia Nov. 12. 151.

### PRINTED & PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY JOHN CLARKE,

FIRST HOUSE EAST OF THE BRIDGE,  
**CONDITIONS OF PUBLICATION.**  
THE WASHINGTON WHIG is published every Saturday evening, at Two Dollars a year, one half payable in advance.—An additional 50 cents will be demanded, if not paid within the year.  
The Whig will be forwarded by Stage or Mail, as directed by Subscribers, they paying the expense of carriage.  
No Subscriber taken for a shorter period than six months, and a failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiration of the time will be considered as a new engagement, and the paper forwarded accordingly.  
Advertisements inserted three weeks for one square, and continued weekly for twenty-five cents. Larger advertisement at the same rate.